Program curriculum

Curricular Framework

The B.Sc. Nursing program is a four-year program comprising of eight semesters that is credit and semester based. It is choice based only for elective courses. Competency based curriculum is the main approach that is based on ten core competencies. The courses are categorized into foundational courses, core courses and elective courses. The curricular framework shown in Figure 2 depicts the entire course of curriculum, which is further outlined in the program structure.

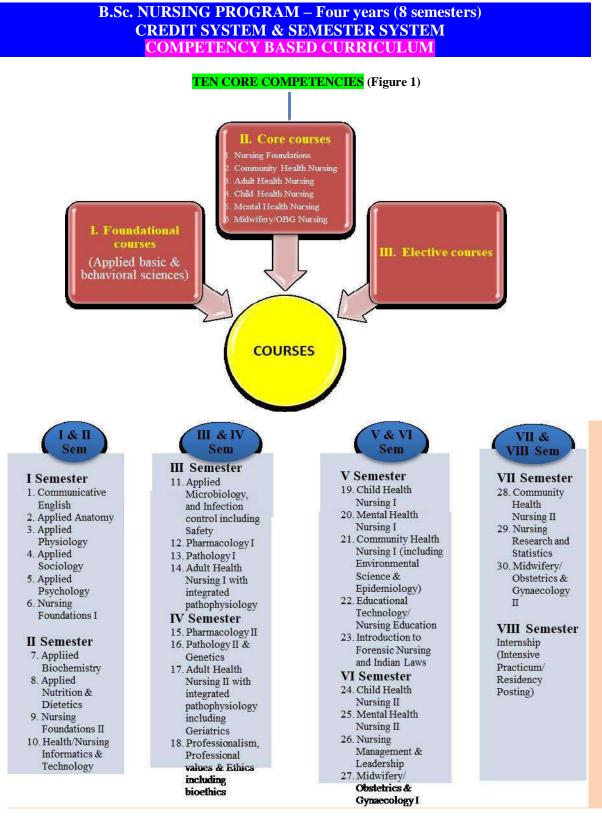


Figure 2. Curricular Framework

1. PROGRAM STRUCTURE

	B.Sc. Nursing Pr	rogram Structure	
I Semester	III Semester	V Semester	VII Semester
 Communicative English Applied Anatomy Applied Physiology Applied Sociology Applied Psychology *Nursing Foundations I 		1. *Child Health Nursing I 2. Mental Health Nursing I 3. Community Health Nursing I (including Environmental Science & Epidemiology) 4. Educational Technology/Nursing Education 5. Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws	1. Community Health Nursing II 2. Nursing Research & Statistics 3. Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II
Mandatory Module *First Aid as part of Nursing Foundation I Course	Mandatory Module *BCLS as part of Adult Health Nursing I	*Essential Newborn Care (ENBC), Facility Based Newborn Care (FBNBC), IMNCI and PLS as part of Child Health Nursing	Mandatory Modules *Safe delivery app under OBG Nursing I/II (VI/VII Semester)
II Semester 1. Applied Biochemistry 2. Applied Nutrition and Dietetics 3. *Nursing Foundations II 4. Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	 IV Semester *Pharmacology II Pathology II & Genetics Adult Health Nursing II with integrated pathophysiology including Geriatric Nursing Professionalism, Professional Values & Ethics including Bioethics 	VI Semester 1. Child Health Nursing II 2. Mental Health Nursing II 3. Nursing Management & Leadership 4. *Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I	VIII Semester Internship (Intensive Practicum/Residency Posting)
Mandatory Module *Health Assessment as part of Nursing Foundation II Course	*Fundamentals of Prescribing under Pharmacology II *Palliative care module under Adult Health Nursing II	Mandatory Module * SBA Module under OBG Nursing I/II (VI/VII Semester)	

Note: No institute/University will modify the curriculum. However they can add units/subject in the syllabus as deemed necessary.

MANDATORY MODULES

The prepared modules/modules outlined by the Council such as Health Assessment & Fundamentals of Prescribing and available modules as National Guidelines (First Aid – NDMA, IMNCI, ENBC, FBNBC), Palliative Care, Safe Delivery App and SBA module will be provided in separate learning resource package.

For BCLS, PLS - Standard national/international modules can be used.

ELECTIVE MODULES

Number of electives to be completed: 3 (Every module = 1 credit = 20 hours)

III & IV Semesters: To complete any one elective by end of 4th semester across 1st to 4th semesters

- Human values
- Diabetes care
- Soft skills

V & VI Semesters: To complete any one of the following before end of 6th semester

- CBT
- Personality development
- Addiction psychiatry
- Adolescent health
- Sports health
- Accreditation and practice standards
- Developmental psychology
- Menopausal health
- Health Economics

VII & VIII Semesters: To complete any one of the following before end of 8th semester

- Scientific writing skills
- Lactation management
- Sexuality & Health
- Stress management
- Job readiness and employability in health care setting

2. CURRICULUM IMPLEMENTATION: OVERALL PLAN

Duration of the program: 8 semesters

1-7 Semesters

One Semester Plan for the first 7 Semesters

Total Weeks per Semester: 26 weeks per semester

Number of Weeks per Semester for instruction: 20 weeks (40 hours per week \times 20 weeks = 800 hours)

Number of Working Days: Minimum of 100 working days (5 days per week \times 20 weeks)

Vacation, Holidays, Examination and Preparatory Holidays: 6 weeks

Vacation: 3 weeks Holidays: 1 week

Examination and Preparatory Holidays: 2 weeks

8th Semester

One semester: 22 weeks

Vacation: 1 week Holidays: 1 week

Examination and Preparatory Holidays: 2 weeks

3. COURSES OF INSTRUCTION WITH CREDIT STRUCTURE

S.No	Semester	Course Code	Course/Subject Title	Theor y credits	Theor y Conta ct hours	Lab/ Skill Lab credits	Lab/ Skill Lab Conta ct hours	Clinical credits	Clinic al Conta ct hours	Total credits	Total (hours)
1	First	ENGL 101	Communicative English	2	40						40
		ANAT 105	Applied Anatomy	3	60						60
		PHYS 110	Applied Physiology	3	60						60
		SOCI 115	Applied Sociology	3	60						60
		PSYC 120	Applied Psychology	3	60						60
		N-NF (I) 125	Nursing Foundation I including First Aid module	6	120	2	80	2	160	10	360
		SSCC (I) 130	Self-study/Co-curricular								40+40
			TOTAL	20	400	2	80	2	160	20+2+ 2= 24	640+80 = 720
2	Second	BIOC 135	Applied Biochemistry	2	40						40
		NUTR 140	Applied Nutrition and Dietetics	3	60						60
		N-NF (II) 125	Nursing Foundation II including Health Assessment module	6	120	3	120	4	320		560
		HNIT 145	Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	2	40	1	40				80
		SSCC(II) 130	Self-study/Co-curricular								40+20
			TOTAL	13	260	4	160	4	320	13+4+ 4=21	740+60 = 800
3	Third	MICR 201	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	2	40	1	40				80
		PHAR (I) 205	Pharmacology I	1	20						20
		PATH (I) 210	Pathology I	1	20						20
		N-AHN (I) 215	Adult Health Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology including BCLS module	7	140	1	40	6	480		660
		SSCC (I) 220	Self-study/Co-curricular								20
			TOTAL	11	220	2	80	6	480	11+2+ 6=19	780+20 =800
4	Fourth	PHAR (II) 205	Pharmacology II including Fundamentals of prescribing module	3	60						60
		PATH (II) 210	Pathology II and Genetics	1	20						20
		N-AHN (II) 225	Adult Health Nursing II with integrated pathophysiology including Geriatric Nursing + Palliative care module	7	140	1	40	6	480		660

S.No	Semester	Course Code	Course/Subject Title	Theor y credits	Theor y Conta ct hours	Lab/ Skill Lab credits	Lab/ Skill Lab Conta ct hours	Clinical credits	Clinic al Conta ct hours	Total credits	Total (hours)
		PROF 230	Professionalism, Professional Values and Ethics including bioethics	1	20						20
		SSCC(II) 220	Self-study/Co-curricular								40
			TOTAL	12	240	1	40	6	480	12+1+ 6=19	760+40 =800
5	Fifth	N-CHN(I) 301	Child Health Nursing I including Essential Newborn Care (ENBC), FBNC, IMNCI and PLS, modules	3	60	1	40	2	160		260
		N-MHN(I) 305	Mental Health Nursing I	3	60			1	80		140
		N-COMH(I) 310	Community Health Nursing I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology	5	100			2	160		260
		EDUC 315	Educational Technology/Nursing Education	2	40	1	40				80
		N-FORN 320	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian laws	1	20						20
		SSCC(I) 325	Self-study/Co-curricular								20+20
			TOTAL	14	280	2	80	5	400	14+2+ 5=21	760+40 =800
6	Sixth	N-CHN(II) 301	Child Health Nursing II	2	40			1	80		120
		N-MHN(II) 305	Mental Health Nursing II	2	40			2	160		200
		NMLE 330	Nursing Management & Leadership	3	60			1	80		140
		N-MIDW(I) / OBGN 335	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynaecology (OBG) Nursing I including SBA module	3	60	1	40	3	240		340
		SSCC(II) 325	Self-study/Co-curricular								-
			TOTAL	10	200	1	40	7	560	10+1+ 7=18	800
7	Seventh	N-COMH(II) 401	Community Health Nursing II	5	100			2	160		260
		NRST 405	Nursing Research & Statistics	2	40	2	80 (Projec t- 40)				120
		N-MIDW(II)/ OBGN 410	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynaecology (OBG) Nursing II including Safe delivery app module	3	60	1	40	4	320		420

S.No	Semester	Course Code	Course/Subject Title	Theor y credits	Theor y Conta ct hours	Skill	Lab/ Skill Lab Conta ct hours	Clinical credits	Clinic al Conta ct hours	Total credits	Total (hours)
			Self-study/Co-curricular								-
			TOTAL	10	200	3	120	6	480	10+3+ 6=19	800
8	Eight (Internshi	INTE 415	Community Health Nursing – 4 weeks								
	p)	INTE 420	Adult Health Nursing – 6 weeks								
		INTE 425	Child Health Nursing – 4 weeks								
		INTE 430	Mental Health Nursing – 4 weeks								
		INTE 435	Midwifery – 4 weeks								
			TOTAL = 22 weeks					12 (1 credit = 4 hours per week per semester)			1056 {4 hours × 22 weeks = 88 hours × 12 credits = 1056 hours} (48 hours per week × 22 weeks)

1 credit theory – 1 hour per week per semester

 $1\ credit\ practical/lab/skill\ lab/simulation\ lab-2\ hours\ per\ week\ per\ semester$

1 credit clinical – 4 hours per week per semester

1 credit elective course – 1 hour per week per semester

Total Semesters = 8

(**Seven semesters:** One semester = $20 \text{ weeks} \times 40 \text{ hours per week} = 800 \text{ hours}$)

(**Eighth semester – Internship:** One semester = $22 \text{ weeks} \times 48 \text{ hours per week} = 1056 \text{ hours}$)

Total number of course credits including internship and electives – 156 (141+12+3)

Distribution of credits and hours by courses, internship and electives

S.No.	Credits	Theory (Cr/Hrs)	Lab (Cr/Hrs)	Clinical (Cr/Hrs)	Total credits	Hours
1	Course credits	90 credit per 1800 hours	15/600	36/2880	141	5280
2	Internship				12	1056

3	Electives			3	60
	TOTAL			156	6396
4	Self-study and	Saturdays (one semester = 5 hours per week ×		12	240
	Co-curricular	20 weeks \times 7 semesters = 700 hours)		35	700
				47	940

Distribution of credits, hours and percentage for theory and practicum (Skill Lab & Clinical) across eight semesters

S.No.	Theory & Practicum (Skill Lab & Clinical)	Credits	Hours	Percentage
1	Theory	90	1800	28
2	Lab/Skill Lab	15	600	10
3	Clinical	36	3936	62
	Total	141	6336 hours	100

Practicum (7 semesters) excluding internship

Lab/skill lab/simulation lab – 600 (17%)

Clinical - 2880 (83%)

Total - 3480

Lab/skill lab/simulation lab = 17% of the total practicum planned

Note: Besides the stipulated lab and clinical hours, a maximum of 13% (400-450 hours) from the clinical hours can be used in simulation lab/skill lab for skill lab/simulation learning and not to exceed 30% of total hours.

4. SCHEME OF EXAMINATION

The distribution of marks in internal assessment, End Semester College Exam, and End Semester University Exam for each course is shown below.

I SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks			
	Theory	ľ	I						
1	Communicative English	25	25		2	50			
2	Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology	25		75	3	100			
3	Applied Sociology & Applied Psychology	25		75	3	100			
4	Nursing Foundations I	*25							
	Practical	ı	ı						
5	Nursing Foundations I	*25							

^{*}Will be added to the internal marks of Nursing Foundations II Theory and Practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

Example:

Nursing Foundations Theory: Nursing Foundations I Theory Internal marks in 1^{st} semester will be added to Nursing Foundations II Theory Internal in the 2^{nd} semester and average of the two semesters will be taken.

II SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assess	ment (Marks)		
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total Marks
	Theory	1	•			
1	Applied Biochemistry and Applied Nutrition & Dietetics	25		75	3	100
2	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	25 I Sem-25 & II Sem-25 (with		75	3	100
		average of both)				
3	Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	25	25		2	50
	Practical					
4	Nursing Foundations (I & II)	50 I Sem-25 & II Sem-25		50		100

III SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assessment (Marks)							
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks				
	Theory					I				
1	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	25		75	3	100				
2	Pharmacology I and Pathology I	*25								
3	Adult Health Nursing I	25		75	3	100				
	Practical	•	1	1	1	I				
4	Adult Health Nursing I	50		50		100				

^{*}Will be added to the internal marks of Pharmacology II and Pathology II & Genetics in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same).

IV SEMESTER

S.No.	Course		Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks			
	Theory				•	•			
1	Pharmacology & Pathology (I & II) and Genetics	III Sem-25 & IV Sem-25 (with average of		75	3	100			

		both)				
2	Adult Health Nursing II	25		75	3	100
3	Professionalism, Ethics and Professional Values	25	25		2	50
	Practical					
4	Adult Health Nursing II	50		50		100

V SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)						
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks		
	Theory							
1	Child Health Nursing I	*25						
2	Mental Health Nursing I	*25						
3	Community Health Nursing I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology	25		75	3	100		
4	Educational Technology/Nursing Education	25		75	3	100		
5	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws	25	25		2	50		
	Practical		1					
6	Child Health Nursing I	*25						
7	Mental Health Nursing I	*25						
8	Community Health Nursing I	50		50		100		

^{*}Will be added to the internal marks of Child Health Nursing II and Mental Health Nursing II in both theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains same).

VI SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)					
		Internal	End Semester College exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks	
	Theory	L	L	L	I.		
1	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	25 Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100	
2	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	25 Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25 (with average of both)		75	3	100	

3	Nursing Management & Leadership	25	75	3	100
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics & Gynecology I	*25			
	Practical				
5	Child Health Nursing (I & II)	50 (Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25)	50		100
6	Mental Health Nursing (I & II)	50 (Sem V-25 & Sem VI-25)	50		100
7	Midwifery/Obstetrics & Gynecology I	*25			

^{*}Will be added to Internal marks of Midwifery II theory and practical respectively in the next semester (Total weightage remains the same)

VII SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)					
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks	
	Theory						
1	Community Health Nursing II	25		75	3	100	
2	Nursing Research & Statistics	25		75	3	100	
2	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology	25		75	3	100	
	(OBG) Nursing (I & II)	Sem VI-25 &					
		Sem VII-25 (with average of both)					
	Practical						
3	Community Health Nursing II	50		50		100	
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing (I & II)	50 (Sem VI-25 & Sem VII-25)		50		100	

VIII SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Assessment (Marks)				
		Internal	End Semester College Exam	End Semester University Exam	Hours	Total marks
	Practical					
1	Competency Assessment	100		100		200

5. EXAMINATION REGULATIONS

Note:

- 1. Applied Anatomy and Applied Physiology: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Anatomy of 37 marks and Section-B Applied Physiology of 38 marks.
- 2. Applied Sociology and Applied Psychology: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Sociology of 37 marks and Section-B Applied Psychology of 38 marks.
- Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Microbiology of 37 marks and Section-B Infection Control including Safety of 38 marks.
- 4. Applied Nutrition and Dietetics and Applied Biochemistry: Question paper will consist of Section-A Applied Nutrition and Dietetics of 50 marks and Section-B Biochemistry of 25 marks.
- 5. Pharmacology, Genetics and Pathology: Question paper will consist of Section-A of Pharmacology with 38 marks, Section-B of Pathology with 25 marks and Genetics with 12 marks.
- 6. Nursing Research and Statistics: Nursing Research should be of 55 marks and Statistics of 20 marks.
- 7. A candidate must have minimum of 80% attendance (irrespective of the kind of absence) in theory and practical in each course/subject for appearing for examination.
- 8. A candidate must have 100% attendance in each of the practical areas before award of degree.
- 9. Following exams shall be conducted as College exam and minimum pass is 50% (C Grade) and to be sent to the University for inclusion in the marks sheet and shall be considered for calculating aggregate.
 - i. Communicative English
 - ii. Health/Nursing Informatics and Technology
 - iii. Professionalism, Professional Values and Ethics including Bioethics
 - iv. Introduction to Forensic Nursing & Indian Laws
- 10. Minimum pass marks shall be 40% (P grade/4 point) for English only and elective modules.
- 11. Minimum pass marks shall be 50% in each of the Theory and practical papers separately except in English.
- 12. The student has to pass in all **mandatory modules** placed within courses and the pass mark for each module is 50% (C Grade). The allotted percentage of marks will be included in the internal assessment of College/University Examination (Refer Appendix 2).
- 13. A candidate has to pass in theory and practical exam separately in each of the paper.
- 14. If a candidate fails in either theory or practical, he/she has to re-appear for both the papers (Theory and Practical).
- 15. If the student has failed in only one subject and has passed in all the other subjects of a particular semester and Grace marks of up to 5 marks to theory marks can be added for one course/subject only, provided that by such an addition the student passes the semester examination.
- 16. The candidate shall appear for exams in each semester:
 - i. The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examinations before appearing for fifth semester examination. However, the candidates shall be permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.
 - ii. The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examinations before appearing for seventh semester examination. However, the candidates shall be permitted to attend the consecutive semesters.
 - iii. The candidate shall have cleared all the previous examination before appearing for final year examination.
 - iv. The maximum period to complete the course successfully should not exceed 8 years.
- 17. The candidate has to pass separately in internal and external examination (shall be reflected in the marks sheet). No institution shall submit average internal marks of the students not more than 75% (i.e. if 40 students are admitted in a course the average score of the 40 students shall not exceed 75% of total internal marks).
- 18. At least 50% of the Non-nursing subjects like Applied Anatomy & Physiology, Applied Biochemistry, Applied Psychology & Sociology, Applied Microbiology, Pharmacology, Genetics, Nutrition & Dietetics, Communicative English and Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology should be taught by the Nursing teachers. Teachers who are involved in teaching non-nursing subjects can be the examiners for the program.
- 19. Maximum number of candidates for practical examination should not exceed 20 per day. Particular year and of same institution batch shall be examined by the same set of examiners.
- 20. All practical examinations must be held in the respective clinical areas.

- 21. One internal and one external examiner should jointly conduct practical examination for each student.
- 22. An examiner for theory and practical/OSCE examination should be an Assistant Professor or above in a College of Nursing with M.Sc. (Nursing) in concerned subject and minimum 3 years of teaching experience. To be an examiner for Nursing Foundations course, the faculty having M.Sc. (Nursing) with any specialty shall be considered.

VII. ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

1. Grading of Performance

Based on the performance, each student shall be awarded a final grade at the end of the semester for each course. Absolute grading is used by converting the marks to grade, based on predetermined class intervals.

UGC 10 point grading system is used with pass grade modified.

Letter grade	Grade point	Percentage of marks
O (Outstanding)	10	100%
A+ (Excellent)	9	90-99.99%
A (Very Good)	8	80-89.99%
B+ (Good)	7	70-79.99%
B (Above Average)	6	60-69.99%
C (Average)	5	50-59.99%
P (Pass)	4	40-49.99%
F (Fail)	0	

For Nursing Courses and all other courses – Pass is at C Grade (5 grade point) 50% and above

For English and electives - Pass is at P Grade (4 grade point) 40% and above

Computation of Semester Grade Point Average (SGPA) and Cumulative Grade Point Average (CGPA)

SPGA is the weighted average of the grade points obtained in all courses by the student during the semester (All courses excluding English and electives)

Ex. SGPA Computation

Course Number	Credit/s	Letter grade	Grade point	$Credit\ point\ (Credit\times grade)$
1	3 (C1)	A	8 (G1)	3 × 8 = 24
2	4 (C2)	B+	7 (G2)	$4\times7=28$
3	3 (C3)	В	6 (G3)	3 × 6 = 18

$$SGPA = \frac{C1G1 + C2G2 + C3G3}{C1 + C2 + C3}$$

$$=\frac{70}{10}=$$
 7 (rounded off to two decimal points)

Computation of CGPA

CGPA is calculated with SGPA of all semesters to two decimal points and is indicated in final grade in mark card/transcript showing grades of all 8 semesters and their courses/subjects.

CGPA reflects the failed status in case of fail till the course/s are passed.

Semester I	Semester 2	Semester 3	Semester 4
Credit – Cr			
Cr: 20	Cr: 22	Cr: 25	Cr: 26
SGPA: 6.5	SGPA: 7.0	SGPA: 5.5	SGPA: 6.0
$Cr \times SGPA = 20 \times 6.5$			

$$CGPA = \frac{20 \times 6.5 + 22 \times 7 + 25 \times 5.5 + 26 \times 6}{93}$$

$$=\frac{577.5}{93}=6.2$$

Transcript Format

Based on the above recommendation on letter grades, grade points, SPGA and CGPA, the transcript shall be issued for each semester with a consolidated transcript indicating the performance in all semesters.

Declaration of Pass

First Class with Distinction – CGPA of 7.5 and above

First Class - CGPA of 6.00-7.49

Second Class - CGPA of 5.00-5.99

2. Internal Assessment and Guidelines

The marks distribution of internal assessment is shown in Appendix 1 and the specific guidelines in Appendix 2.

3. University Theory and Practical Examination Pattern

The theory question paper pattern and practical exam pattern are shown in Appendix 3.

SYLLABUS

COMMUNICATIVE ENGLISH

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to enable students to enhance their ability to speak and write the language (and use English) required for effective communication in their professional work. Students will practice their skills in verbal and written English during clinical and classroom experience.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

1. Identify the significance of Communicative English for healthcare professionals.

- 2. Apply the concepts and principles of English Language use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, Spelling, pause and silence.
- 3. Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations.
- 4. Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or by other means.
- 5. Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes etc.
- 6. Analyse the situation and apply critical thinking strategies.
- 7. Enhance expressions through writing skills.
- 8. Apply LSRW (Listening, Speaking, Reading and Writing) Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	3 (T)	Identify the significance of communicative English	What is communication? What are communication roles of listeners, speakers, readers and writers as healthcare professionals?	 Definitions with examples, illustrations and explanations Identifying competencies/communicative strategies in LSRW Reading excerpts on the above and interpreting them through tasks 	Checking for understanding through tasks
П	5 (T)	Describe concepts and principles of Language (English) use in professional development such as pronunciation, vocabulary, grammar, paraphrasing, voice modulation, spelling, pause and silence	 Introduction to LSRGW L – Listening: Different types of listening S – Speaking: Understanding Consonants, Vowels, Word and Sentence Stress, Intonation R – Reading: Medical vocabulary, Gr – Grammar: Understanding tenses, linkers W – Writing simple sentences and short paragraphs – emphasis on correct grammar 	Exercises on listening to news, announcements, telephone conversations and instructions from others Information on fundamentals of Speech — Consonant, Vowel, Stress and Intonation with tasks based on these through audio/video and texts Reading a medical dictionary/ glossary of medical terms with matching exercises Information on tenses and basic concepts of correct grammar through fill in the blanks, true/false questions	• Through _check your understanding 'exercises

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	5 (T)	Demonstrate attentive listening in different hypothetical situations	Attentive Listening Focusing on listening in different situations announcements, descriptions, narratives, instructions, discussions, demonstrations Reproducing Verbatim Listening to academic talks/ lectures Listening to presentation	Listening to announcements, news, documentaries with tasks based on listening With multiple choice, Yes/No and fill in the blank activities	 Checking individually against correct answers Listening for specific information Listening for overall meaning and instructions Listening to attitudes and opinions Listening to audio, video and identify key points
IV	9 (T)	Converse effectively, appropriately and timely within the given context and the individual or team they are communicating with either face to face or other means	 Speaking – Effective Conversation Conversation situations – informal, formal and neutral Factors influencing way of speaking – setting, topic, social relationship, attitude and language Greetings, introductions, requesting, asking for and giving permission, speaking personally and casual conversations Asking for information, giving instructions and directions Agreeing and disagreeing, giving opinions Describing people, places, events and things, narrating, reporting & reaching conclusions Evaluating and comparing Complaints and suggestions Telephone conversations Delivering presentations 	 Different types of speaking activities related to the content Guided with prompts and free discussions Presentation techniques Talking to peers and other adults. Talking to patients and Patient attenders Talking to other healthcare professionals Classroom conversation Scenario based learning tasks 	 Individual and group/peer assessment through live speaking tests Presentation of situation in emergency and routine Handoff Reporting in doctors/nurses' rounds Case presentation Face to face oral communication Speaking individually (Nurse to nurse/patient/ doctor) and to others in the group Telephonic talking
V	5 (T)	Read, interpret and comprehend content in text, flow sheet, framework, figures, tables, reports, anecdotes	 Reading Reading strategies, reading notes and messages Reading relevant articles and news items Vocabulary for everyday activities, abbreviations and medical vocabulary Understanding visuals, graphs, figures and notes on instructions 	 Detailed tasks and exercises on reading for information, inference and evaluation Vocabulary games and puzzles for medical lexis 	 Reading/ summarizing/ justifying answers orally Patient document Doctor's prescription of care Journal/news

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	7 (T)		 Reading reports and interpreting them Using idioms and phrases, spotting errors, vocabulary for presentations Remedial Grammar 	Grammar activities	reading and interpretation • Notes/Reports
VI	5 (T)	Enhance expressions through writing skills	 Writing Skills Writing patient history Note taking Summarising Anecdotal records Letter writing Diary/Journal writing Report writing Paper writing skills Abstract writing 	 Writing tasks with focus on task fulfilment, coherence and cohesion, appropriate vocabulary and correct grammar Guided and free tasks Different kinds of letter writing tasks 	 Paper based assessment by the teacher/ trainer against set band descriptors Presentation of situation Documentation Report writing Paper writing skills Verbatim reproducing Letter writing Resume/CV
VII	8 (T)	Apply LSRW Skill in combination to learn, teach, educate and share information, ideas and results	 LSRW Skills Critical thinking strategies for listening and reading Oral reports, presentations Writing instructions, letters and reports Error analysis regarding LSRW 	 Valuating different options/multiple answers and interpreting decisions through situational activities Demonstration – individually and in groups Group Discussion Presentation Role Play Writing reports 	Consolidated assessment orally and through written tasks/exercises

APPLIED ANATOMY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to recall and further acquire the knowledge of the normal structure of human body, identify alteration in anatomical structure with emphasis on clinical application to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe anatomical terms.
- 2. Explain the general and microscopic structure of each system of the body.
- 3. Identify relative positions of the major body organs as well as their general anatomic locations.
- 4. Explore the effect of alterations in structure.
- 5. Apply knowledge of anatomic structures to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

T-Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Define the terms relative to the anatomical position	Introduction to anatomical terms and organization of the human body • Introduction to anatomical terms relative to position – anterior, ventral, posterior dorsal, superior, inferior, median, lateral, proximal, distal, superficial, deep, prone, supine,	Lecture cum DiscussionUse of models	 Quiz MCQ Short answer
		Describe the anatomical planes	 Palmar and plantar Anatomical planes (axial/ transverse/horizontal, sagittal/vertical plane and coronal/frontal/oblique plane) 	 Video demonstration Use of microscopic slides 	
		Define and describe the terms used to describe movements	Movements (flexion, extension, abduction, adduction, medial rotation, lateral rotation, inversion, eversion, supination, pronation, plantar flexion, dorsal flexion and circumduction	Lecture cum Discussion	
		Organization of human body and structure of cell, tissues membranes and glands	 Cell structure, Cell division Tissue – definition, types, characteristics, classification, location Membrane, glands – classification and structure Identify major surface and bony landmarks in each body region, Organization of human body 	Video/SlidesAnatomical Torso	
		Describe the types of cartilage Compare and contrast the features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle	 Hyaline, fibro cartilage, elastic cartilage Features of skeletal, smooth and cardiac muscle Application and implication in nursing 		
II	6 (T)	Describe the structure of respiratory system Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	 The Respiratory system Structure of the organs of respiration Muscles of respiration Application and implication in nursing 	Lecture cum DiscussionModelsVideo/Slides	Short answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
III	6 (T)	Describe the structure	The Digestive system	Lecture cum	Short answer
		of digestive system	Structure of alimentary canal and accessory organs of digestion	DiscussionVideo/Slides	Objective type
			Application and implications in nursing	Anatomical Torso	
IV	6 (T)	Describe the structure	The Circulatory and Lymphatic system	• Lecture	Short answer
		of circulatory and lymphatic system.	• Structure of blood components, blood vessels – Arterial and Venous system		• MCQ
			Position of heart relative to the associated structures	Video/Slides	
			Chambers of heart, layers of heart		
			Heart valves, coronary arteries		
			Nerve and blood supply to heart		
			Lymphatic tissue		
			Veins used for IV injections		
			Application and implication in nursing		
V	4 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	Lecture	Short answer
v	7(1)	endocrine glands and describe the structure of endocrine Glands	Structure of Hypothalamus, Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands	Models/charts	Objective type
VI	4 (T)	Describe the structure	The Sensory organs	• Lecture	Short answer
		of various sensory organs	Structure of skin, eye, ear, nose and tongue	• Explain with	• MCQ
			Application and implications in nursing	Video/ models/charts	
VII	10 (T)	Describe anatomical	The Musculoskeletal system:	• Review –	Short answer
		position and structure of bones and joints		discussion	Objective type
			The Skeletal system	• Lecture	
		Identify major bones	Anatomical positions	• Discussions	
		that make up the axial and appendicular skeleton	Bones – types, structure, growth and ossification	• Explain using charts, skeleton and loose bones and torso	
		Classify the joints Identify the application and implications in nursing	Axial and appendicular skeleton	• Identifying muscles involved in	
			 Joints – classification, major joints and structure 	nursing procedures in lab	
		Describe the structure of muscle	Application and implications in nursing		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Apply the knowledge in performing nursing procedures/skills	 The Muscular system Types and structure of muscles Muscle groups – muscles of the head, neck, thorax, abdomen, pelvis, upper limb and lower limbs Principal muscles – deltoid, biceps, triceps, respiratory, abdominal, pelvic floor, pelvic floor muscles, gluteal muscles and vastus lateralis Major muscles involved in nursing procedures 		
VIII	5 (T)	Describe the structure of renal system	The Renal system • Structure of kidney, ureters, bladder, urethra • Application and implication in nursing	Lecture Models/charts	MCQShort answer
IX	5 (T)	Describe the structure of reproductive system	The Reproductive system Structure of male reproductive organs Structure of female reproductive organs Structure of breast	LectureModels/charts	MCQShort answer
X	6 (T)	Describe the structure of nervous system including the distribution of the nerves, nerve plexuses Describe the ventricular system	 The Nervous system Review Structure of neurons CNS, ANS and PNS (Central, autonomic and peripheral) Structure of brain, spinal cord, cranial nerves, spinal nerves, peripheral nerves, functional areas of cerebral cortex Ventricular system – formation, circulation, and drainage Application and implication in nursing 	 Lecture Explain with models Video slides 	MCQShort answer

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling

(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

APPLIED PHYSIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assists student to acquire comprehensive knowledge of the normal functions of the organ systems of the human body to facilitate understanding of physiological basis of health, identify alteration in functions and provide the student with the necessary physiological knowledge to practice nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the normal functioning of various organ systems of the body.
- 2. Identify the relative contribution of each organ system towards maintenance of homeostasis.
- 3. Describe the effect of alterations in functions.
- Apply knowledge of physiological basis to analyze clinical situations and therapeutic applications.

COURSE OUTLINE

$\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4 (T)	Describe the physiology of cell, tissues, membranes and glands	 General Physiology – Basic concepts Cell physiology including transportation across cell membrane Body fluid compartments, Distribution of total body fluid, intracellular and extracellular compartments, major electrolytes and maintenance of homeostasis Cell cycle Tissue – formation, repair Membranes and glands – functions Application and implication in nursing 	 Review – discussion Lecture cum Discussion Video demonstrations 	 Quiz MCQ Short answer
II	6 (T)	Describe the physiology and mechanism of respiration Identify the muscles of respiration and examine their contribution to the mechanism of breathing	Respiratory system Functions of respiratory organs Physiology of respiration Pulmonary circulation – functional features Pulmonary ventilation, exchange of gases Carriage of oxygen and carbon-dioxide, Exchange of gases in tissue Regulation of respiration Hypoxia, cyanosis, dyspnea, periodic breathing Respiratory changes during exercise Application and implication in nursing	LectureVideo slides	EssayShort answerMCQ
III	8 (T)	Describe the functions of digestive system	 Digestive system Functions of the organs of digestive tract Saliva – composition, regulation of secretion and functions of saliva Composition and function of gastric juice, mechanism and regulation of gastric secretion Composition of pancreatic juice, function, regulation of pancreatic secretion Functions of liver, gall bladder and pancreas Composition of bile and function Secretion and function of small and large intestine Movements of alimentary tract Digestion in mouth, stomach, small intestine, large intestine, absorption of food Application and implications in nursing 	 Lecture cum Discussion Video slides 	EssayShort answerMCQ
IV	6 (T)	Explain the functions of the	Circulatory and Lymphatic system • Functions of heart, conduction system,	Lecture	Short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		heart, and	cardiac cycle, Stroke volume and cardiac	• Discussion	• MCQ
		physiology of circulation	outputBlood pressure and Pulse	Video/Slides	
			Circulation – principles, factors influencing blood pressure, pulse		
			Coronary circulation, Pulmonary and systemic circulation		
			Heart rate – regulation of heart rate		
			Normal value and variations		
			Cardiovascular homeostasis in exercise and posture		
			Application and implication in nursing		
V	5 (T)	Describe the	Blood	• Lecture	• Essay
		composition and functions of blood	Blood – Functions, Physical characteristics	• Discussion	Short answer
			Formation of blood cells	• Videos	• MCQ
			• Erythropoiesis – Functions of RBC, RBC life cycle		
			• WBC – types, functions		
			Platelets – Function and production of platelets		
			Clotting mechanism of blood, clotting time, bleeding time, PTT		
			Hemostasis – role of vasoconstriction, platelet plug formation in hemostasis, coagulation factors, intrinsic and extrinsic pathways of coagulation		
			Blood groups and types		
			Functions of reticuloendothelial system, immunity		
			Application in nursing		
VI	5 (T)	Identify the major	The Endocrine system	• Lecture	Short answer
		endocrine glands and describe their functions	 Functions and hormones of Pineal Gland, Pituitary gland, Thyroid, Parathyroid, Thymus, Pancreas and Adrenal glands. 	Explain using charts	• MCQ
			• Other hormones		
			Alterations in disease		
			Application and implication in nursing		
VII	4 (T)	Describe the	The Sensory Organs	• Lecture	Short answer
		structure of various sensory	• Functions of skin	• Video	• MCQ
		organs	Vision, hearing, taste and smell		
			Errors of refraction, aging changes		
			Application and implications in nursing		
VIII	6 (T)	Describe the functions of	Musculoskeletal system	• Lecture	Structured essay

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		various types of muscles, its special properties and nerves supplying them	Bones – Functions, movements of bones of axial and appendicular skeleton, Bone healing	DiscussionVideo presentation	Short answerMCQ
			Joints and joint movements	-	
			Alteration of joint disease		
			 Properties and Functions of skeletal muscles – mechanism of muscle co=ntraction 		
			Structure and properties of cardiac muscles and smooth muscles		
			Application and implication in nursing		
IX	4 (T)	Describe the	Renal system	• Lecture	Short answer
		physiology of renal system	 Functions of kidney in maintaining homeostasis 	Charts and models	• MCQ
			• GFR		
			Functions of ureters, bladder and urethra		
			Micturition		
			Regulation of renal function		
			Application and implication in nursing		
X	4 (T)	Describe the	The Reproductive system	• Lecture	Short answer
	structure of reproductive system	reproductive	Female reproductive system – Menstrual cycle, function and hormones of ovary, oogenesis, fertilization, implantation, Functions of breast	• Explain using charts, models, specimens	• MCQ
			Male reproductive system – Spermatogenesis, hormones and its functions, semen		
			 Application and implication in providing nursing care 		
XI	8 (T)	Describe the functions of	Nervous system	• Lecture cum	Brief structured
		brain, physiology	Overview of nervous system	Discussion	essays
		of nerve stimulus, reflexes, cranial and spinal nerves	 Review of types, structure and functions of neurons 	Video slides	Short answerMCQ
		and spinar nerves	Nerve impulse		• Critical
			Review functions of Brain-Medulla, Pons, Cerebrum, Cerebellum		reflection
			Sensory and Motor Nervous system		
			Peripheral Nervous system		
			Autonomic Nervous system		
			Limbic system and higher mental Functions- Hippocampus, Thalamus, Hypothalamus		
			Vestibular apparatus		
			Functions of cranial nerves		
			Autonomic functions		
			 Physiology of Pain-somatic, visceral and referred 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Reflexes CSF formation, composition, circulation of CSF, blood brain barrier and blood CSF barrier Application and implication in nursing 		

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for visits, observation and handling

(less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified separately)

APPLIED SOCIOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of sociology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the scope and significance of sociology in nursing.
- 2. Apply the knowledge of social structure and different culture in a society in identifying social needs of sick clients.
- 3. Identify the impact of culture on health and illness.
- 4. Develop understanding about types of family, marriage and its legislation.
- 5. Identify different types of caste, class, social change and its influence on health and health practices.
- 6. Develop understanding about social organization and disorganization and social problems in India.
- 7. Integrate the knowledge of clinical sociology and its uses in crisis intervention.

COURSE OUTLINE

T-Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I		Describe the scope and significance of sociology in nursing		LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answer
п	• •	Describe the individualization, Groups, processes of Socialization, social change and its importance	 Social structure Basic concept of society, community, association and institution Individual and society Personal disorganization Social group – meaning, characteristics, and classification. Social processes – definition and forms, Cooperation, competition, conflict, accommodation, assimilation, isolation Socialization – characteristics, process, agencies of socialization Social change – nature, process, and role of nurse 	Lecture cum Discussion	EssayShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Structure and characteristics of urban, rural and tribal community.		
			 Major health problems in urban, rural and tribal communities 		
			 Importance of social structure in nursing profession 		
III	\ /		Culture	• Lecture	• Essay
		its impact on health and disease	Nature, characteristic and evolution of culture	• Panel	Short answer
			Diversity and uniformity of culture	discussion	
			Difference between culture and civilization		
			Culture and socialization		
			Transcultural society		
			• Culture, Modernization and its impact on health and disease		
IV	8 (T)		Family and Marriage	• Lecture	• Essay
		marriage and legislation related to marriage	 Family – characteristics, basic need, types and functions of family 		Short answerCase study
			 Marriage – forms of marriage, social custom relating to marriage and importance of marriage 		report
			Legislation on Indian marriage and family.		
			 Influence of marriage and family on health and health practices 		
V	8 (T)	Explain different	Social stratification	• Lecture	• Essay
		types of caste and classes in society and its influence on	 Introduction – Characteristics & forms of stratification 	Panel discussion	Short answerObjective type
		health	Function of stratification		
			• Indian caste system – origin and characteristics		
			• Positive and negative impact of caste in society.		
			Class system and status		
			Social mobility-meaning and types		
			• Race – concept, criteria of racial classification		
			 Influence of class, caste and race system on health. 		
VI	15 (T)	Explain social	Social organization and disorganization	Lecture	• Essay
		organization, disorganization, social problems and role of nurse in reducing social problems	 Social organization – meaning, elements and types 	Group discussion	Short answerObjective type
			Voluntary associations	Observational	• Visit report
			 Social system – definition, types, role and status as structural element of social system. 	visit	. iszt iopoit
			• Interrelationship of institutions		
			 Social control – meaning, aims and process of social control 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Social norms, moral and values Social disorganization – definition, causes, Control and planning Major social problems – poverty, housing, food supplies, illiteracy, prostitution, dowry, Child labour, child abuse, delinquency, crime, substance abuse, HIV/AIDS, COVID-19 Vulnerable group – elderly, handicapped, minority and other marginal group. Fundamental rights of individual, women and children Role of nurse in reducing social problem and enhance coping Social welfare programs in India 		
VII		Explain clinical sociology and its application in the hospital and community	 Clinical sociology Introduction to clinical sociology Sociological strategies for developing services for the abused Use of clinical sociology in crisis intervention 	Lecture,Group discussionRole play	EssayShort answer

APPLIED PSYCHOLOGY

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable the students to develop understanding about basic concepts of psychology and its application in personal and community life, health, illness and nursing. It further provides students opportunity to recognize the significance and application of soft skills and self-empowerment in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of psychology in individual and professional life.
- 2. Develop understanding of the biological and psychological basis of human behaviour.
- 3. Identify the role of nurse in promoting mental health and dealing with altered personality.
- 4. Perform the role of nurses applicable to the psychology of different age groups.
- 5. Identify the cognitive and affective needs of clients.
- 6. Integrate the principles of motivation and emotion in performing the role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client.
- 7. Demonstrate basic understanding of psychological assessment and nurse's role.
- 8. Apply the knowledge of soft skills in workplace and society.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of self-empowerment in workplace, society and personal life.

COURSE OUTLINE

$\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2 (T)	Describe scope, branches and significance of psychology in nursing	 Introduction Meaning of Psychology Development of psychology – Scope, branches and methods of psychology Relationship with other subjects Significance of psychology in nursing Applied psychology to solve everyday issues 	Lecture cum Discussion	• Essay • Short answer
II	4 (T)	Describe biology of human behaviour	 Biological basis of behavior –Introduction Body mind relationship Genetics and behaviour Inheritance of behaviour Brain and behaviour. Psychology and sensation – sensory process – normal and abnormal 	LectureDiscussion	• Essay • Short answer
III	5 (T)	Describe mentally healthy person and defense mechanisms	Mental health and mental hygiene Concept of mental health and mental hygiene Characteristic of mentally healthy person Warning signs of poor mental health Promotive and preventive mental health strategies and services Defense mechanism and its implication Frustration and conflict – types of conflicts and measurements to overcome Role of nurse in reducing frustration and conflict and enhancing coping Dealing with ego	LectureCase discussionRole play	EssayShort answerObjective type
IV	7 (T)	Describe psychology of people in different age groups and role of nurse	Physical, psychosocial and cognitive development across life span – Prenatal through early childhood, middle to late childhood through adolescence, early and mid-adulthood, late adulthood, death and dying Role of nurse in supporting normal growth and development across the life span Psychological needs of various groups in health and sickness – Infancy, childhood, adolescence, adulthood and older adult Introduction to child psychology and role of nurse in meeting the psychological needs of	LectureGroupdiscussion	• Essay • Short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 children Psychology of vulnerable individuals – challenged, women, sick etc. Role of nurse with vulnerable groups 		
V	4 (T)	Explain personality and role of nurse in identification and improvement in altered personality	 Personality Meaning, definition of personality Classification of personality Measurement and evaluation of personality – Introduction Alteration in personality Role of nurse in identification of individual personality and improvement in altered personality 	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	 Essay and short answer Objective type
VI	16 (T)	Explain cognitive process and their applications	Cognitive process Attention – definition, types, determinants, duration, degree and alteration in attention Perception – Meaning of Perception, principles, factor affecting perception, Intelligence – Meaning of intelligence – Effect of heredity and environment in intelligence, classification, Introduction to measurement of intelligence tests – Mental deficiencies Learning – Definition of learning, types of learning, Factors influencing learning – Learning process, Habit formation Memory-meaning and nature of memory, factors influencing memory, methods to improve memory, forgetting Thinking – types, level, reasoning and problem solving. Aptitude – concept, types, individual differences and variability Psychometric assessment of cognitive processes – Introduction Alteration in cognitive processes	• Lecture • Discussion	 Essay and short answer Objective type
VII	6 (T)	Describe motivation, emotion, attitude and role of nurse in emotionally sick client	Motivation and emotional processes Motivation – meaning, concept, types, theories of motivation, motivation cycle, biological and special motives Emotions – Meaning of emotions, development of emotions, alteration of emotion, emotions in sickness – handling emotions in self and other Stress and adaptation – stress, stressor, cycle, effect, adaptation and coping	Lecture Group discussion	 Essay and short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Attitudes – Meaning of attitudes, nature, factor affecting attitude, attitudinal change, Role of attitude in health and sickness Psychometric assessment of emotions and attitude – Introduction 		
			Role of nurse in caring for emotionally sick client		
VIII	4 (T)	Explain psychological assessment and tests and role of nurse	Psychological assessment and tests – introduction Types, development, characteristics, principles, uses, interpretation Role of nurse in psychological assessment	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration	Short answerAssessment of practice
IX	10 (T)	Explain concept of soft skill and its application in work place and society	 Application of soft skill Concept of soft skill – visual, aural and communication skill The way of communication Building relationship with client and society Interpersonal Relationships (IPR): Definition, Types, and Purposes, Interpersonal skills, Barriers, Strategies to overcome barriers Survival strategies – managing time, coping stress, resilience, work – life balance Applying soft skill to workplace and society – Presentation skills, social etiquette, telephone etiquette, motivational skills, teamwork etc. Use of soft skill in nursing 	 Lecture Group discussion Role play Refer/Complete Soft skills module 	Essay and short answer
X	2 (T)	Explain self- empowerment	Self-empowerment Dimensions of self-empowerment Self-empowerment development Importance of women's empowerment in society Professional etiquette and personal grooming Role of nurse in empowering others	Lecture Discussion	Short answerObjective type

$NURSING\ FOUNDATION\ -\ I\ (including\ First\ Aid\ module)$

PLACEMENT: I SEMESTER **THEORY:** 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 2 Credits (80 hours) and Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding about the concept of health, illness and scope of nursing within health care services.
- 2. Apply values, code of ethics and professional conduct in professional life.
- 3. Apply the principles and methods of effective communication in establishing communication links with patients, families and other health team members.
- 4. Develop skill in recording and reporting.
- 5. Demonstrate competency in monitoring and documenting vital signs.
- 6. Describe the fundamental principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management.
- 7. Identify and meet the comfort needs of the patients.
- 8. Perform admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient under supervision applying the knowledge.
- 9. Demonstrate understanding and application of knowledge in caring for patients with restricted mobility.
- 10. Perform first aid measures during emergencies.
- 11. Identify the educational needs of patients and demonstrate basic skills of patient education.

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

First Aid: 40 Hours (including Basic CPR)

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL - Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5 (T)	concept of health and illness	 Introduction to health and illness Concept of Health – Definitions (WHO), Dimensions Maslow's hierarchy of needs 	Lecture Discussion	EssayShort answerObjective type
			 Health – Illness continuum Factors influencing health Causes and risk factors for developing illnesses Illness – Types, illness behavior 		
			Impact of illness on patient and family		
П	5 (T)	Describe the levels of illness prevention and care, health care services	Health Care Delivery Systems – Introduction of Basic Concepts & Meanings • Levels of Illness Prevention – Primary (Health Promotion), Secondary and Tertiary • Levels of Care – Primary, Secondary and Tertiary • Types of health care agencies/ services – Hospitals, clinics, Hospice, rehabilitation centres, extended care facilities • Hospitals – Types, Organization and	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Functions • Health care teams in hospitals – members and their role		
III	12 (T)	Trace the history of Nursing Explain the concept, nature and scope of nursing Describe values, code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses in India	 History of Nursing and Nursing as a profession History of Nursing, History of Nursing in India Contributions of Florence Nightingale Nursing – Definition – Nurse, Nursing, Concepts, philosophy, objectives, Characteristics, nature and Scope of Nursing/ Nursing practice, Functions of nurse, Qualities of a nurse, Categories of nursing personnel Nursing as a profession – definition and characteristics/criteria of profession Values – Introduction – meaning and importance Code of ethics and professional conduct for nurses – Introduction 	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion Role plays 	 Essay Short answers Objective type
IV	8 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the process, principles, and types of communication Explain therapeutic, non-therapeutic and professional communication Communicate effectively with patients, their families and team members	Communication and Nurse Patient Relationship Communication – Levels, Elements and Process, Types, Modes, Factors influencing communication Methods of effective communication/therapeutic communication techniques Barriers to effective communication/non-therapeutic communication techniques Professional communication Helping Relationships (Nurse Patient Relationship) – Purposes and Phases Communicating effectively with patient, families and team members Maintaining effective human relations and communication with vulnerable groups (children, women, physically and mentally challenged and elderly)	 Lecture Discussion Role play and video film on Therapeutic Communication 	EssayShort answerObjective type
V	4 (T) 2 (SL)	Describe the purposes, types and techniques of recording and reporting Maintain records and reports accurately	 Documentation and Reporting Documentation – Purposes of Reports and Records Confidentiality Types of Client records/Common Record-keeping forms Methods/Systems of documentation/Recording 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration	EssayShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	-		Guidelines for documentation		
			Do's and Don'ts of documentation/Legal guidelines for Documentation/Recording		
			Reporting – Change of shift reports, Transfer reports, Incident reports		
VI	15 (T)	Describe principles	Vital signs	Lecture	• Essay
	20	and techniques of	Guidelines for taking vital signs	• Discussion	• Short answer
	(SL)	maintaining vital	Body temperature –	Demonstration &	Objective
		signs	Definition, Physiology, Regulation, Factors affecting body temperature	Re-demonstration	type • Document the
			Assessment of body temperature – sites, equipment and technique		given values of
			Temperature alterations —		temperature, pulse, and
			Hyperthermia, Heat Cramps, Heat Exhaustion, Heatstroke, Hypothermia		respiration in the graphic
			 Fever/Pyrexia – Definition, Causes, Stages, Types 		sheet • OSCE
			Nursing Management		
			 Hot and Cold applications 		
			• Pulse:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting pulse 		
		Assess and record vital signs accurately	Assessment of pulse – sites, equipment and technique		
			o Alterations in pulse		
			• Respiration:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Mechanics of breathing, Characteristics, Factors affecting respiration 		
			Assessment of respirations – technique		
			o Arterial Oxygen saturation		
			o Alterations in respiration		
			Blood pressure:		
			 Definition, Physiology and Regulation, Characteristics, Factors affecting BP 		
			Assessment of BP – sites, equipment and technique, Common Errors in BP Assessment		
			Alterations in Blood Pressure		
			Documenting Vital Signs		
VII	3 (T)	Maintain equipment	Equipment and Linen		
	J (1)	and linen	Types – Disposables and reusable		
			 Types – Disposables and reusable Linen, rubber goods, glassware, metal, 		
			plastics, furniture		
			Introduction – Indent, maintenance, Inventory		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VIII	10 (T) 3 (SL)	principles and techniques of infection control and biomedical waste management	Introduction to Infection Control in Clinical setting Infection	• Lecture	• Essay
	3 (SL)		Nature of infection	• Discussion	• Short answer
			d biomedical • Chain of infection	Demonstration	• Objective type
			Types of infection	 Observation of autoclaving and 	JP.
			Stages of infection	other sterilization techniques • Video presentation on medical & surgical asepsis	
			Factors increasing susceptibility to infection		
			Body defenses against infection – Inflammatory response & Immune response		
			Health care associated infection (Nosocomial infection)		
			Introductory concept of Asepsis – Medical & Surgical asepsis		
			Precautions		
			Hand Hygiene		
			• (Hand washing and use of hand Rub)		
			Use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE)		
			Standard precautions		
			Biomedical Waste management		
			Types of hospital waste, waste segregation and hazards – Introduction		
IX	15 (T)	Identify and meet	Comfort, Rest & Sleep and Pain	• Lecture	• Essay
	15	the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort	• Discussion	Short answer
	(SL)	of the patients	Factors Influencing Comfort	• Demonstration &	Objective
			 Types of beds including latest beds, purposes & bed making 	Re-demonstration	type • OSCE
			Therapeutic positions		
			o Comfort devices		
			Sleep and Rest		
			o Physiology of sleep		
			o Factors affecting sleep		
			o Promoting Rest and sleep		
			o Sleep Disorders		
			Pain (Discomfort) Physiology		
			O Physiology Common cause of pain		
			Common cause of painTypes		
			Assessment – pain scales and narcotic scales		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Pharmacological and Non- pharmacological pain relieving measures – Use of narcotics, TENS devices, PCA 		
			 Invasive techniques of pain management 		
			Any other newer measures		
			 CAM (Complementary & Alternative healing Modalities) 		
X	5 (T) 3 (SL)	Describe the concept of patient	Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment	• Lecture	• Essay
	3 (SL)	environment	Physical environment – Temperature, Humidity, Noise, Ventilation, Light, Odor, Pest control	DiscussionDemonstration	Short answerObjective type
			Reduction of Physical hazards – fire, accidents		
			Fall Risk Assessment		
			Role of nurse in providing safe and clean environment		
			Safety devices –		
			 Restraints – Types, Purposes, Indications, Legal Implications and Consent, Application of Restraints- Skill and Practice guidelines 		
			 Other Safety Devices – Side rails, Grab bars, Ambu alarms, non-skid slippers etc. 		
XI	6 (T)	Explain and perform	Hospital Admission and discharge	• Lecture	• Essay
	2 (SL)	admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient	Admission to the hospital Unit and preparation of unit	DiscussionDemonstration	Short answerObjective
			o Admission bed	• Demonstration	type
			o Admission procedure		
			o Medico-legal issues		
			o Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse		
			 Discharge from the hospital Types – Planned discharge, LAMA and 		
			Abscond, Referrals and transfers		
			Discharge PlanningDischarge procedure		
			Medico-legal issues		
			 Roles and Responsibilities of the nurse 		
			Care of the unit after discharge		
XII	8 (T)		Mobility and Immobility	Lecture	• Essay
	10 (SL)	caring for patients with restricted mobility	Elements of Normal Movement, Alignment & Posture, Joint Mobility, Balance, Coordinated Movement	 Discussion Demonstration &	Short answerObjective

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
XIII	4 (T)	Describe the principles and	 Principles of body mechanics Factors affecting Body Alignment and activity Exercise – Types and benefits Effects of Immobility Maintenance of normal Body Alignment and Activity Alteration in Body Alignment and mobility Nursing interventions for impaired Body Alignment and Mobility – assessment, types, devices used, method Range of motion exercises Muscle strengthening exercises Maintaining body alignment – positions Moving Lifting Transferring Walking Assisting clients with ambulation Care of patients with Immobility using Nursing process approach Care of patients with casts and splints Patient education	Re-demonstration • Discussion	type • OSCE • Essay
	2 (SL)	principles and practice of patient education	 Patient Teaching – Importance, Purposes, Process Integrating nursing process in patient teaching 	Role plays	Short answerObjective type
XIV	20 (T) 20 (SL)	Explain and apply principles of First Aid during emergencies	First Aid* Definition, Basic Principles, Scope & Rules First Aid Management Wounds, Hemorrhage & Shock Musculoskeletal Injuries – Fractures, Dislocation, Muscle injuries Transportation of Injured persons Respiratory Emergencies & Basic CPR Unconsciousness Foreign Bodies – Skin, Eye, Ear, Nose, Throat & Stomach Burns & Scalds Poisoning, Bites & Stings Frostbite & Effects of Heat Community Emergencies	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) / Indian Red Cross Society (IRCS) First Aid module 	EssayShort answerObjective typeOSCE

^{*}Mandatory module

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical Practicum: 2 Credits (160 hours), 10 weeks × 16 hours per week

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to

- 1. Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)
- 2. Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members
- 3. Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting
- 4. Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs
- 5. Care for patients with altered vital signs
- 6. Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE
- 7. Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients
- 8. Provide safe and clean environment
- 9. Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer, and discharge of a patient
- 10. Demonstrate skill in caring for patients with restricted mobility
- 11. Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles
- 12. Acquire skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies.

SKILL LAB Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competencies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Therapeutic Communication and Documentation	Role Play
2.	Vital signs	Simulator/Standardized patient
3.	Medical and Surgical Asepsis	Videos/Mannequin
4.	Pain Assessment	Standardized patient
5.	Comfort Devices	Mannequin
6.	Therapeutic Positions	Mannequin
7.	Physical Restraints and Side rails	Mannequin
8.	ROM Exercises	Standardized patient
9.	Ambulation	Standardized patient
10.	Moving and Turning patients in bed	Mannequin
11.	Changing position of helpless patients	Mannequin/Standardized patient
12.	Transferring patients bed to stretcher/wheel chair	Mannequin/Standardized patient
13.	Admission, Transfer, Discharge & Health Teaching	Role Play

${\bf CLINICAL\ POSTINGS-General\ Medical/Surgical\ Wards}$

10 weeks \times 16 hours/week = 160 Hours

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	2	Maintain effective human relations (projecting professional image)	Communication and Nurse patient relationship • Maintaining Communication with patient and family and interpersonal relationship		• OSCE
		Communicate effectively with patient, families and team members	 Documentation and Reporting Documenting patient care and procedures Verbal report 		
		Demonstrate skills in techniques of recording and reporting	○ Written report		
	2	Demonstrate skill in monitoring vital signs	Vital signs Monitor/measure and document vital signs in a graphic sheet	• Care of patients with alterations in vital signs- 1	clinical skills using checklist
		Care for patients with altered vital signs	Temperature (oral, tympanic, axillary)Pulse (Apical and peripheral		• OSCE
		Demonstrate skill in implementing standard precautions and use of PPE	pulses) O Respiration O Blood pressure O Pulse oximetry Interpret and report alteration Cold Applications – Cold		
			Compress, Ice cap, Tepid Sponging Care of equipment – thermometer, BP apparatus, Stethoscope, Pulse oximeter Infection control in Clinical		
			settingsHand hygieneUse of PPE		
	3	Demonstrate skill in meeting the comfort needs of the patients	Comfort, Rest & Sleep, Pain and Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment		• Assessment of clinical skills using checklist
			Comfort, Rest & Sleep ● Bed making- ○ Open ○ Closed ○ Occupied ○ Post-operative		• OSCE

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			(Supervised Clinical Practice)		
			o Cardiac bed		
			o Fracture bed		
			• Comfort devices		
			o Pillows		
			o Over bed table/cardiac table		
			o Back rest		
			o Bed Cradle		
			• Therapeutic Positions		
			o Supine		
			o Fowlers (low, semi, high)		
			o Lateral		
			o Prone		
			o Sim's		
			o Trendelenburg		
			o Dorsal recumbent		
			o Lithotomy		
			o Knee chest		
			Pain		
			 Pain assessment and provision for comfort 		
			Promoting Safety in Health Care Environment		
		Provide safe and clean	• Care of Patient's Unit		
		environment	• Use of Safety devices:	• Fall risk	
			○ Side Rails	assessment-1	
			• Restraints (Physical)		
			 Fall risk assessment and Post Fall 		
			Assessment		
		Demonstrate skill in admission, transfer,	Hospital Admission and discharge, Mobility and		Assessment of clinical skills
		and discharge of a patient	Immobility and Patient education		using checklist
		F	Hospital Admission and discharge		• OSCE
			Perform & Document:		
			• Admission		
	2		• Transfer		
	_		Planned Discharge		
		Demonstrate skill in	Mobility and Immobility	Individual	Assessment of
		caring for patients with restricted	 Range of Motion Exercises 	teaching-1	clinical skills using checklist
		mobility	Assist patient in:		_
			o Moving		• OSCE

Clinical Unit	Duration (in Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Plan and provide appropriate health teaching following the principles	 Turning Logrolling Changing position of helpless patient Transferring (Bed to and from chair/wheelchair/ stretcher) Patient education 		
		Demonstrate skills in assessing and performing First Aid during emergencies	First aid and Emergencies Bandaging Techniques Basic Bandages: Circular Spiral Reverse-Spiral Recurrent Figure of Eight Special Bandages: Caplin Eye/Ear Bandage Jaw Bandage Thumb spica Triangular Bandage/ Sling (Head & limbs) Binders	Module completion National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) First Aid module (To complete it in clinicals if not completed during lab)	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE (first aid competencies)

APPLIED BIOCHEMISTRY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER

THEORY: 2 credits (40 hours) (includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire knowledge of the normal biochemical composition and functioning of human body, its alterations in disease conditions and to apply this knowledge in the practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

1. Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations.

- 2. Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations.
- 3. Explain the metabolism of proteins and amino acids and its alterations.
- 4. Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions.
- 5. Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance.
- 6. Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance.
- 7. Explain different function tests and interpret the findings.
- 8. Illustrate the immunochemistry.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	8 (T)	Describe the metabolism of carbohydrates and its alterations	 Carbohydrates Digestion, absorption and metabolism of carbohydrates and related disorders Regulation of blood glucose Diabetes Mellitus – type 1 and type 2, symptoms, complications & management in brief Investigations of Diabetes Mellitus OGTT – Indications, Procedure, Interpretation and types of GTT curve Mini GTT, extended GTT, GCT, IV GTT HbA1c (Only definition) Hypoglycemia – Definition & causes 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides Demonstration of laboratory tests	EssayShort answerVery short answer
II	8 (T)	Explain the metabolism of lipids and its alterations	 Lipids Fatty acids – Definition, classification Definition & Clinical significance of MUFA & PUFA, Essential fatty acids, Trans fatty acids Digestion, absorption & metabolism of lipids & related disorders Compounds formed from cholesterol Ketone bodies (name, types & significance only) Lipoproteins – types & functions (metabolism not required) Lipid profile Atherosclerosis (in brief) 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides Demonstration of laboratory tests	EssayShort answerVery short answer
Ш	9 (T)	Explain the metabolism of amino acids and proteins Identify alterations in disease conditions	 Proteins Classification of amino acids based on nutrition, metabolic rate with examples Digestion, absorption & metabolism of protein & related disorders Biologically important compounds synthesized from various amino acids (only names) In born errors of amino acid metabolism – only aromatic amino acids (in brief) Plasma protein – types, function & normal values Causes of proteinuria, hypoproteinemia, hyper-gamma globinemia Principle of electrophoresis, normal & abnormal electrophoretic patterns (in 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts, models and slides	EssayShort answerVery short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			brief)		
IV	4 (T)	Explain clinical enzymology in various disease conditions	Clinical Enzymology Isoenzymes – Definition & properties Enzymes of diagnostic importance in Liver Diseases – ALT, AST, ALP, GGT Myocardial infarction – CK, cardiac troponins, AST, LDH Muscle diseases – CK, Aldolase Bone diseases – ALP Prostate cancer – PSA, ACP	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides 	EssayShort answerVery short answer
V	3 (T)	Explain acid base balance, imbalance and its clinical significance	 Acid base maintenance pH – definition, normal value Regulation of blood pH – blood buffer, respiratory & renal ABG – normal values Acid base disorders – types, definition & causes 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	Short answerVery short answer
VI	2 (T)	Describe the metabolism of hemoglobin and its clinical significance	 Heme catabolism Heme degradation pathway Jaundice – type, causes, urine & blood investigations (van den berg test) 	Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides	Short answer Very short answer
VII	3 (T)	Explain different function tests and interpret the findings	Organ function tests (biochemical parameters & normal values only) • Renal • Liver • Thyroid	 Lecture cum Discussion Visit to Lab Explain using charts and slides 	Short answerVery short answer
VIII	3 (T)	Illustrate the immunochemistry	Immunochemistry • Structure & functions of immunoglobulin • Investigations & interpretation – ELISA	 Lecture cum Discussion Explain using charts and slides Demonstration of laboratory tests 	Short answerVery short answer

Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits (Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified separately).

APPLIED NUTRITION AND DIETETICS

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 credits (60 hours)

Theory: 45 hours

Lab: 15 hours

DESCRIPTION: The course is designed to assist the students to acquire basic knowledge and understanding of the principles of Nutrition and Dietetics and apply this knowledge in the practice of Nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Identify the importance of nutrition in health and wellness.
- 2. Apply nutrient and dietary modifications in caring patients.
- 3. Explain the principles and practices of Nutrition and Dietetics.
- 4. Identify nutritional needs of different age groups and plan a balanced diet for them.
- 5. Identify the dietary principles for different diseases.
- 6. Plan therapeutic diet for patients suffering from various disease conditions.
- 7. Prepare meals using different methods and cookery rules.

COURSE OUTLINE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	2 (T)	Define nutrition and its relationship to Health	Introduction to Nutrition Concepts Definition of Nutrition & Health Malnutrition – Under Nutrition & Over Nutrition Role of Nutrition in maintaining health Factors affecting food and nutrition Nutrients Classification Macro & Course Name: Medical Surgical Nursing-II (Practical)nutrients Organic & Inorganic Energy Yielding & Non-Energy Yielding Food Classification – Food groups Origin	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides	 Essay Short answer Very short answer
п	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and recommended daily allowances (RDA) of carbohydrates Explain BMR and factors affecting BMR	Carbohydrates Composition – Starches, sugar and cellulose Recommended Daily Allowance (RDA) Dietary sources Functions Energy Unit of energy – Kcal Basal Metabolic Rate (BMR) Factors affecting BMR	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort answerVery short answer
III	3 (T)	Describe the classification, Functions, sources	Proteins • Composition	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides	 Essay Short answer Very short

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		and RDA of proteins.	 Eight essential amino acids Functions Dietary sources Protein requirements – RDA 	 Models Display of food items	answer
IV	2 (T)	Describe the classification, Functions, sources and RDA of fats	 Fats Classification – Saturated & unsaturated Calorie value Functions Dietary sources of fats and fatty acids Fat requirements – RDA 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort answerVery short answer
V	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of vitamins	 Vitamins Classification – fat soluble & water soluble Fat soluble – Vitamins A, D, E, and K Water soluble – Thiamine (vitamin B1), Riboflavin (vitamin B2), Nicotinic acid, Pyridoxine (vitamin B6), Pantothenic acid, Folic acid, Vitamin B12, Ascorbic acid (vitamin C) Functions, Dietary Sources & Requirements – RDA of every vitamin 	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items 	EssayShort answerVery short answer
VI	3 (T)	Describe the classification, functions, sources and RDA of minerals	Minerals Classification – Major minerals (Calcium, phosphorus, sodium, potassium and magnesium) and Trace elements Functions Dietary Sources Requirements – RDA	 Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides Models Display of food items 	Short answer Very short answer
VII	7 (T) 8 (L)	Describe and plan balanced diet for different age groups, pregnancy, and lactation	Balanced diet Definition, principles, steps Food guides – Basic Four Food Groups RDA – Definition, limitations, uses Food Exchange System Calculation of nutritive value of foods Dietary fibre Nutrition across life cycle Meal planning/Menu planning – Definition, principles, steps Infant and Young Child Feeding (IYCF) guidelines – breast feeding, infant foods Diet plan for different age groups –	Lecture cum Discussion Meal planning Lab session on Preparation of balanced diet for different categories Low cost nutritious dishes	Short answer Very short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VIII	6 (T)	Classify and describe the	 Children, adolescents and elderly Diet in pregnancy – nutritional requirements and balanced diet plan Anemia in pregnancy – diagnosis, diet for anemic pregnant women, iron & folic acid supplementation and counseling Nutrition in lactation – nutritional requirements, diet for lactating mothers, complementary feeding/ weaning Nutritional deficiency disorders 	Lecture cum Discussion	• Essay
		common nutritional deficiency disorders and identify nurses' role in assessment, management and prevention	 Protein energy malnutrition – magnitude of the problem, causes, classification, signs & symptoms, Severe acute malnutrition (SAM), management & prevention and nurses' role Childhood obesity – signs & symptoms, assessment, management & prevention and nurses' role Vitamin deficiency disorders – vitamin A, B, C & D deficiency disorders –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role Mineral deficiency diseases – iron, iodine and calcium deficiencies –causes, signs & symptoms, management & prevention and nurses' role 	Charts/SlidesModels	 Short answer Very short answer
IX	4 (T) 7 (L)	Principles of diets in various diseases	 Therapeutic diets Definition, Objectives, Principles Modifications – Consistency, Nutrients, Feeding techniques. Diet in Diseases – Obesity, Diabetes Mellitus, CVD, Underweight, Renal diseases, Hepatic disorders Constipation, Diarrhea, Pre and Post-operative period 	 Lecture cum Discussion Meal planning Lab session on preparation of therapeutic diets 	EssayShort answerVery short answer
X	3 (T)	Describe the rules and preservation of nutrients	Cookery rules and preservation of nutrients Cooking – Methods, Advantages and Disadvantages Preservation of nutrients Measures to prevent loss of nutrients during preparation Safe food handling and Storage of foods Food preservation Food additives and food adulteration Prevention of Food Adulteration Act (PFA) Food standards	Lecture cum Discussion Charts/Slides	EssayShort answerVery short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
XI	4 (T)	Explain the methods of nutritional assessment and nutrition education	Nutrition assessment and nutrition education • Objectives of nutritional assessment • Methods of assessment – clinical examination, anthropometry, laboratory & biochemical assessment, assessment of dietary intake including Food frequency questionnaire (FFQ) method • Nutrition education – purposes, principles and methods	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Writing nutritional assessment report 	 Essay Short answer Evaluation of Nutritional assessment report
XII	3 (T)	Describe nutritional problems in India and nutritional programs	National Nutritional Programs and role of nurse Nutritional problems in India National nutritional policy National nutritional programs – Vitamin A Supplementation, Anemia Mukt Bharat Program, Integrated Child Development Services (ICDS), Mid-day Meal Scheme (MDMS), National Iodine Deficiency Disorders Control Program (NIDDCP), Weekly Iron Folic Acid Supplementation (WIFS) and others as introduced Role of nurse in every program	Lecture cum Discussion	EssayShort answerVery short answer
XIII	2 (T)	Discuss the importance of food hygiene and food safety Explain the Acts related to food safety	 Food safety Definition, Food safety considerations & measures Food safety regulatory measures in India – Relevant Acts Five keys to safer food Food storage, food handling and cooking General principles of food storage of food items (ex. milk, meat) Role of food handlers in food borne diseases Essential steps in safe cooking practices 	Guided reading on related acts	• Quiz • Short answer

Food born diseases and food poisoning are dealt in Community Health Nursing I.

NURSING FOUNDATION - II (including Health Assessment Module)

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER **THEORY:** 6 Credits (120 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 3 Credits (120 hours), Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help novice nursing students develop knowledge and competencies required to provide evidence-based, comprehensive basic nursing care for adult patients, using nursing process approach.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

1. Develop understanding about fundamentals of health assessment and perform health assessment in supervised clinical settings

- 2. Demonstrate fundamental skills of assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach in supervised clinical settings
- 3. Assess the Nutritional needs of patients and provide relevant care under supervision
- 4. Identify and meet the hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Identify and meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Interpret findings of specimen testing applying the knowledge of normal values
- 7. Promote oxygenation based on identified oxygenation needs of patients under supervision
- 8. Review the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance integrating the knowledge of applied physiology
- 9. Apply the knowledge of the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications in administering medication
- 10. Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements
- 11. Demonstrate knowledge and understanding in caring for patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 12. Explain loss, death and grief
- 13. Describe sexual development and sexuality
- 14. Identify stressors and stress adaptation modes
- 15. Integrate the knowledge of culture and cultural differences in meeting the spiritual needs
- 16. Explain the introductory concepts relevant to models of health and illness in patient care

*Mandatory Module used in Teaching/Learning:

Health Assessment Module: 40 hours

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL - Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	20 (T) 20 (SL)	Describe the purpose and process of health assessment and perform assessment under supervised clinical practice	 Health Assessment Interview techniques Observation techniques Purposes of health assessment Process of Health assessment Health history Physical examination: Methods: Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Preparation for examination: patient and unit General assessment Assessment of each body system Documenting health assessment findings 	 Modular Learning *Health Assessment Module Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE
II	13 (T) 8 (SL)	Describe assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process	 The Nursing Process Critical Thinking Competencies, Attitudes for Critical Thinking, Levels of critical thinking in Nursing Nursing Process Overview 	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationSupervised Clinical Practice	EssayShort answerObjective typeEvaluation of care plan

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		approach	○ Assessment		
			 Collection of Data: Types, Sources, Methods 		
			 Organizing Data 		
			 Validating Data 		
			 Documenting Data 		
			o Nursing Diagnosis		
			Identification of client problems, risks and strengths		
			 Nursing diagnosis statement – parts, Types, Formulating, Guidelines for formulating Nursing Diagnosis 		
			 NANDA approved diagnoses 		
			 Difference between medical and nursing diagnosis 		
			o Planning		
			 Types of planning 		
			 Establishing Priorities 		
			 Establishing Goals and Expected Outcomes – Purposes, types, guidelines, Components of goals and outcome statements 		
			 Types of Nursing Interventions, Selecting interventions: Protocols and Standing Orders 		
			 Introduction to Nursing Intervention Classification and Nursing Outcome Classification 		
			 Guidelines for writing care plan 		
			o Implementation		
			 Process of Implementing the plan of care 		
			 Types of care – Direct and Indirect 		
			o Evaluation		
			 Evaluation Process, Documentation and Reporting 		
III	5 (T)	Identify and meet	Nutritional needs	Lecture	• Essay
	5 (SL)	the Nutritional needs of patients	• Importance	• Discussion	Short answer
		F	Factors affecting nutritional needs	Demonstration	Objective type
			Assessment of nutritional status	Exercise	Evaluation of
			• Review: special diets – Solid, Liquid, Soft	Supervised Clinical practice	nutritional assessment & diet planning
			• Review on therapeutic diets		r
			Care of patient with Dysphagia,		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Anorexia, Nausea, Vomiting		
			Meeting Nutritional needs: Principles, equipment, procedure, indications		
			o Oral		
			o Enteral: Nasogastric/ Orogastric		
			 Introduction to other enteral feeds – types, indications, Gastrostomy, Jejunostomy 		
			o Parenteral – TPN (Total Parenteral Nutrition)		
IV	5 (T)	Identify and meet	Hygiene	• Lecture	• Essay
	15	the hygienic needs of patients	Factors Influencing Hygienic Practice	 Discussion 	Short answer
	(SL)	or patients	Hygienic care: Indications and purposes, effects of neglected care	Demonstration	Objective type
			○ Care of the Skin – (Bath, feet and nail, Hair Care)		• OSCE
			o Care of pressure points		
			 Assessment of Pressure Ulcers using Braden Scale and Norton Scale 		
			 Pressure ulcers – causes, stages and manifestations, care and prevention 		
			o Perineal care/Meatal care		
			 Oral care, Care of Eyes, Ears and Nose including assistive devices (eye glasses, contact lens, dentures, hearing aid) 		
V	10 (T)	Identify and meet	Elimination needs	• Lecture	• Essay
	10	the elimination needs of patient	Urinary Elimination	 Discussion 	Short answer
	(SL)	needs of patient	 Review of Physiology of Urine Elimination, Composition and characteristics of urine 	Demonstration	Objective typeOSCE
			o Factors Influencing Urination		
			o Alteration in Urinary Elimination		
			 Facilitating urine elimination: assessment, types, equipment, procedures and special considerations 		
			o Providing urinal/bed pan		
			o Care of patients with		
			 Condom drainage 		
			 Intermittent Catheterization 		
			 Indwelling Urinary catheter and urinary drainage 		
			 Urinary diversions 		
			 Bladder irrigation 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VI	3 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain various types of specimens and identify normal values of tests Develop skill in specimen collection, handling and transport	 Lipid/Lipoprotein profile Serum Glucose – AC, PC, HbA1c Monitoring Capillary Blood Glucose (Glucometer Random Blood Sugar – GRBS) Stool Routine Examination Urine Testing – Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific Gravity Urine Culture, Routine, Timed Urine Specimen Sputum culture Overview of Radiologic & 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type
VII	11 (T) 10 (SL)	Assess patients for oxygenation needs, promote oxygenation and provide care during oxygen therapy	Endoscopic Procedures Oxygenation needs Review of Cardiovascular and Respiratory Physiology Factors affecting respiratory functioning Alterations in Respiratory Functioning Conditions affecting Airway Movement of air	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	EssayShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs) Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VIII	5 (T) 10 (SL) Describe the concept of fluid, electrolyte balance	O Diffusion Oxygen transport Alterations in oxygenation Nursing interventions to promote oxygenation: assessment, types, equipment used & procedure Maintenance of patent airway Oxygen administration Chest physiotherapy — Percussion, Vibration & Postural drainage Care of Chest drainage — principles & purposes Pulse Oximetry — Factors affecting measurement of oxygen saturation using pulse oximeter, Interpretation Restorative & continuing care Hydration Coughing techniques Breathing exercises Incentive spirometry Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid —Base Balances Review of Physiological Regulation of Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances Factors Affecting Fluid, Electrolyte and Acid-Base Balances Disturbances in fluid volume: Deficit Hypovolemia Dehydration Excess Fluid overload Edema Electrolyte imbalances (hypo and hyper) Acid-base imbalances Metabolic — acidosis & alkalosis Respiratory — acidosis & alkalosis	Lecture Discussion Demonstration	• Essay • Short answer • Objective type • Problem solving – calculations

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
IX	20 (T)	Explain the	 Peripheral venipuncture sites Types of IV fluids Calculation for making IV fluid plan Complications of IV fluid therapy Measuring fluid intake and output Administering Blood and Blood components Restricting fluid intake Enhancing Fluid intake Administration of Medications	• Lecture	• Essay
	22 (SL)	Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of measurements Administer oral and topical medication and document accurately under supervision	 Introduction – Definition of Medication, Administration of Medication, Drug Nomenclature, Effects of Drugs, Forms of Medications, Purposes, Pharmacodynamics and Pharmacokinetics Factors influencing Medication Action Medication orders and Prescriptions Systems of measurement Medication dose calculation Principles, 10 rights of Medication Administration Errors in Medication administration Routes of administration Storage and maintenance of drugs and Nurses responsibility Terminologies and abbreviations used in prescriptions and medications orders Developmental considerations Oral, Sublingual and Buccal routes: Equipment, procedure Introduction to Parenteral Administration of Drugs – Intramuscular, Intravenous, Subcutaneous, Intradermal: Location of site, Advantages and disadvantages of the specific sites, Indication and contraindications for the different routes and sites. Equipment – Syringes & needles, cannulas, Infusion sets – parts, types, sizes Types of vials and ampoules, Preparing Injectable medicines from vials and ampoules Care of equipment: decontamination and disposal of syringes, needles, 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration & Re-demonstration 	 Essay Short answer Objective type OSCE

infusion sets o Prevention of Needle-Stick Injuries	
6 (SL) patients with altered functioning of sense Introduction • Discussion • Signature of the patients with altered function function or sense and the patients with altered function function or sense and the patients with altered function func	Essay Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
XI	4 (T)	Explain loss, death	Care of Terminally ill, death and dying	• Lecture	• Essay
	6 (SL)	and grief	• Loss – Types	• Discussion	Short answer
			Grief, Bereavement & Mourning	Case discussions	Objective type
			• Types of Grief responses	Death care/last	
			Manifestations of Grief	office	
			 Factors influencing Loss & Grief Responses 		
			• Theories of Grief & Loss – Kubler Ross		
			• 5 Stages of Dying		
			• The R Process model (Rando's)		
			 Death – Definition, Meaning, Types (Brain & Circulatory Deaths) 		
			Signs of Impending Death		
			 Dying patient's Bill of Rights 		
			Care of Dying Patient		
			 Physiological changes occurring after Death 		
			Death Declaration, Certification		
			• Autopsy		
			• Embalming		
			Last office/Death Care		
			 Counseling & supporting grieving relatives 		
			Placing body in the Mortuary		
			Releasing body from Mortuary		
			 Overview – Medico-legal Cases, Advance directives, DNI/DNR, Organ Donation, Euthanasia 		
			PSYCHOSOCIAL NEEDS (A-D)		
XII	3 (T)	Develop basic	A. Self-concept	• Lecture	• Essay
		understanding of self-concept	• Introduction	• Discussion	Short answer
			Components (Personal Identity, Body	Demonstration	Objective type
			Image, Role Performance, Self Esteem)	Case Discussion/	
			Factors affecting Self Concept Number of Management	Role play	
*/***	0 (FF)	D9 1	Nursing Management	T .	T.
XIII	2 (T)	Describe sexual development and	B. Sexuality	• Lecture	• Essay
		sexuality	Sexual development throughout life Sexual health	Discussion	Short answer
			Sexual health Sexual orientation		• Objective type
			Sexual orientation Factors offeeting convolity		
			Factors affecting sexuality		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Prevention of STIs, unwanted pregnancy, avoiding sexual harassment and abuse Dealing with inappropriate sexual 		
			behavior		
XIV	2 (T) 4 (SL)	Describe stress and adaptation	C. Stress and Adaptation – Introductory concepts Introduction Sources, Effects, Indicators & Types of Stress Types of stressors Stress Adaptation – General Adaptation Syndrome (GAS), Local Adaptation Syndrome (LAS) Manifestation of stress – Physical & psychological Coping strategies/ Mechanisms Stress Management Assist with coping and adaptation Creating therapeutic environment	LectureDiscussion	 Essay Short answer Objective type
	(FD)	T 1: 1: 1:	Recreational and diversion therapies	_	_
XV	6 (T)	Explain culture and cultural norms	D. Concepts of Cultural Diversity and Spirituality	• Lecture	• Essay
			Cultural diversity	Discussion	• Short answer
		Integrate cultural differences and spiritual needs in	Cultural Concepts – Culture, Subculture, Multicultural, Diversity, Race, Acculturation, Assimilation		Objective type
		providing care to patients under	o Transcultural Nursing		
		supervision	Cultural Competence Providing Culturally Responsive Core		
			 Providing Culturally Responsive Care Spirituality		
			Concepts – Faith, Hope, Religion, Spirituality, Spiritual Wellbeing		
			o Factors affecting Spirituality		
			 Spiritual Problems in Acute, Chronic, Terminal illnesses & Near-Death Experience 		
			 Dealing with Spiritual Distress/Problems 		
XVI	6 (T)	Explain the significance of nursing theories	 Nursing Theories: Introduction Meaning & Definition, Purposes, Types of theories with examples, Overview of selected nursing theories – Nightingale, Orem, Roy 	LectureDiscussion	EssayShort answerObjective type
			Use of theories in nursing practice		

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACT|ICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the student will be able to

- 1. Perform health assessment of each body system
- 2. Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach
- 3. Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients
- 4. Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients
- 5. Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient
- 6. Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.
- 7. Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values
- 8. Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation
- 9. Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid base imbalances
- 10. Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness
- 11. Care for terminally ill and dying patients

SKILL LAB Use of Mannequins and Simulators

S.No.	Competencies	Mode of Teaching
1.	Health Assessment	Standardized Patient
2.	Nutritional Assessment	Standardized Patient
3.	Sponge bath, oral hygiene, perineal care	Mannequin
4.	Nasogastric tube feeding	Trainer/ Simulator
5.	Providing bed pan & urinal	Mannequin
6.	Catheter care	Catheterization Trainer
7.	Bowel wash, enema, insertion of suppository	Simulator/ Mannequin
8.	Oxygen administration – face mask, venture mask, nasal prongs	Mannequin
9.	Administration of medication through Parenteral route – IM, SC, ID, IV	IM injection trainer, ID injection trainer, IV arm (Trainer)
10.	Last Office	Mannequin

CLINICAL POSTINGS – General Medical/Surgical Wards

 $(16 \text{ weeks} \times 20 \text{ hours per week} = 320 \text{ hours})$

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
General Medical/ Surgical wards	3	Perform health assessment of each body system	 Health Assessment Nursing/Health history taking Perform physical examination: General 	 History Taking – 2 Physical examination – 2 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			O Body systems Use various methods of physical examination — Inspection, Palpation, Percussion, Auscultation, Olfaction Identification of system wise deviations		
			Documentation of findings		
	1	Develop skills in assessment, planning, implementation and evaluation of nursing care using Nursing process approach	The Nursing Process • Prepare Nursing care plan for the patient based on the given case scenario	• Nursing process – 1	Evaluation of Nursing process with criteria
	2	Identify and meet the Nutritional needs of patients	Nutritional needs, Elimination needs & Diagnostic testing Nutritional needs Nutritional Assessment Preparation of Nasogastric tube feed Nasogastric tube feeding	• Nutritional Assessment and Clinical Presentation – 1	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		Implement basic nursing techniques in meeting hygienic needs of patients	 Hygiene Care of Skin & Hair: Sponge Bath/ Bed bath Care of pressure points & back massage Pressure sore risk assessment using Braden/Norton scale Hair wash Pediculosis treatment Oral Hygiene Perineal Hygiene Catheter care 	• Pressure sore assessment – 1	
	2	Plan and Implement care to meet the elimination needs of patient Develop skills in instructing and collecting samples for investigation.	Elimination needs Providing Urinal Bedpan Insertion of Suppository Enema Urinary Catheter care Care of urinary drainage Diagnostic testing	 Clinical Presentation on Care of patient with Constipation – 1 Lab values – inter-pretation 	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Perform simple lab tests and analyze & interpret common diagnostic values	 Specimen Collection Urine routine and culture Stool routine Sputum Culture Perform simple Lab Tests using reagent strips Urine – Glucose, Albumin, Acetone, pH, Specific gravity Blood – GRBS Monitoring 		
	3	Identify patients with impaired oxygenation and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with impaired oxygenation Identify and demonstrate skill in caring for patients with fluid, electrolyte and acid – base imbalances	Oxygenation needs, Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Oxygenation needs Oxygenation needs Oxygenation needs Oxygenation needs Oxygenation needs Nasal Prongs Face Mask/Venturi Mask Steam inhalation Chest Physiotherapy Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises Oral Suctioning Fluid, Electrolyte, and Acid – Base Balances Maintaining intake output chart Identify & report complications of IV therapy Observe Blood & Blood Component therapy Identify & Report Complications of Blood & Blood Component therapy		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
	3	Explain the principles, routes, effects of administration of medications Calculate conversions of drugs and dosages within and between systems of Measurements Administer drugs by the following routes-Oral, Intradermal,	Administration of Medications Calculate Drug Dosages Preparation of lotions & solutions Administer Medications Oral Topical Inhalations Parenteral Intradermal Subcutaneous		 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE

Clinical Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills (Supervised Clinical Practice)	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Subcutaneous, Intramuscular, Intra Venous Topical, inhalation	 Instillations Eye, Ear, Nose –instillation of medicated drops, nasal sprays, irrigations 		
	2	Assess, plan, implement & evaluate the basic care needs of patients with altered functioning of sense organs and unconsciousness	Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients, Care of Terminally ill, death and dying Sensory Needs and Care of Unconscious patients Assessment of Level of Consciousness using Glasgow Coma Scale Terminally ill, death and dying	Nursing rounds on care of patient with altered sensorium	 Assessment of clinical skills using checklist OSCE
		Care for terminally ill and dying patients	Death Care		Assessment of clinical skills using checklist

HEALTH/NURSING INFORMATICS AND TECHNOLOGY

PLACEMENT: II SEMESTER
THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICAL/LAB: 1 Credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip novice nursing students with knowledge and skills necessary to deliver efficient informatics-led health care services.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop a basic understanding of computer application in patient care and nursing practice.
- Apply the knowledge of computer and information technology in patient care and nursing education, practice, administration and research.
- 3. Describe the principles of health informatics and its use in developing efficient healthcare.
- 4. Demonstrate the use of information system in healthcare for patient care and utilization of nursing data.
- 5. Demonstrate the knowledge of using Electronic Health Records (EHR) system in clinical practice.
- 6. Apply the knowledge of interoperability standards in clinical setting.
- 7. Apply the knowledge of information and communication technology in public health promotion.
- 8. Utilize the functionalities of Nursing Information System (NIS) system in nursing.
- 9. Demonstrate the skills of using data in management of health care.
- 10. Apply the knowledge of the principles of digital ethical and legal issues in clinical practice.
- 11. Utilize evidence-based practices in informatics and technology for providing quality patient care.
- 12. Update and utilize evidence-based practices in nursing education, administration, and practice.

T-Theory, P/L-Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P/L				
I	10	15	Describe the importance of computer and technology in patient care and nursing practice	Introduction to computer applications for patient care delivery system and nursing practice • Use of computers in teaching, learning, research and nursing practice	 Lecture Discussion Practice session Supervised clinical practice on EHR use Participate in data analysis using statistical package with statistician 	 (T) Short answer Objective type Visit reports Assessment of assignments
			Demonstrate the use of computer and technology in patient care, nursing education, practice, administration and research.	 Windows, MS office: Word, Excel, Power Point Internet Literature search Statistical packages Hospital management information system 	Visit to hospitals with different hospital management systems	(P)Assessment of skills using checklist
П	4	5	Describe the principles of health informatics Explain the ways data, knowledge and information can be used for effective healthcare	 Principles of Health Informatics Health informatics – needs, objectives and limitations Use of data, information and knowledge for more effective healthcare and better health 	 Lecture Discussion Practical session Work in groups with health informatics team in a hospital to extract nursing data and prepare a report 	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type questions Assessment of report
III	3	5	system in hospital setting	Information Systems in Healthcare Introduction to the role and architecture of information systems in modern healthcare environments Clinical Information System (CIS)/Hospital information System (HIS)	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups with nurse leaders to understand the hospital information system 	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type
IV	4	4	Explain the use of electronic health records in nursing practice Describe the latest trend in electronic health records standards and interoperability	Shared Care & Electronic Health Records Challenges of capturing rich patient histories in a computable form Latest global developments and standards to enable lifelong electronic health records to be integrated from disparate systems.	 Lecture Discussion Practice on Simulated EHR system Practical session Visit to health informatics department of a hospital to understand the use of EHR in nursing practice 	 (T) Essay Short answer Objective type (P) Assessment of skills using checklist

Unit		Time (Hrs) Content		Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods	
	T	P/L				
					Prepare a report on current EHR standards in Indian setting	
V	3		Describe the advantages and limitations of health informatics in maintaining patient safety and risk management	Patient Safety & Clinical Risk Relationship between patient safety and informatics Function and application of the risk management process	LectureDiscussion	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type
VI	3	6	Explain the importance of knowledge management Describe the standardized languages used in health informatics	Clinical Knowledge & Decision Making Role of knowledge management in improving decision-making in both the clinical and policy contexts Systematized Nomenclature of Medicine, Clinical Terms, SNOMED CT to ICD-10-CM Map, standardized nursing terminologies (NANDA, NOC), Omaha system.	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Practical session Work in groups to prepare a report on standardized languages used in health informatics. Visit health informatics department to understand the standardized languages used in hospital setting 	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type
VII	3		Explain the use of information and communication technology in patient care Explain the application of public health informatics	eHealth: Patients and the Internet Use of information and communication technology to improve or enable personal and public healthcare Introduction to public health informatics and role of nurses	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration	 Essay Short answer Objective type Practical exam
VIII	3	5	Describe the functions of nursing information system Explain the use of healthcare data in management of health care organization	Using Information in Healthcare Management Components of Nursing Information system(NIS) Evaluation, analysis and presentation of healthcare data to inform decisions in the management of health-care organizations	Lecture Discussion Demonstration on simulated NIS software Visit to health informatics department of the hospital to understand use of healthcare data in decision making	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type
IX	4		Describe the ethical and legal issues in healthcare informatics Explains the ethical and legal issues	Information Law & Governance in Clinical Practice • Ethical-legal issues pertaining to healthcare information in contemporary clinical practice • Ethical-legal issues related to	 Lecture Discussion Case discussion Role play	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P/L				
			related to nursing informatics	digital health applied to nursing		
X	3		evidence-based	Use of scientific evidence in	LectureDiscussionCase study	(T)EssayShort answerObjective type

SKILLS

- Utilize computer in improving various aspects of nursing practice.
- Use technology in patient care and professional advancement.
- Use data in professional development and efficient patient care.
- Use information system in providing quality patient care.
- Use the information system to extract nursing data.

Develop skill in conducting literature review.

APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY AND INFECTION CONTROL INCLUDING SAFETY

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER
THEORY: 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICAL: 1 Credit (40 hours) (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

SECTION A: APPLIED MICROBIOLOGY

THEORY: 20 hours

PRACTICAL: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of fundamentals of Microbiology, compare and contrast different microbes and comprehend the means of transmission and control of spread by various microorganisms. It also provides opportunities for practicing infection control measures in hospital and community settings.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify the ubiquity and diversity of microorganisms in the human body and the environment.
- 2. Classify and explain the morphology and growth of microbes.
- 3. Identify various types of microorganisms.
- 4. Explore mechanisms by which microorganisms cause disease.
- 5. Develop understanding of how the human immune system counteracts infection by specific and non-specific mechanisms.
- 6. Apply the principles of preparation and use of vaccines in immunization.
- 7. Identify the contribution of the microbiologist and the microbiology laboratory to the diagnosis of infection.

$T-Theory,\,L/E-Lab/Experiential\,\,Learning$

Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I	3		Explain concepts and principles of microbiology and its importance in nursing	 Introduction: Importance and relevance to nursing Historical perspective Concepts and terminology 	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answerObjective type
				Principles of microbiology		
II	10	10 (L/E)	Describe structure, classification morphology and growth of bacteria Identify Microorganisms	 General characteristics of Microbes: Structure and classification of Microbes Morphological types Size and form of bacteria Motility Colonization Growth and nutrition of microbes Temperature Moisture Blood and body fluids Laboratory methods for Identification of Microorganisms Types of Staining – simple, differential (Gram's, AFB), special – capsular staining (negative), spore, LPCB, KOH mount. Culture and media preparation – solid and liquid. Types of media – semi synthetic, synthetic, enriched, enrichment, selective and differential media. Pure culture techniques – tube dilution, pour, spread, streak plate. 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential Learning through visual 	 Short answer Objective type
III	4	6 (L/E)	Describe the different disease producing organisms	Pathogenic organisms Micro-organisms: Cocci – gram positive and gram negative; Bacilli – gram positive and gram negative Viruses Fungi: Superficial and Deep mycoses Parasites Rodents & Vectors Characteristics, Source, portal of entry, transmission of infection, Identification of disease producing micro-organisms	Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Experiential learning through visual	 Short answer Objective type
IV	3	4 (L/E)	Explain the concepts of	Immunity	• Lecture	Short answerObjective

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Wiethous
			immunity, hyper sensitivity and immunization	 Hypersensitivity reactions Serological tests Immunoglobulins: Structure, types & properties Vaccines: Types & classification, storage and handling, cold chain, 	 Discussion Demonstration Visit to observe vaccine storage Clinical practice 	type • Visit report
				Immunization for various diseases Immunization Schedule		

SECTION B: INFECTION CONTROL & SAFETY

THEORY: 20 hours

PRACTICAL/LAB: 20 hours (Lab/Experiential Learning – L/E)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to acquire knowledge and develop competencies required for fundamental patient safety and infection control in delivering patient care. It also focuses on identifying patient safety indicators, preventing and managing hospital acquired infections, and in following universal precautions.

COMPETENCIES: The students will be able to:

- 1. Develop knowledge and understanding of Hospital acquired Infections (HAI) and effective practices for prevention.
- 2. Integrate the knowledge of isolation (Barrier and reverse barrier) techniques in implementing various precautions.
- 3. Demonstrate and practice steps in Hand washing and appropriate use of different types of PPE.
- 4. Illustrate various disinfection and sterilization methods and techniques.
- 5. Demonstrate knowledge and skill in specimen collection, handling and transport to optimize the diagnosis for treatment.
- 6. Incorporate the principles and guidelines of Bio Medical waste management.
- 7. Apply the principles of Antibiotic stewardship in performing the nurses' role.
- 8. Identify patient safety indicators and perform the role of nurse in the patient safety audit process.
- 9. Apply the knowledge of International Patient Safety Goals (IPSG) in the patient care settings.
- 10. Identify employee safety indicators and risk of occupational hazards.
- 11. Develop understanding of the various safety protocols and adhere to those protocols.

COURSE OUTLINE

T – Theory, L/E – Lab/Experiential Learning

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I	2	2 (E)	evidence based and effective	 HAI (Hospital acquired Infection) Hospital acquired infection Bundle approach Prevention of Urinary Tract Infection (UTI) Prevention of Surgical Site Infection (SSI) Prevention of Ventilator 	Lecture & DiscussionExperiential learning	Knowledge assessmentMCQShort answer

Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			setting	Associated events (VAE)		
				- Prevention of Central Line Associated Blood Stream Infection (CLABSI)		
				Surveillance of HAI – Infection control team & Infection control committee		
II	3	4 (L)	Demonstrate appropriate use of different types of PPEs and the critical use of risk	Isolation Precautions and use of Personal Protective Equipment (PPE) • Types of isolation system, standard precaution and transmission-based	Lecture Demonstration & Re-demonstration	Performance assessmentOSCE
			assessment	precautions (Direct Contact, Droplet, Indirect) • Epidemiology & Infection		
				prevention – CDC guidelines • Effective use of PPE		
III	1	2 (L)	Demonstrate the	Hand Hygiene	• Lecture	Performance
			hand hygiene practice and its	Types of Hand hygiene.	• Demonstration &	assessment
			1 00 .	Hand washing and use of alcohol hand rub	Re-demonstration	
				Moments of Hand Hygiene		
				WHO hand hygiene promotion		
IV	1	2 (E)		Disinfection and sterilization	• Lecture	Short answer
			disinfection and sterilization in	Definitions	• Discussion	Objective type
			the healthcare setting	Types of disinfection and sterilization	• Experiential learning through	
				Environment cleaning	visit	
				Equipment Cleaning		
				Guides on use of disinfectants		
				Spaulding's principle		
V	1		Illustrate on what, when,	Specimen Collection (Review)	• Discussion	Knowledge evaluation
			how, why	Principle of specimen collection		• Quiz
			specimens are collected to	• Types of specimens		Performance
			optimize the diagnosis for	Collection techniques and special considerations		assessment
			treatment and management.	Appropriate containers		Checklist
				• Transportation of the sample		
				Staff precautions in handling specimens		
VI	2	2 (E)	Explain on Bio Medical waste	BMW (Bio Medical Waste	Discussion	Knowledge
			management & laundry	Management) Laundry management process and infection control and prevention	DemonstrationExperiential	assessment by short answers, objective type
			management	*	learning through	Performance

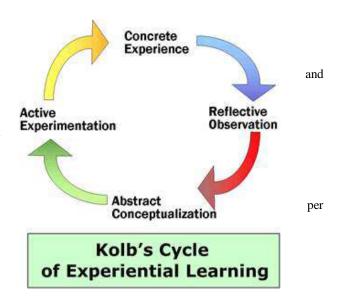
Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
				Waste management process and infection prevention	visit	assessment
				Staff precautions		
				Laundry management		
				Country ordinance and BMW National guidelines 2017: Segregation of wastes, Colour coded waste containers, waste collection & storage, Packaging & labeling, Transportation		
VII	2			Antibiotic stewardship	• Lecture	Short answer
			about Antibiotic stewardship, AMR	Importance of Antibiotic Stewardship	• Discussion	Objective type
				Anti-Microbial Resistance	 Written assignment –Recent AMR 	 Assessment of assignment
			Describe MRSA/MDRO and its prevention	Prevention of MRSA, MDRO in healthcare setting	(Antimicrobial resistance) guidelines	usoig.iiiieii
VIII	3	5 (L/E)		Patient Safety Indicators	• Lecture	Knowledge
			ionowed in a	Care of Vulnerable patients	• Demonstration	assessmentPerformance
			health care organization and	• Prevention of Iatrogenic injury • Experiential learning	assessment	
			the role of nurse	Care of lines, drains and tubing's	_	Checklist/ OSCE
			safety audit	Restrain policy and care – Physical and Chemical		
			*	Blood & blood transfusion policy		
				Prevention of IV Complication		
				Prevention of Fall		
				Prevention of DVT		
				• Shifting and transporting of patients		
				Surgical safety		
				 Care coordination event related to medication reconciliation and administration 		
				Prevention of communication errors		
				Prevention of HAI		
				Documentation		
				Incidents and adverse Events		
				Capturing of incidents		
			Captures and analyzes incidents and events for quality	• RCA (Root Cause Analysis)		
				CAPA (Corrective and Preventive		
				Action)		Knowledge assessment
			improvement	Report writing	• Lecture	• Short answer
						- Short answer

Unit	Tin	ne (Hrs)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
					Role playInquiry Based Learning	Objective type
X	2	3 (L/E)	and application of the goals in the patient care settings.	Goals)	Lecture Role play Lecture Demonstration/ Experiential learning	Objective type Mock drills Post tests Checklist
				• Emergency Codes		
				• Role of Nurse in times of disaster		
XI	2		Explain importance of employee safety	Employee Safety IndicatorsVaccinationNeedle stick injuries (NSI)	Lecture Discussion	• Knowledge assessment by short answers,

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Acuviues	Methods
			indicators	prevention	Lecture method	objective type
				Fall prevention	Journal review	Short answer
				Radiation safety		
				Annual health check		
			Identify risk of occupational hazards, prevention and post exposure prophylaxis.	Healthcare Worker Immunization Program and management of occupational exposure Occupational health ordinance Vaccination program for healthcare staff Needle stick injuries and prevention and post exposure prophylaxis		

*Experiential Learning:

Experiential learning is the process by which knowledge is created through the process of experience in the clinical field. Knowledge results from the combination of grasping transforming experience. (Kolb, 1984). The experiential learning cycle begins with an experience that the student has had, followed by an opportunity to reflect on that experience. Then students may conceptualize and draw conclusions about what they experienced and observed, leading to future actions in which the students experiment with different behaviors. This begins the new cycle as the students have new experiences based on their experimentation. These steps may occur in nearly and order as the learning progresses. As the need of the learner, the concrete components and conceptual components can be in different order as they may require a variety of cognitive and affective behaviors.



PHARMACOLOGY - I

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER
THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics and nursing implications.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe pharmacodynamics and pharmacokinetics.
- 2. Review the principles of drug calculation and administration.
- 3. Explain the commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants.
- 4. Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the GI system.
- Describe the pharmacology of drugs acting on the respiratory system.
- 6. Describe drugs used in the treatment of cardiovascular and blood disorders.
- 7. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of endocrine system disorders.
- 8. Describe the drugs acting on skin and drugs used to treat communicable diseases.

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			12021100	112011000
I	3 (T)	Describe Pharmacodynamics,	Introduction to Pharmacology	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer
		Pharmacokinetics,	Definitions & Branches	• Guided reading and	Objective type
		Classification, principles of	Nature & Sources of drugs	written assignment	• Assessment of assignments
		administration of drugs	Dosage Forms and Routes of drug administration	on schedule K drugs	ussignments
			Terminology used		
			Classification, Abbreviations, Prescription, Drug Calculation, Weights and Measures		
			Pharmacodynamics: Actions, Drug Antagonism, Synergism, Tolerance, Receptors, Therapeutic, adverse, toxic effects, pharmacovigilance		
			Pharmacokinetics: Absorption, Bioavailability, Distribution, Metabolism, Interaction, Excretion		
			Review: Principles of drug administration and treatment individualization		
			o Factors affecting dose, route etc.		
			Indian Pharmacopoeia: Legal Issues, Drug Laws, Schedule Drugs		
			Rational Use of Drugs		
			Principles of Therapeutics		
II	1 (T)	Describe antiseptics, and disinfectant &	Pharmacology of commonly used antiseptics and disinfectants	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answerObjective type
		nurse's responsibilities	Antiseptics and Disinfectants	• Drug study/	o system to sypt
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	presentation	
III	2 (T)	Describe drugs acting	Drugs acting on G.I. system	• Lecture cum	Short answer
		on gastro-intestinal system & nurse's	Pharmacology of commonly used drugs	Discussion	Objective type
		responsibilities	o Emetics and Antiemetics	 Drug study/ presentation 	
			o Laxatives and Purgatives	Freedimenton	
			o Antacids and antipeptic ulcer drugs		
			 Anti-diarrhoeals – Fluid and electrolyte therapy, Furazolidone, dicyclomine 		
			Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
IV	2 (T)	Describe drugs acting	Drugs acting on respiratory system	• Lecture cum	Short answer
		on respiratory system & nurse's responsibilities	 Pharmacology of commonly used 	Discussion	Objective type
		-	 Antiasthmatics – Bronchodilators (Salbutamol inhalers) 	Drug study/ presentation	
			o Decongestants		
			 Expectorants, Antitussives and Mucolytics 		
			 Broncho-constrictors and Antihistamines 		
			 Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse 		
V	4 (T)	Describe drugs used on cardio-vascular system & nurse's	Drugs used in treatment of Cardiovascular system and blood disorders	Lecture cum Discussion	 Short answer Objective type
		responsibilities	Haematinics, & treatment of anemia and antiadrenergics	• Drug study/ presentation	
			Cholinergic and anticholinergic		
			 Adrenergic Drugs for CHF & vasodilators 		
			Antianginals		
			• Antiarrhythmics		
			• Antihypertensives		
			Coagulants & Anticoagulants		
			Antiplatelets & thrombolytics		
			Hypolipidemics		
			• Plasma expanders & treatment of shock		
			 Drugs used to treat blood disorders 		
			 Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 		
VI	2 (T)	Describe the drugs used in treatment of	Drugs used in treatment of endocrine system disorders	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answerObjective type
		endocrine system disorders	• Insulin & oral hypoglycemics	• Drug study/	објесите турс
			Thyroid and anti-thyroid drugs	presentation	
			• Steroids		
			○ Corticosteroids		
			Anabolic steroids		
			• Calcitonin, parathormone, vitamin D3, calcium metabolism		
			o Calcium salts		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
VII	1 (T)	Describe drugs used in skin diseases & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used in treatment of integumentary system • Antihistaminics and antipruritics • Topical applications for skin-Benzylbenzoate, Gamma BHC, Clotrimazole, Miconazole, Silver Sulphadiazine (burns) • Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answerObjective type
VIII	5 (T)	Explain drug therapy/ chemotherapy of specific infections & infestations & nurse's responsibilities	Drugs used in treatment of communicable diseases (common infections, infestations) General Principles for use of Antimicrobials Pharmacology of commonly used drugs: Penicillin, Cephalosporin's, Aminoglycosides, Macrolide & broad spectrum antibiotics, Sulfonamides, quinolones, Misc. antimicrobials Anaerobic infections Antitubercular drugs, Antileprosy drugs Antimalarials Antiretroviral drugs Antiviral agents Antihelminthics, Antiscabies agents Antifungal agents Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answer Objective type

PATHOLOGY - I

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours) (includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology.
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders.
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for various tests.

- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders.
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities.
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I		Define the common terms used in pathology Identify the deviations from normal to abnormal structure and	 Introduction Importance of the study of pathology Definition of terms in pathology Cell injury: Etiology, pathogenesis of reversible and irreversible cell injury, Necrosis, Gangrene Cellular adaptations: Atrophy, Hypertrophy, Hyperplasia, Metaplasia, Dysplasia, Apoptosis Inflammation: 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides Explain with clinical scenarios 	Short answerObjective type
		functions of body system	 Acute inflammation (Vascular and Cellular events, systemic effects of acute inflammation) Chronic inflammation (Granulomatous inflammation, systemic effects of chronic inflammation) Wound healing Neoplasia: Nomenclature, Normal and Cancer cell, Benign and malignant tumors, Carcinoma in situ, Tumor metastasis: general mechanism, routes of spread and examples of each route Circulatory disturbances: Thrombosis, embolism, shock Disturbance of body fluids and electrolytes: Edema, Transudates and Exudates 		
П	5 (T)	Explain pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems	Pathology Pathological changes in disease conditions of selected systems: 1. Respiratory system • Pulmonary infections: Pneumonia, Lung abscess, pulmonary tuberculosis • Chronic Obstructive Pulmonary Disease: Chronic bronchitis, Emphysema, Bronchial Asthma, Bronchiectasis • Tumors of Lungs 2. Cardio-vascular system • Atherosclerosis • Ischemia and Infarction. • Rheumatic Heart Disease	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides, X-rays and scans Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT 	 Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(====)		Infective endocarditis		
			3. Gastrointestinal tract		
			Peptic ulcer disease (Gastric and Duodenal ulcer)		
			Gastritis-H Pylori infection		
			Oral mucosa: Oral Leukoplakia, Squamous cell carcinoma		
			Esophageal cancer		
			Gastric cancer		
			 Intestinal: Typhoid ulcer, Inflammatory Bowel Disease (Crohn's disease and Ulcerative colitis), Colorectal cancer 		
			4. Liver, Gall Bladder and Pancreas		
			• Liver: Hepatitis, Amoebic Liver abscess, Cirrhosis of Liver		
			Gall bladder: Cholecystitis.		
			Pancreas: Pancreatitis		
			• Tumors of liver, Gall bladder and Pancreas		
			5. Skeletal system		
			 Bone: Bone healing, Osteoporosis, Osteomyelitis, Tumors 		
			 Joints: Arthritis - Rheumatoid arthritis and Osteoarthritis 		
			6. Endocrine system		
			Diabetes Mellitus		
			• Goitre		
			Carcinoma thyroid		
III	7 (T)	various laboratory tests in assessment and monitoring	Hematological tests for the diagnosis of blood	• Lecture	Short answer
			disorders	 Discussion 	Objective type
			• Blood tests: Hemoglobin, White cell and platelet counts, PCV, ESR	Visit to clinical lab, biochemistry lab and blood bank	
			 Coagulation tests: Bleeding time (BT), Prothrombin time (PT), Activated Partial Prothrombin Time (APTT) 		
			Blood chemistry		
			Blood bank:		
			o Blood grouping and cross matching		
			o Blood components		
			o Plasmapheresis		
			o Transfusion reactions		
			Note: Few lab hours can be planned for observation and visits (Less than 1 credit, lab hours are not specified		
			separately)		

ADULT HEALTH NURSING - I WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY (including BCLS module)

PLACEMENT: III SEMESTER
THEORY: 7 Credits (140 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab (SL) – 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical – 6 Credits (480 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing process approach and critical thinking. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative care to patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of Medical Surgical Nursing I course, students will be able to

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of anatomy, physiology and diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. Identify nursing diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients.
- 5. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities.
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with medical surgical conditions.
- 10. Plan and give relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital.
- 12. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.

COURSE CONTENT

T - Theory, L/SL - Lab/Skill Lab

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Narrate the evolution of medical surgical nursing Apply nursing process in caring for patients with medical surgical problems Execute the role of a nurse in various medical surgical setting Develop skills in assessment and care of wound	 Evolution and trends of medical and surgical nursing International classification of diseases 	 Lecture cum discussion Demonstration & Practice session Role play Visit to outpatient department, in patient and intensive care unit 	Short AnswerOSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
II	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Develop competency in providing pre and postoperative care Explain organizational set up of the operating theatre	 Wound care and dressing technique Care of surgical patient pre-operative post-operative Alternative therapies used in caring for patients with Medical Surgical Disorders Intraoperative Care Organization and physical set up of the operation theatre 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration, 	• Caring for patient intra operatively
		Differentiate the role of scrub nurse and circulating nurse Describe the different positioning for various surgeries Apply principles of asepsis in handling the sterile equipment Demonstrate skill in scrubbing procedures Demonstrate skill in assessing the patient and document accurately the surgical safety checklist Develop skill in assisting with selected surgeries Explain the types, functions, and nursing considerations for different types of anaesthesia	 Classification O.T Design Staffing Members of the OT team Duties and responsibilities of the nurse in OT Position and draping for common surgical procedures Instruments, sutures and suture materials, equipment for common surgical procedures Disinfection and sterilization of equipment Preparation of sets for common surgical procedures Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving Monitoring the patient during the procedures Maintenance of the therapeutic environment in OT Assisting in major and minor operation, handling specimen Prevention of accidents and hazards in OT Anaesthesia – types, methods of administration, effects and stages, equipment & drugs Legal aspects 	Practice session, and Case Discussion Visit to receiving bay	Submit a list of disinfectants used for instruments with the action and precaution
III	6 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Identify the signs and symptoms of shock and electrolyte imbalances Develop skills in managing fluid and electrolyte imbalances	Nursing care of patients with common signs and symptoms and management Fluid and electrolyte imbalance Shock Pain	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Case discussion 	Short answerMCQCase report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Perform pain assessment and plans for the nursing management			
IV	18 (T) 4 (L)	Demonstrate skill in respiratory assessment Differentiates different breath sounds and lists the indications Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of common respiratory problems Describe the health behaviour to be adopted in preventing respiratory illnesses	Nursing Management of patients with respiratory problems Review of anatomy and physiology of respiratory system Nursing Assessment – history taking, physical assessment and diagnostic tests Common respiratory problems: Upper respiratory tract infections Chronic obstructive pulmonary diseases Pleural effusion, Empyema Bronchiectasis Pneumonia Lung abscess Cyst and tumors Chest Injuries Acute respiratory distress syndrome Pulmonary embolism Health behaviours to prevent respiratory illness	 Lecture, discussion, Demonstration Practice session Case presentation Visit to PFT Lab 	• Essay • Short answer • OSCE
V	16 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of gastrointestinal disorders Demonstrate skill in gastrointestinal assessment Prepare patient for upper and lower gastrointestinal investigations Demonstrate skill in gastrointestinal assessment	Nursing Management of patients with disorders of digestive system Review of anatomy and physiology of GI system Nursing assessment –History and physical assessment GI investigations Common GI disorders: Oral cavity: lips, gums and teeth GI: Bleeding, Infections, Inflammation, tumors, Obstruction, Perforation & Peritonitis Peptic & duodenal ulcer, Mal-absorption, Appendicitis, Hernias Hemorrhoids, fissures, Fistulas Pancreas: inflammation, cysts, and tumors	 Lecture, Discussion Demonstration, Role play Problem Based Learning Visit to stoma clinic 	Short answerQuizOSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Demonstrate skill in different feeding techniques	 Liver: inflammation, cysts, abscess, cirrhosis, portal hypertension, hepatic failure, tumors Gall bladder: inflammation, Cholelithiasis, tumors Gastric decompression, gavage and stoma care, different feeding techniques Alternative therapies, drugs used in treatment of disorders of digestive system 		
VI	20 (T) 5 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of cardiovascular disorders Demonstrate skill in cardiovascular assessment Prepare patient for invasive and non-invasive cardiac procedures Demonstrate skill in monitoring and interpreting clinical signs related to cardiac disorders Complete BLS/BCLS module	Nursing Management of patients with cardiovascular problems Review of anatomy and physiology of cardio-vascular system Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment Invasive & non-invasive cardiac procedures Disorders of vascular system-Hypertension, arteriosclerosis, Raynaud's disease, aneurysm and peripheral vascular disorders Coronary artery diseases: coronary atherosclerosis, Angina pectoris, myocardial infarction Valvular disorders: congenital and acquired Rheumatic heart disease: pericarditis, myocarditis, endocarditis, cardiomyopathies Cardiac dysrhythmias, heart block Congestive heart failure, corpulmonale, pulmonary edema, cardiogenic shock, cardiac tamponade Cardiopulmonary arrest	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education Drug Book/presentation Completion of BCLS Module 	Care plan Drug record BLS/ BCLS evaluation
VII	7 (T) 3 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of hematological disorders Interpret blood reports	Nursing Management of patients with disorders of blood Review of Anatomy and Physiology of blood Nursing assessment: history, physical assessment & Diagnostic tests Anemia, Polycythemia Bleeding Disorders: clotting factor defects and platelets defects, thalassemia, leukemia, leukopenia,	 Field visit to blood bank Counseling 	 Interpretation of blood reports Visit report

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Prepare and provides health education on blood donation	agranulocytosis • Lymphomas, myelomas		
VIII	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of endocrine disorders Demonstrate skill in assessment of endocrine organ dysfunction Prepare and provides health education on diabetic diet Demonstrate skill in insulin administration	Nursing management of patients with disorders of endocrine system Review of anatomy and physiology of endocrine system Nursing Assessment —History and Physical assessment Disorders of thyroid and Parathyroid, Adrenal and Pituitary (Hyper, Hypo, tumors) Diabetes mellitus	 Lecture, discussion, demonstration Practice session Case Discussion Health education 	 Prepare health education on self-administration of insulin Submits a diabetic diet plan
IX	8 (T) 2 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of disorders of integumentary system Demonstrate skill in integumentary assessment Demonstrate skill in medicated bath Prepare and provide health education on skin care	Nursing management of patients with disorders of Integumentary system Review of anatomy and physiology of skin Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment Infection and infestations; Dermatitis Dermatoses; infectious and Non infectious Acne, Allergies, Eczema & Pemphigus Psoriasis, Malignant melanoma, Alopecia Special therapies, alternative therapies Drugs used in treatment of disorders of integumentary system	 Lecture, discussion Demonstration Practice session Case Discussion 	Drug report Preparation of Home care plan
X	16 (T) 4 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of musculoskeletal disorders	 Nursing management of patients with musculoskeletal problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the musculoskeletal system Nursing Assessment: History and physical assessment, diagnostic tests Musculoskeletal trauma: Dislocation, fracture, sprain, strain, 	 Lecture/ Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education 	 Nursing care plan Prepare health teaching on care of patient with cast

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Demonstrate skill in musculoskeletal assessment Prepare patient for	 contusion, amputation Musculoskeletal infections and tumors: Osteomyelitis, benign and malignant tumour Orthopedic modalities: Cast, splint, 		
		radiological and non- radiological investigations of musculoskeletal system	 Orthopedic inclaimes. Cast, spinit, traction, crutch walking Musculoskeletal inflammation: Bursitis, synovitis, arthritis Special therapies, alternative 		
		Demonstrate skill in crutch walking and splinting	 therapies Metabolic bone disorder: Osteoporosis, osteomalacia and Paget's disease 		
		Demonstrate skill in care of patient with replacement surgeries	 Spinal column defects and deformities – tumor, prolapsed intervertebral disc, Pott's spine Rehabilitation, prosthesis 		
- VI	20 (T)	Prepare and provide health education on bone healing	Replacement surgeries		D. I
XI	20 (T) 3 (L)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of patients with communicable diseases Demonstrate skill in barrier and reverse	 Nursing management of patients with Communicable diseases Overview of infectious diseases, the infectious process Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment, Diagnostic tests Tuberculosis Diarrhoeal diseases, hepatitis A-E, Typhoid 	demonstration Practice session Case Discussion/ seminar Health education Drug Book/ presentation Refer TB Control	Prepares and submits protocol on various isolation techniques
		barrier and reverse barrier techniques Demonstrate skill in execution of different isolation protocols	 Herpes, chickenpox, Smallpox, Measles, Mumps, Influenza Meningitis Gas gangrene Leprosy Dengue, Plague, Malaria, Chikungunya, swine flu, Filariasis Diphtheria, Pertussis, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis 	& Management module	
			 COVID-19 Special infection control measures: Notification, Isolation, Quarantine, Immunization 		

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 hours) - 18 weeks × 27 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will be able to apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult patients undergoing surgery, with shock and fluid and electrolyte imbalance and with selected medical & surgical conditions i.e., Gastrointestinal, Respiratory, Endocrine, Orthopedic, Dermatology and Cardiovascular disorders.

The students will be competent to:

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital:
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
 - b. Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
 - f. Perform nursing procedures skillfully on patients.
 - g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.
- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

I. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MEDICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Intravenous therapy
- Oxygen through mask
- Oxygen through nasal prongs
- Venturi mask
- Nebulization
- Chest physiotherapy

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
General medical		Develop skill in intravenous injection administration and IV therapy	o IV cannulation	 Care Study – 1 Health education Clinical presentation/ Care 	Clinical evaluationOSCECare Study

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	Care of patient with Central line	note) – 1	evaluation
Assist with diagnostic procedures	 Preparation and assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures such as thoracentesis, Abdominal paracentesis 		• Care Note/ Clinical presentation
patients with Respiratory problems Develop skill in managing patients with metabolic abnormality	Management patients with respiratory		
	Marie Stab		

II. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH SURGICAL CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Nasogastric aspiration
- Surgical dressing
- Suture removal
- Colostomy care/ileostomy care
- Enteral feeding

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
General surgical wards	4	Develop skill in caring for patients during pre- and post- operative period Assist with diagnostic procedures Develop skill in managing patient with Gastro-intestinal Problems	 Pre-Operative care Immediate Post-operative care Post-operative exercise Pain assessment Pain Management Assisting diagnostic procedure and after care of patients undergoing Colonoscopy ERCP Endoscopy Liver Biopsy 	 Care study – 1 Health teaching 	 Clinical evaluation, OSCE Care study Care note/ Clinical presentation

1	_	
	Nasogastric aspiration	
Develop skill in	Gastrostomy/Jejunostomy feeds	
wound management	Ileostomy/Colostomy care	
	Surgical dressing	
	Suture removal	
	Surgical soak	
	• Sitz bath	
	• Care of drain	

III. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH CARDIAC CONDITIONS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Cardiovascular assessment
- Interpreting ECG
- BLS/BCLS
- CPR
- ABG analysis
- Taking blood sample
- Arterial blood gas analysis interpretation

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Cardiology wards	2	Develop skill in management of patients with cardiac problems Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of Blood	Recording and interpreting ECG Recording and interpreting ECG Arterial blood gas analysis — interpretation Administer cardiac drugs Preparation and after care of patients for cardiac catheterization CPR Collection of blood sample for: Blood grouping/cross matching Blood sugar Serum electrolytes Assisting with blood transfusion Application of anti-embolism stockings (TED hose) Application/maintenance of sequential Compression device	• Cardiac assessment – 1	Clinical evaluation Drug presentation

IV. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH DISORDERS OF INTEGUMENTARY SYSTEM

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

Application of topical medication

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Dermatology wards	1	Develop skill in management of patients with disorders of integumentary system	 Intradermal injection-Skin allergy testing Application of topical medication Medicated bath 		Clinical evaluation

V. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH COMMUNICABLE DISEASES

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing
- Standard precautions

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Isolation ward	1	Develop skill in the management of patients requiring isolation	 Barrier Nursing Reverse barrier nursing Standard precautions (Universal precaution), use of PPE, needle stick and sharp injury prevention, Cleaning and disinfection, Respiratory hygiene, waste disposal and safe injection practices) 	• Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluationCare note

VI. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS WITH MUSCULOSKELETAL PROBLEMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

Clinical area/unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Orthopedic wards	2	Develop skill in management of patients with musculoskeletal problems	 Preparation of patient with Myelogram/CT/MRI Assisting with application & removal of POP/Cast 	• Care Note – 1	Clinical evaluation,Care note
			 Preparation, assisting and after care of patient with Skin 		

traction/skeletal traction	
Care of orthotics	
Muscle strengthening exercises	
Crutch walking	
Rehabilitation	

VII. NURSING MANAGEMENT OF PATIENTS IN THE OPERATING ROOMS

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Scrubbing, gowning and gloving
- Orient to instruments for common surgeries
- Orient to suture materials
- Positioning

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(Weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Operation theatre	4	caring for intraoperative	Assisting in major and minor operation	 Assist as circulatory nurse – 4 Positioning & draping – 5 Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries – 4 Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries – 4 	Clinical evaluationOSCE

PHARMACOLOGY - II

including Fundamentals of Prescribing Module

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire understanding of Pharmacodynamics, Pharmacokinetics, principles of therapeutics & nursing implications. Further it develops understanding of fundamental principles of prescribing in students.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of ear, nose, throat and eye disorders.
- 2. Explain the drugs used in the treatment of urinary system disorders.
- 3. Describe the drugs used in the treatment of nervous system disorders.
- 4. Explain the drugs used for hormonal replacement and for the pregnant women during antenatal, intra natal and postnatal period.
- 5. Explain the drugs used to treat emergency conditions and immune disorders.
- Discuss the role and responsibilities of nurses towards safe administration of drugs used to treat disorders of various systems with basic understanding of pharmacology.
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about the drugs used in alternative system of medicine.
- 8. Demonstrate understanding about the fundamental principles of prescribing.

COURSE OUTLINE

T-Theory

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
I	4 (T)		Drugs used in disorders of ear, nose, throat & Eye Antihistamines Topical applications for eye (Chloramphenicol, Gentamycin eye drops), ear (Soda glycerin, boric spirit ear drops), nose and buccal cavity-chlorhexidine mouthwash Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answerObjective type
II	4 (T)	Describe drugs acting on urinary system & nurse's responsibilities	Pharmacology of commonly used drugs ○ Renin angiotensin system ○ Diuretics and antidiuretics ○ Drugs toxic to kidney ○ Urinary antiseptics ○ Treatment of UTI – acidifiers and alkalinizers Composition, action, dosage, route, indications, contraindications, Drug interactions, side effects, adverse effects toxicity and role of nurse	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
III		Describe drugs used on nervous system & nurse's responsibilities	 Drugs acting on nervous system Basis & applied pharmacology of commonly used drugs Analgesics and anaesthetics Analgesics: Non-steroidal anti-inflammatory (NSAID) drugs Antipyretics Opioids & other central analgesics ✓ General (techniques of GA, pre anesthetic medication) & local anesthetics ✓ Gases: oxygen, nitrous, oxide, carbon-dioxide & others Hypnotics and sedatives Skeletal muscle relaxants Antipsychotics Mood stabilizers 	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	 Short answer Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
IV	5 (T)	for hormonal disorder & supplementation, contraception & medical termination of	 and supplementation, contraception and medical termination of pregnancy Estrogens and progesterones 	Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation	Short answerObjective type
		pregnancy & nurse's responsibilities	 Oral contraceptives and hormone replacement therapy Vaginal contraceptives Drugs for infertility and medical termination of pregnancy Uterine stimulants and relaxants Composition, actions dosage route indications contraindications, drugs interactions, side effects, adverse effects, toxicity and role of nurse 		
V	3 (T)	understanding about	 Drugs used for pregnant women during antenatal, labour and postnatal period Tetanus prophylaxis Iron and Vit K1 supplementation Oxytocin, Misoprostol Ergometrine Methyl prostaglandin F2-alpha Magnesium sulphate Calcium gluconate 	 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	 Short answer Objective type
VI	10 (T)	Describe drugs used in deaddiction, emergency, poisoning, vitamins & minerals supplementation, drugs used for immunization & immune-suppression & nurse's responsibilities		 Lecture cum Discussion Drug study/ presentation 	Short answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
VII		Demonstrate awareness of common drugs used in alternative system of medicine	 Ipecac Antidotes, Anti-snake venom (ASV) Vitamins and minerals supplementation Vaccines & sera (Universal immunization program schedules) Anticancer drugs: Chemotherapeutic drugs commonly used Immuno-suppressants and Immunostimulants Introduction to drugs used in alternative systems of medicine Ayurveda, Homeopathy, Unani and Siddha etc. Drugs used for common ailments 	 Lecture cum Discussion Observational visit 	Short answerObjective type
VIII	20 (T)	Demonstrate understanding about fundamental principles of prescribing	 Fundamental principles of prescribing Prescriptive role of nurse practitioners: Introduction Legal and ethical issues related to prescribing Principles of prescribing Steps of prescribing Prescribing competencies 	Completion of module on Fundamental principles of prescribing	 Short answer Assignments evaluation

PATHOLOGY - II AND GENETICS

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER

THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours) (Includes lab hours also)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge of pathology of various disease conditions, understanding of genetics, its role in causation and management of defects and diseases and to apply this knowledge in practice of nursing.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Apply the knowledge of pathology in understanding the deviations from normal to abnormal pathology
- 2. Rationalize the various laboratory investigations in diagnosing pathological disorders
- 3. Demonstrate the understanding of the methods of collection of blood, body cavity fluids, urine and feces for various tests
- 4. Apply the knowledge of genetics in understanding the various pathological disorders
- 5. Appreciate the various manifestations in patients with diagnosed genetic abnormalities
- 6. Rationalize the specific diagnostic tests in the detection of genetic abnormalities.
- 7. Demonstrate the understanding of various services related to genetics.

COURSE OUTLINE

$\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	5 (T)	Explain pathological changes in disease conditions of various systems	Special Pathology: Pathological changes in disease conditions of selected systems 1. Kidneys and Urinary tract • Glomerulonephritis • Pyelonephritis • Renal calculi • Cystitis	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides, X-rays and scans Visit to pathology lab, endoscopy unit and OT 	Short answerObjective type
			 Renal Cell Carcinoma Renal Failure (Acute and Chronic) 2. Male genital systems Cryptorchidism Testicular atrophy Prostatic hyperplasia 		
			 Carcinoma penis and Prostate. 3. Female genital system Carcinoma cervix Carcinoma of endometrium Uterine fibroids Vesicular mole and Choriocarcinoma 		
			 Ovarian cyst and tumors 4. Breast Fibrocystic changes Fibroadenoma Carcinoma of the Breast 5. Central nervous system 		
II	5 (T)	Describe the	 Meningitis. Encephalitis Stroke Tumors of CNS Clinical Pathology	Lecture	Short answer
**		laboratory tests for examination of body cavity fluids, urine and faeces	Examination of body cavity fluids: Methods of collection and examination of CSF and other body cavity fluids (sputum, wound discharge) specimen for various clinical pathology, biochemistry and microbiology tests	 Discussion Visit to clinical lab and biochemistry lab 	Objective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(1113)				
			Analysis of semen:		
			 Sperm count, motility and morphology and their importance in infertility 		
			• Urine:		
			 Physical characteristics, Analysis, Culture and Sensitivity 		
			• Faeces:		
			o Characteristics		
			 Stool examination: Occult blood, Ova, Parasite and Cyst, Reducing substance etc. 		
			Methods and collection of urine and faeces for various tests		

GENETICS COURSE OUTLINE

T-Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	Time (Hrs) 2 (T)	Explain nature, principles and perspectives of heredity	Introduction: Practical application of genetics in nursing Impact of genetic condition on families Review of cellular division: mitosis and meiosis Characteristics and structure of genes Chromosomes: sex determination Chromosomal aberrations Patterns of inheritance Mendelian theory of inheritance Multiple allots and blood groups Sex linked inheritance Mechanism of inheritance Errors in transmission (mutation)		
II	2 (T)	Explain maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases	Maternal, prenatal and genetic influences on development of defects and diseases Conditions affecting the mother: genetic and infections Consanguinity atopy Prenatal nutrition and food allergies Maternal age	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides	Short answerObjective type

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Maternal drug therapy Prenatal testing and diagnosis Effect of Radiation, drugs and		
			 chemicals Infertility Spontaneous abortion Neural Tube Defects and the role of folic acid in lowering the risks Down syndrome (Trisomy 21) 		
III	2 (T)	Explain the screening methods for genetic defects and diseases in neonates and children	Genetic testing in the neonates and children • Screening for • Congenital abnormalities • Developmental delay • Dysmorphism	 Lecture Discussion Explain using slides	Short answerObjective type
IV	2 (T)	Identify genetic disorders in adolescents and adults	Genetic conditions of adolescents and adults Cancer genetics: Familial cancer Inborn errors of metabolism Blood group alleles and hematological disorder Genetic haemochromatosis Huntington's disease Mental illness	LectureDiscussionExplain using slides	Short answerObjective type
V	2 (T)	Describe the role of nurse in genetic services and counselling	 Services related to genetics Genetic testing Gene therapy Genetic counseling Legal and Ethical issues Role of nurse 	LectureDiscussion	Short answerObjective type

ADULT HEALTH NURSING - II WITH INTEGRATED PATHOPHYSIOLOGY including Geriatric Nursing AND PALLIATIVE CARE MODULE

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER **THEORY:** 7 Credits (140 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab (SL): 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical: 6 Credits (480 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to equip the students to review and apply their knowledge of Anatomy, Physiology, Biochemistry and Behavioral sciences in caring for adult patients with Medical/Surgical disorders using nursing process approach. It also intends to develop competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, nursing management, and supportive/palliative and rehabilitative care to adult patients with various Medical Surgical disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course the students will apply nursing process and critical thinking in delivering holistic nursing care with selected Medical and Surgical conditions.

At the completion of Adult Health Nursing II course, students will

- 1. Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, manifestations, diagnostic studies, treatments and complications of selected common medical and surgical disorders.
- 2. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care and integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in the process of data collection.
- 3. Identify diagnoses, list them according to priority and formulate nursing care plan.
- 4. Perform nursing procedures skillfully and apply scientific principles while giving comprehensive nursing care to patients.
- 5. Integrate knowledge of anatomy, physiology, pathology, nutrition and pharmacology in caring for patients experiencing various medical and surgical disorders.
- 6. Identify common diagnostic measures related to the health problems with emphasis on nursing assessment and responsibilities.
- 7. Demonstrate skill in assisting/performing diagnostic and therapeutic procedures.
- 8. Demonstrate competencies/skills to patients undergoing treatment for medical surgical disorders.
- 9. Identify the drugs used in treating patients with selected medical surgical conditions.
- 10. Plan and provide relevant individual and group education on significant medical surgical topics.
- 11. Maintain safe environment for patients and the health care personnel in the hospital.

$\label{eq:course outline} COURSE\ OUTLINE$ $T-Theory,\ L/SL-Lab/Skill\ Lab$

	hing/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I 12 (T) Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management of patients with ENT A (SL) Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and medical, surgical, nutritional and nursing management) A (SL) Review of anatomy and physiology of the ear, nose and throat A (SL) Comparison of the ear, nose and throat management of patient with disorders of Ear, Nose and Throat discrete disc	cure and ussion nonstration of ring aids, nasal ring, medication inistration t to audiology speech clinic	 MCQ Short answer Essay OSCE Assessment of skill (using checklist) Quiz Drug book

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
п	12 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of eye Describe eye donation, banking and transplantation	Nursing management of patient with disorder of eye Review of anatomy and physiology of the eye History, physical assessment, diagnostic assessment Eye Disorders Refractive errors Eyelids: infection, deformities Conjunctiva: inflammation and infection bleeding Cornea: inflammation and infection Lens: cataract Glaucoma Retinal detachment Blindness Eye donation, banking and transplantation	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of visual aids, lens, medication administration Visit to eye bank 	MCQShort EssayOSCEDrug book
III	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of Kidney and urinary system disorders Demonstrate skill in genitourinary assessment Prepare patient for genitourinary investigations Prepare and provide health education on prevention of renal calculi	Nursing management of patient with Kidney and Urinary problems Review of Anatomy and physiology of the genitourinary system History, physical assessment, diagnostic tests Urinary tract infections: acute, chronic, lower, upper Nephritis, nephrotic syndrome Renal calculi Acute and chronic renal failure Disorders of ureter, urinary bladder and Urethra Disorders of prostate: inflammation, infection, stricture, obstruction, and Benign Prostate Hypertrophy	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Case Discussion Health education Drug book Field visit – Visits hemodialysis unit 	MCQ Short Note Long essay Case report Submits health teaching on prevention of urinary calculi
IV	6 (T)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of male reproductive disorders	 Nursing management of disorders of male reproductive system Review of Anatomy and physiology of the male reproductive system History, Physical Assessment, Diagnostic tests Infections of testis, penis and adjacent structures: Phimosis, Epididymitis, and 	Lecture, DiscussionCase DiscussionHealth education	Short essay

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			retrites	Wittious
			Orchitis		
			Sexual dysfunction, infertility, contraception		
			Male Breast Disorders: gynecomastia, tumor, climacteric changes		
V	10 (T) 4 (SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, types, diagnostic measures and management of patients with disorders of burns/cosmetic surgeries and its significance	 burns, reconstructive and cosmetic surgery Review of anatomy and physiology of the skin and connective tissues History, physical assessment, assessment of burns and fluid & electrolyte loss Burns Reconstructive and cosmetic surgery for burns, congenital deformities, injuries and cosmetic purposes, gender reassignment Legal and ethical aspects Special therapies: LAD, vacuumed dressing. Laser, liposuction, skin health rejuvenation, use of derma 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of burn wound assessment, vacuum dressing and fluid calculations Visit to burn rehabilitation centers 	• OSCE • Short notes
VI	16 (T)	Explain the etiology,	filters Nursing management of patient with	Lecture and	• OSCE
	4 (L/SL)	pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with neurological disorders	 the neurological system History, physical and neurological assessment, diagnostic tests Headache, Head injuries Spinal injuries: Paraplegia, Hemiplegia, Quadriplegia 	 discussion Demonstration of physiotherapy, neuro assessment, tracheostomy care Visit to rehabilitation center, long term care clinics, EEG, NCV study unit, 	Short notesEssayDrug book
			 Spinal cord compression: herniation of in vertebral disc Intra cranial and cerebral aneurysms Meningitis, encephalitis, brain, abscess, neuro-cysticercosis Movement disorders: Chorea, Seizures & Epilepsies Cerebrovascular disorders: CVA Cranial, spinal neuropathies: Bell's palsy, trigeminal neuralgia Peripheral Neuropathies Degenerative diseases: Alzheimer's disease, Parkinson's disease Guillain-Barré syndrome, Myasthenia gravis & Multiple sclerosis 		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			11001/10100	1120110415
			 Rehabilitation of patient with neurological deficit 		
VII	12 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic tests, and medical, surgical, nutritional, and nursing management of immunological disorders Prepare and provides health education on prevention of HIV infection and rehabilitation Describe the national infection control programs	Nursing management of patients with Immunological problems Review of Immune system Nursing Assessment: History and Physical assessment HIV & AIDS: Epidemiology, Transmission, Prevention of Transmission and management of HIV/AIDS Role of Nurse; Counseling, Health education and home care consideration and rehabilitation National AIDS Control Program – NACO, various national and international agencies for infection control	 Lecture, discussion Case Discussion/ seminar Refer Module on HIV/AIDS 	
VIII	12 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, types, clinical manifestations, staging, diagnostic measures and management of patients with different cancer, treatment modalities including newer treatments	Nursing management of patient with Oncological conditions Structure and characteristics of normal and cancer cells History, physically assessment, diagnostic tests Prevention screening early detections warning sign of cancer Epidemiology, etiology classification, Pathophysiology, staging clinical manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of Oncological condition Common malignancies of various body system eye, ear, nose, larynx, breast, cervix, ovary, uterus, sarcoma, renal, bladder, kidney, prostate Brain, Spinal cord. Oncological emergencies Modalities of treatment: Chemotherapy, Radiotherapy: Radiation safety, AERB regulations, Surgical intervention, Stem cell and bone marrow transplant, Immunotherapy, Gene therapy Psychological aspects of cancer: anxiety, depression, insomnia, anger	chemotherapy preparation and administration Visit to BMT, radiotherapy units (linear accelerator, brachytherapy, etc.), nuclear medicine unit	 OSCE Essay Quiz Drug book Counseling, health teaching
			Hospice care	• Completion of palliative care	

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
				module during clinical hours (20 hours)	
IX	15 (T) 4 (L/SL)	Explain the types, policies, guidelines, prevention and management of disaster and the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with acute emergencies	Nursing management of patient in Emergency and Disaster situations Disaster Nursing Concept and principles of disaster nursing, Related Policies Types of disaster: Natural and manmade Disaster preparedness: Team, guidelines, protocols, equipment, resources Etiology, classification, Pathophysiology, staging, clinical manifestation, diagnosis, treatment modalities and medical and surgical nursing management of patient with medical and surgical emergencies — Poly trauma, Bites, Poisoning and Thermal emergencies Principles of emergency management Medico legal aspects	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of disaster preparedness (Mock drill) and triaging Filed visit to local disaster management centers or demo by fire extinguishers Group presentation (role play, skit, concept mapping) on different emergency care Refer Trauma care management/ATCN module Guided reading on National Disaster Management Authority (NDMA) guidelines 	OSCE Case presentations and case study
X	10 (T)	Explain the Concept, physiological changes, and psychosocial problems of ageing Describe the nursing management of the elderly	 Nursing care of the elderly History and physical assessment Aging process and age-related body changes and psychosocial aspects Stress and coping in elder patient Psychosocial and sexual abuse of elderly Role of family and formal and nonformal caregivers Use of aids and prosthesis (hearing aids, dentures) Legal and ethical issues National programs for elderly, privileges, community programs and health services Home and institutional care 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration of communication with visual and hearing impaired Field visit to old age homes 	Case presentations Assignment on family systems of India focusing on geriatric population
XI	15 (T) 8 (L/SL)	Explain the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients in critical care units	 Organization: physical set-up, policies, staffing norms Protocols, equipment and supplies 	 Lecture and discussion Demonstration on the use of mechanical ventilators, cardiac monitors etc. Clinical practice in 	 Objective type Short notes Case presentations Assessment of skill on monitoring of

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Use and application of critical care biomedical equipment: ventilators, cardiac monitors, defibrillators, infusion pump, Resuscitation equipment and any other Advanced Cardiac Life support Nursing management of critically ill patient Transitional care Ethical and Legal Aspects Breaking Bad News to Patients and/or their families: Communication with patient and family End of life care 	different ICUs	patients in ICU. • Written assignment on ethical and legal issues in critical care
XII	5 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic measures and management of patients with occupational/industrial health disorders	occupational and industrial disorders	Lecture and discussionIndustrial visit	Assignment on industrial health hazards

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL PRACTICUM: 6 Credits (480 Hours) – 20 weeks × 24 hours

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the clinical practicum, the students will develop proficiency in applying nursing process and critical thinking in rendering holistic nursing care including rehabilitation to the adult/geriatric patients admitted in Critical Care Units, undergoing cosmetic and reconstructive surgery and with selected medical & surgical disorders of ear, nose, throat, eye, Genitourinary, reproductive, immunologic, nervous systems and in emergency/disaster conditions.

The students will be competent to

- 1. Utilize the nursing process in providing care to the sick adults in the hospital
 - a. Perform complete health assessment to establish a data base for providing quality patient care.
 - Integrate the knowledge of diagnostic tests in patient assignment.
 - c. Identify nursing diagnoses and list them according to priority.
 - d. Formulate nursing care plan, using problem solving approach.
 - e. Apply scientific principles while giving nursing care to patients.
 - f. Develop skill in performing nursing procedures applying scientific principle.
 - g. Establish/develop interpersonal relationship with patients and family members.
 - h. Evaluate the expected outcomes and modify the plan according to the patient needs.
- 2. Provide comfort and safety to adult patients in the hospital.
- 3. Maintain safe environment for patients during hospitalization.
- 4. Explain nursing actions appropriately to the patients and family members.
- 5. Ensure patient safety while providing nursing procedures.
- Assess the educational needs of the patient and their family related to medical and surgical disorders and provide appropriate health education to patients.

- 7. Provide pre, intra and post-operative care to patients undergoing surgery.
- 8. Integrate knowledge of pathology, nutrition and pharmacology for patients experiencing selected medical and surgical disorders.
- 9. Integrate evidence-based information while giving nursing care to patients.
- 10. Demonstrate the awareness of legal and ethical issues in nursing practice.

I. Nursing Management of Patients with ENT Disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Tracheostomy care
- Instilling Ear and Nasal medications
- Bandage application

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
ENT Ward and OPD	2	Provide care to patients with ENT disorders Educate the patients and their families	 Examination of ear, nose, throat and History taking Applying bandages to Ear, Nose Tracheostomy care Preparation of patient, assisting and monitoring of patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Auditory screening tests Audiometric tests Preparing the patient and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/ posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures Instillation of drops/medication 	 ENT assessment Case study/ Clinical presentation – 1 	 Clinical evaluation OSCE Case report study/ Clinical presentation

II. Nursing Management of Patients with Eye Conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Instilling Eye medications
- Eye irrigation
- Eye bandage

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Ophthalmology unit	2	in providing care to	 History taking, Examination of eyes and interpretation Assisting procedures Visual acuity Fundoscopy, retinoscopy, ophthalmoscopy, tonometry, Refraction tests 	1	Clinical evaluationOSCEClinical presentation

t	their families	Pre and post-operative care	
		• Instillation of drops/ medication	
		Eye irrigation	
		Application of eye bandage	
		• Assisting with foreign body removal	

III. Nursing Management of Patients with Kidney and Urinary System Disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Assessment: kidney & urinary system

• Preparation: dialysis

• Catheterization and care

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Renal ward/ nephrology ward including Dialysis unit	2	Develop skill in Management of patients with urinary, male reproductive problems	 Assessment of kidney and urinary system History taking Physical examination Testicular self-examination digital rectal exam Preparation and assisting with diagnostic and therapeutic procedures Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram, Contrast studies: IVP etc. Peritoneal dialysis Hemodialysis, Lithotripsy Specific tests: Semen analysis, gonorreoea test, Renal/ Prostate Biopsy etc. Catheterization: care Bladder irrigation I/O recording and monitoring Ambulation and exercise 	 Assessment – 1 Drug presentation – 1 Care study/Clinical presentation – 1 Preparing and assisting in hemodialysis 	 Clinical evaluation Care plan OSCE Quiz Drug presentation

IV. Nursing Management of Patients with Burns and Reconstructive Surgery

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment of burns wound
- Wound dressing

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Burns unit/ reconstructive surgical unit	2	Develop skill in burns assessment and providing care to patients with different types of burns Develop skill in providing care to patients with different types of cosmetic and reconstructive surgeries	 Assessment of burns First aid of burns Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy Skin care Care of Burn wounds Bathing Dressing Pre-operative and post-operative care of patients Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery Rehabilitation 	burn wound assessment – 1 care study/case presentation – 1	 Clinical evaluation, Care study/case report

V. Nursing Management of Patients with neurological disorders

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Range of motion exercises
- Muscle strengthening exercises
- Crutch walking

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit	(weeks)	Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Neurology- medical/ Surgery wards	3	Develop skill in Management of patients with Neurological problems	 Examination Patient monitoring Prepare and assist for various invasive and non-invasive diagnostic 	euro- assessment	 Clinical evaluation Neuro assessment OSCE Case report/presentations

VI. Nursing Management of Patients with Immunological Disorders

A. Skill Lab

- Barrier Nursing
- Reverse Barrier Nursing

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Isolation ward/ Medical ward	1	Develop skill in the Management of patients with immunological disorders	 History taking Immunological status assessment (e.g. HIV) and Interpretation of specific tests Caring of patients with low immunity Practicing of standard safety measures, precautions/barrier nursing/reverse barrier/isolation skills 	 Assessment of immune status Teaching of isolation to patient and family care givers Nutritional management Care Note – 1 	Care noteQuizHealth Teaching

VII. Nursing Management of Patients with disorders of Oncological conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Application of topical medication
- Administration of chemotherapy

Clinical	Duration (weeks)	Learning	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical	Clinical	Assessment
area/unit		Outcomes	Skills	Requirements	Methods
Oncology wards (including day care radiotherapy unit)	3	Develop skill in providing care to patients with oncological disorders	 History taking & physical examination of cancer patients Screening for common cancers: TNM classification Preparation, assisting and after care patients undergoing diagnostic procedures Biopsies/FNAC Pap smear Bone-marrow aspiration Various modalities of treatment Chemotherapy Radiotherapy Pain management Stoma therapy Hormonal therapy Gene therapy Alternative therapy Stoma care and feeding Caring of patients treated with nuclear medicine Rehabilitation 	Assessment – 1 Care study/ clinical presentation – 1 Pre and post- operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment Teaching on BSE to family members Visit to palliative care unit	 Clinical evaluation Care study Quiz Drug book

VIII. Nursing Management of Patients in emergency conditions

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment: primary and secondary survey
- Trauma care: bandaging, wound care, splinting, positions

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Emergency room/ Emergency unit	2	Develop skill in providing care to patients with emergency health problems	 Practicing _triage' Primary and secondary survey in emergency Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients Documentations, assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit Managing crowd Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement 	 Triage Immediate care Use of emergency trolley 	Clinical evaluationQuiz

IX. Nursing Management of geriatric patients

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

• Use of assistive safety devices

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit		Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Geriatric ward	1	Develops skill in geriatric assessment and providing care to patients with geriatric illness	and assessment of Geriatric patient	 Geriatric assessment – 1 Care of normal and geriatric patient with illness Fall risk assessment – 1 Functional status assessment – 1 	Clinical evaluationCare plan

X. Nursing Management of Patients in critical care units

A. Skill Lab

Use of manikins and simulators

- Assessment critically ill
- ET tube set up -suction
- TT suction
- Ventilator set up
- Chest drainage
- Bag mask ventilation

- Central & Peripheral line
- Pacemaker

B. Clinical Postings

Clinical area/unit	Duration (weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Critical Care Unit	2	Develop skill in assessment of critically ill and providing care to patients with critical health conditions	 Assessment of critically ill patients Assisting in arterial puncture, ET tube intubation & extubation ABG analysis & interpretation - respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, metabolic alkalosis Setting up of Ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on a ventilator Set up of trolley with instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive Setting up of infusion pump, defibrillator, Drug administration-infusion, intracardic, intrathecal, epidural, Monitoring pacemaker ICU care bundle Management of the dying patient in the ICU 	Hemodynamic monitoring Different scales used in ICU Communicating with critically ill patients	 Clinical evaluation OSCE RASS scale assessment Use of VAE bundle VAP, CAUTI, BSI Case Presentation

PROFESSIONALISM, PROFESSIONAL VALUES & ETHICS INCLUDING BIOETHICS

PLACEMENT: IV SEMESTER THEORY: 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to develop an understanding of professionalism and demonstrate professional behavior in their workplace with ethics and professional values. Further the students will be able to identify ethical issues in nursing practice and participate effectively in ethical decision making along with health team members.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of this course, the students will be able to

- 1. Describe profession and professionalism.
- 2. Identify the challenges of professionalism.
- 3. Maintain respectful communication and relationship with other health team members, patients and society.
- 4. Demonstrate professional conduct.
- 5. Describe various regulatory bodies and professional organizations related to nursing.
- 6. Discuss the importance of professional values in patient care.
- 7. Explain the professional values and demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice.
- 8. Demonstrate and reflect on the role and responsibilities in providing compassionate care in the healthcare setting.
- 9. Demonstrate respect, human dignity and privacy and confidentiality to self, patients and their caregivers and other health team members.
- 10. Advocate for patients' wellbeing, professional growth and advancing the profession.
- 11. Identify ethical and bioethical concerns, issues and dilemmas in nursing and healthcare.
- 12. Apply knowledge of ethics and bioethics in ethical decision making along with health team members.
- 13. Protect and respect patient's rights.

COURSE OUTLINE

$\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

Un		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Tenvines	Wittious
I	5 (T)	Discuss nursing as a profession	PROFESSIONALISM	 Lecture cum Discussion 	Short answer
		Protession	Profession	Discussion	• Essay
			Definition of profession		Objective type
			Criteria of a profession		
		Describe the concepts	Nursing as a profession		
		and attributes of professionalism	Professionalism		
		professionansin	 Definition and characteristics of professionalism 		
			 Concepts, attributes and indicators of professionalism 		
			• Challenges of professionalism		
		Identify the challenges of professionalism	 Personal identity vs professional identity 		
		Maintain respectful communication and	 Preservation of self-integrity: threat to integrity, Deceiving patient: withholding information and falsifying records 	• Debate	
		relationship with other health team members, patients and society	 Communication & Relationship with team members: Respectful and open communication and relationship pertaining to relevant interests for ethical decision making 	• Role play	
		D	o Relationship with patients and society		
		Demonstrate professional conduct	Professional Conduct		
			Following ethical principles		
		Respect and maintain professional	 Adhering to policies, rules and regulation of the institutions 	. Comband	
		boundaries between patients, colleagues	Professional etiquettes and behaviours	 Case based discussion 	
		and society	Professional grooming: Uniform, Dress code		
		Describe the roles and	 Professional boundaries: Professional relationship with the patients, caregivers and team members 		
		responsibilities of regulatory bodies and professional organizations	Regulatory Bodies & Professional Organizations: Roles & Responsibilities	- I t	
			Regulatory bodies: Indian Nursing Council, State Nursing Council	Lecture cum Discussion	
			 Professional Organizations: Trained Nurses Association of India (TNAI), Student Nurses Association (SNA), Nurses League of Christian Medical Association of India, International Council of Nurses (ICN) and International Confederation of Midwives 	• Visit to INC, SNC, TNAI	Visit reports

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
II	(Hrs) 5 (T)	Discuss the importance of professional values Distinguish between personal values and professional values Demonstrate appropriate professional values in nursing practice	 Value clarification Personal and professional values	Lecture cum Discussion Value clarification exercise Interactive learning Story telling Sharing experiences Scenario based discussion	Short answer Essay Assessment of student's behavior with patients and families
III	10 (T)	Define ethics & bioethics Explain ethical principles Identify ethical concerns Ethical issues and dilemmas in health care	 Non-malencence: Patient safety, protecting patient from harm, Reporting errors Justice: Treating each person as equal Care without discrimination, equitable access to care and safety of the public Autonomy: Respects patients' autonomy, Self-determination, Freedom of choice Ethical issues and ethical dilemma: Common ethical problems Conflict of interest Paternalism 	 Lecture cum discussion Group discussion with examples Flipping/ self-directed learning Role play Story telling Sharing experiences Case based Clinical discussion Role modeling Group exercise on ethical decision-making following steps on a given scenario Assignment 	 Short answer Essay Quiz Reflective diary Case report Attitude test Assessment of assignment

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Wiethous
			Valid consent and refusal		
			Allocation of scarce nursing resources		
			Conflicts concerning new technologies		
			Whistle-blowing		
			Beginning of life issues		
			o Abortion		
			Substance abuse		
			o Fetal therapy		
			Selective deduction		
			 Intrauterine treatment of fetal conditions 		
			Mandated contraception		
			o Fetal injury		
			 Infertility treatment 		
			• End of life issues		
			○ End of life		
			o Euthanasia		
			o Do Not Resuscitate (DNR)		
			• Issues related to psychiatric care		
			o Non compliance		
			Restrain and seclusion		
			o Refuse to take food		
		Explain process of ethical decision			
		making and apply			
		knowledge of ethics and bioethics in			
		making ethical			
		decisions			
		Empleio 1 6 d.			
		Explain code of ethics stipulated by ICN and			
		INC			

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
			Process of ethical decision making		
		the patients and families to make decisions about health	• Assess the situation (collect information)		
		care	Identify the ethical problem		
			Identify the alternative decisions		
		Protect and respect patients' rights	Choose the solution to the ethical decision		
		patients rights	Implement the decision		
			Evaluate the decision		
			Ethics committee: Roles and responsibilities		
			Clinical decision making		
			Research		
			Code of Ethics		
			International Council of Nurses (ICN)		
			Indian Nursing Council		
			Patients' Bill of Rights-17 patients' rights (MoH&FW, GoI)		
			1. Right to emergency medical care		
			Right to safety and quality care according to standards		
			3. Right to preserve dignity		
			4. Right to nondiscrimination		
			5. Right to privacy and confidentiality		
			6. Right to information		
			7. Right to records and reports		
			8. Right to informed consent		
			9. Right to second opinion		
			10. Right to patient education11. Right to choose alternative treatment		
			options if available		
			12. Right to choose source for obtaining medicines or tests		
			13. Right to proper referral and transfer, which is free from perverse commercial influences		
			14. Right to take discharge of patient or receive body of deceased from hospital		
			15. Right to information on the rates to be charged by the hospital for each type of service provided and facilities available on a prominent display board and a brochure		
			16. Right to protection for patients involved in clinical trials, biomedical and health research		
			17. Right to be heard and seek redressal		

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Develop understanding of the history and modern concepts of child health and child-care.
- 2. Explore the national child welfare services, national programs and legislation in the light of National Health Policy 2017.
- 3. Describe the role of preventive pediatrics and perform preventive measures towards accidents.
- 4. Participate in national immunization programs/Universal Immunization Program (UIP).
- 5. Identify the developmental needs of children and provide parental guidance.
- 6. Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing procedures.
- Demonstrate competencies in newborn assessment, planning and implementation of care to normal and high-risk newborn including neonatal resuscitation.
- 8. Apply the principles and strategies of Integrated management of neonatal and childhood illness (IMNCI).
- 9. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with respiratory system disorders.
- 10. Identify and meet childhood emergencies and perform child CPR.

$\label{eq:course_outline} COURSE\ OUTLINE$ $T-Theory,\ L/SL-Lab/Skill\ Lab$

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Acuviues	Methods
I	, ,	Explain the modern concept of child-care Describe National policy, programs and legislation in relation to child health & welfare	 Historical development of child health Philosophy and modern concept of child-care Cultural and religious considerations in child-care National policy and legislations in relation to child health and welfare National programs and agencies related to welfare services to the children Internationally accepted rights of the child Changing trends in hospital care, 	Lecture Discussion Demonstration of common pediatric procedures	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
		Describe role of preventive pediatrics	 preventive, promotive and curative aspect of child health Preventive pediatrics: Concept Immunization 		
		pro contro poditarios	o Immunization programs and cold		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)				
	(Hrs)	List major causes of death during infancy, early & late childhood Differentiate between an adult and child in terms of illness and response Describe the major functions & role of the pediatric nurse in caring for a hospitalized child. Describe the principles of child health nursing and perform child health nursing procedures	chain. Care of under-five and Under-five Clinics/Well-baby clinics Preventive measures towards accidents Child morbidity and mortality rates Difference between an adult and child which affect response to illness Physiological Psychological Social Immunological Hospital environment for sick child Impact of hospitalization on the child and family Communication techniques for children Grief and bereavement The role of a child health nurse in caring for a hospitalized child Principles of pre and postoperative care of infants and children. Child Health Nursing procedures: Administration of medication: oral, I/M, & I/V Calculation of fluid requirement Application of restraints	Activities	Methods
			 Assessment of pain in children. FACES pain rating scale FLACC scale Numerical scale 		
П	12 (T)	Describe the normal growth and development of children at different ages Identify the needs of children at different ages & provide parental guidance Identify the nutritional needs of children at	 The Healthy Child Definition and principles of growth and development Factors affecting growth and development Growth and development from birth to adolescence Growth and developmental theories (Freud, Erickson, Jean Piaget, Kohlberg) The needs of normal children through the stages of developmental and 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Developmental study of infant and children Observation study of normal & sick child Field visit to Anganwadi, child guidance clinic Videos on breast 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of field visits and developmental study reports

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(HIS)				
		of meeting needs	 Nutritional needs of children and infants 	Clinical practice/field	
		Identify the role of play	- breast feeding		
		for normal & sick	- exclusive breast feeding		
		children	 Supplementary/artificial feeding and weaning 		
			Baby friendly hospital concept		
			Types and value of play and selection of play material		
Ш	15 (T)	Provide care to normal	Nursing care of neonate:	Modular based	• OSCE
	20 (L)	and high- risk neonates	Appraisal of Newborn	teaching: ENBC and FBNC module	Short answer
		Perform neonatal resuscitation Recognize and manage common neonatal problems	 Nursing care of a normal newborn/essential newborn care 	(oral drills, videos, self-evaluation	Objective type
			Neonatal resuscitation	exercises)	
			 Nursing management of low birth weight baby 	 Workshop on neonatal resuscitation: NRP 	
			Kangaroo mother care	module	
			 Nursing management of common neonatal disorder 	DemonstrationPractice Session	
			- Hyperbilirubinemia	Clinical practice	
			- Hypothermia		
			- Hyperthermia	Lecture Discussion	
			- Metabolic disorder		
			- Neonatal infections		
			- Neonatal seizures		
			- Respiratory distress syndrome		
			- Retinopathy of Prematurity		
			Organization of neonatal care unit		
			Neonatal equipment		
IV	10 (T) 5 (L)	Apply principles and strategies of IMNCI	Integrated management of neonatal and childhood Illnesses	Modular based teaching:	• OSCE
	3 (L)			IMNCI module	
				Clinical practice/field	
V	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology,	Nursing management in common childhood diseases	Lecture Discussion	
		clinical manifestation and nursing	Respiratory system:	Demonstration	Objective type
		management of children with disorders	 Identification and Nursing management of congenital 	 Practice session Clinical practice	 Assessment of skills with checklist
		of respiratory, and endocrine system	malformations		
			 Congenital disorders: Tracheoesophageal fistula, Diaphragmatic hernia 		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Others: Acute naso-pharyngitis, Tonsillitis, Croup, Bronchitis, Bronchiolitis, Pneumonia, Asthma Endocrine system: Juvenile Diabetes mellitus, Hypo-thyroidism 		
VI	5 (I)	Develop ability to meet child- hood emergencies and perform child CPR	 Childhood emergencies Accidents – causes and prevention, Poisoning, Foreign bodies, Hemorrhage, Burns and Drowning PLS (AHA Guidelines) 	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationPLS Module/ Workshop	• OSCE

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - I & II CLINICAL (3 Credits – 240 hours)

PLACEMENT: V & VI SEMESTER

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours)

Clinical: V SEMESTER – 2 Credits (160 hours)

VI SEMESTER – 1 Credit (80 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric.
- 2. Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders.
- 3. Provide pre & postoperative care to children with common pediatric surgical conditions/ malformation.
- 4. Perform immunization as per NIS.
- 5. Provide nursing care to critically ill children.
- 6. Give health education/nutritional education to parents.
- 7. Counsel parents according to identified counseling needs.

Skill Lab

Use of Manikins and Simulators

PLS, CPAP, Endotracheal Suction

Pediatric Nursing Procedures:

- Administration of medication Oral, IM & IV
- Oxygen administration
- Application of restraints
- Specimen collection
- Urinary catheterization and drainage
- Ostomy care
- Feeding NG, gastrostomy, Jejunostomy
- Wound dressing
- Suture removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS

8 weeks \times 30 hours per week (5 weeks + 3 weeks)

Clinical area/unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Pediatric Medical Ward	V Sem – 2 weeks VI Sem – 1 week	Provide nursing care to children with various medical disorders	 Taking pediatric history Physical examination & assessment of children Administration of oral, I/M, & I/V medicine/fluids Calculation of fluid replacement Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids Application of restraints Administration of O₂ inhalation by different methods Baby bath/sponge bath Feeding children by Katori spoon, Paladai cup Collection of specimens for common investigations Assisting with common diagnostic procedures Teaching mothers/ parents Malnutrition Oral rehydration therapy Feeding & Weaning Immunization schedule Play therapy 	 Nursing care plan – 1 Case study presentation – 1 Health talk – 1 	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation & health education session Completion of activity record
Pediatric Surgical Ward	V Sem – 2 weeks VI Sem – 1 week	Recognize different pediatric surgical conditions/ malformations Provide pre & post-operative care to children with common paediatric surgical conditions/ malformation Counsel & educate parents	 Calculation, preparation & administration of I/V fluids Bowel wash, insertion of suppositories Care for ostomies: Colostomy Irrigation Ureterostomy Enterostomy Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding Naso-gastric Gastrostomy 	 Nursing care plan – 1 Case study/ presentation – 1 	Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist OSCE/OSPE Evaluation of case study/ presentation Completion of activity record

Clinical area/unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			 Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds Dressing Suture removal 		
Pediatric OPD/ Immunization room	V Sem – 1 week	 Perform assessment of children: health, developmental & anthropometric Perform immunization Give health education/ nutritional education 	 Assessment of children Health assessment Developmental assessment Anthropometric assessment Nutritional assessment Immunization Health/Nutritional education 	 Growth and developmental study: Infant - 1 Toddler - 1 Preschooler - 1 Schooler - 1 Adolescent - 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Completion of activity record.
NICU & PICU	VI Sem – 1 week	Provide nursing care to critically ill children	 Care of a baby in incubator/warmer Care of a child on ventilator, CPAP Endotracheal Suction Chest Physiotherapy Administration of fluids with infusion pumps Total Parenteral Nutrition Phototherapy Monitoring of babies Recording & reporting Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation (PLS) 	 Newborn assessment – 1 Nursing Care Plan – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of observation report Completion of activity record

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER **THEORY:** 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to develop basic understanding of the principles and standards of mental health nursing and skill in application of nursing process in assessment and care of patients with mental health disorders.

 $\begin{tabular}{ll} \textbf{COMPETENCIES:} On completion of the course, the students will be competent to \\ \end{tabular}$

- 1. Trace the historical development of mental health nursing and discuss its scope.
- 2. Identify the classification of the mental disorders.
- 3. Develop basic understanding of the principles and concepts of mental health nursing.

- 4. Apply the Indian Nursing Council practice standards for psychiatric mental health nursing in supervised clinical settings.
- 5. Conduct mental health assessment.
- 6. Identify and maintain therapeutic communication and nurse patient relationship.
- 7. Demonstrate knowledge of the various treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders.
- 8. Apply nursing process in delivering care to patients with mental disorders.
- 9. Provide nursing care to patients with schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- 10. Provide nursing care to patients with mood disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/therapies used.
- 11. Provide nursing care to patients with neurotic disorders based on assessment findings and treatment/ therapies used.

T-Theory

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
I	6 (T)	Describe the historical development & current trends in mental health nursing Discuss the scope of mental health nursing Describe the concept of normal & abnormal behaviour	 Introduction Perspectives of Mental Health and Mental Health Nursing, evolution of mental health services, treatments and nursing practices Mental health team Nature & scope of mental health nursing Role & functions of mental health nurse in various settings and factors affecting the level of nursing practice Concepts of normal and abnormal behaviour 	Lecture cum Discussion	EssayShort answer
П	10 (T)	Define the various terms used in mental health Nursing Explain the classification of mental disorders Explain the psychodynamics of maladaptive behaviour Discuss the etiological factors & psychopathology of mental disorders Explain the principles and standards of Mental health Nursing Describe the conceptual models of mental health nursing	Principles and Concepts of Mental Health Nursing Definition: mental health nursing and terminology used Classification of mental disorders: ICD11, DSM5, Geropsychiatry manual classification Review of personality development, defense mechanisms Etiology bio-psycho-social factors Psychopathology of mental disorders: review of structure and function of brain, limbic system and abnormal neurotransmission Principles of Mental health Nursing Ethics and responsibilities Practice Standards for Psychiatric Mental Health Nursing (INC practice standards) Conceptual models and the role of nurse: Existential model	Discussion Explain using Charts	• Essay • Short answer

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
			 Psychoanalytical models Behavioural model Interpersonal model Preventive psychiatry and rehabilitation 		
III	6 (T)	Describe nature, purpose and process of assessment of mental health status	 Mental Health Assessment History taking Mental status examination Mini mental status examination Neurological examination Investigations: Related Blood chemistry, EEG, CT & MRI Psychological tests 	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Practice session Clinical practice 	EssayShort answerAssessment of mental health status
V	6 (T)	Identify therapeutic communication & techniques Describe therapeutic relationship Describe therapeutic impasses and its interventions Explain treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders and role of the nurse	Therapeutic Communication and Nurse-Patient Relationship Therapeutic communication: Types, techniques, characteristics and barriers Therapeutic nurse-patient relationship Interpersonal relationship- Elements of nurse patient contract, Review of technique of IPR- Johari window Therapeutic impasse and its management Treatment modalities and therapies used in mental disorders Physical therapies: Psychopharmacology,	 Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Role Play Process recording Simulation (video) Lecture cum Discussion Demonstration Group work 	 Essay Short answer OSCE Essay Short answer Objective type
VI	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics/ pathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders	 Electro Convulsive therapy Psychological Therapies: Psychotherapy, Behaviour therapy, CBT Psychosocial: Group therapy, Family therapy, Therapeutic Community, Recreational therapy, Art therapy (Dance, Music etc), Occupational therapy Alternative & Complementary: Yoga, Meditation, Relaxation Consideration for special populations Nursing management of patient with Schizophrenia, and other psychotic disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/formulations 	 Group work Practice session Clinical practice Lecture and Discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
			Nursing process		
			 Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment 		
			 Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with Schizophrenia and other psychotic disorders 		
			 Geriatric considerations and considerations for special populations 		
			 Follow up and home care and rehabilitation 		
VII	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho-dynamics,	Nursing management of patient with mood disorders	Lecture and Discussion	• Essay
		clinical	Prevalence and incidence	Case discussion	• Short answer
		manifestations, diagnostic criteria	Mood disorders: Bipolar affective	• Case presentation	 Assessment of patient
		and management of patients with mood disorders	disorder, mania depression and dysthymia etc.	Clinical practice	management problems
		uisorucis	 Etiology, psycho dynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnosis 		
			 Nursing Assessment History, Physical and mental assessment 		
			 Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with mood disorders 		
			 Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations 		
			 Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		
VIII	8 (T)	psycho-dynamics, clinical	Nursing management of patient with neurotic, stress related and somatisation disorders	Lecture and DiscussionCase discussion	EssayShort answer
		manifestations, diagnostic criteria	Prevalence and incidence	• Case presentation	• Assessment of patient
		and management of	• classifications	Clinical practice	management
		patients with neurotic, stress related and somatization disorders	 Anxiety disorders – OCD, PTSD, Somatoform disorders, Phobias, Disassociative and Conversion disorders 	• Chinical practice	problems
			 Etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestation, diagnostic criteria/ formulations 		
			 Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental assessment 		
			 Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with neurotic and stress related disorders 		
			 Geriatric considerations/ considerations for special populations 		
			 Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation 		

CLINICAL PRACTICUM MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I & II

PLACEMENT: SEMESTER V & VI

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - I – 1 Credit (80 hours)

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II – 2 Credits (160 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Assess patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 2. Observe and assist in various treatment modalities or therapies
- 3. Counsel and educate patients and families
- 4. Perform individual and group psychoeducation
- 5. Provide nursing care to patients with mental health problems/disorders
- 6. Motivate patients in the community for early treatment and follow up
- 7. Observe the assessment and care of patients with substance abuse disorders in deaddiction centre.

CLINICAL POSTINGS

$(8 \text{ weeks} \times 30 \text{ hours per week} = 240 \text{ hours})$

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Skills/Procedural Competencies	Clinical Requirements	Assessments Methods
Psychiatric OPD	2	 Assess patients with mental health problems Observe and assist in therapies Counsel and educate patients, and families 	 History taking Perform mental status examination (MSE) Observe/practice Psychometric assessment Perform Neurological examination Observing and assisting in therapies Individual and group psychoeducation Mental hygiene practice education Family psycho-education 	 History taking and Mental status examination – 2 Health education – 1 Observation report of OPD 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of health education Assessment of observation report Completion of activity record
Child Guidance clinic	1	 Assess children with various mental health problems Counsel and educate children, families and significant others 	 History & mental status examination Observe/practice psychometric assessment Observe and assist in various therapies Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency 	 Case work – 1 Observation report of different therapies – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist Evaluation of the observation report
Inpatient ward	4	 Assess patients with mental health problems Provide nursing care for patients with various 	 History taking Mental status examination (MSE) Neurological examination Assisting in psychometric 	 Give care to 2-3 patients with various mental disorders Case study – 1 	 Assess performance with rating scale Assess each skill with checklist

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Skills/Procedural Competencies	Clinical Requirements	Assessments Methods
		mental health problems • Assist in various therapies • Counsel and educate patients, families and significant others	 assessment Recording therapeutic communication Administration of medications Assist Electro-Convulsive Therapy (ECT) Participating in all therapies Preparing patients for Activities of Daily Living (ADL) Conducting admission and discharge counselling Counseling and teaching patients and families 	 Care plan Clinical presentation – 1 Process recording – 2 Maintain drug book 	 Evaluation of the case study, care plan, clinical presentation, process recording Completion of activity record
Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre	1	 Identify patients with various mental disorders Motivate patients for early treatment and follow up Assist in follow up clinic Counsel and educate patient, family and community Observe the assessment and care of patients at deaddiction centre 	 Conduct home visit and case work Identifying individuals with mental health problems Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community Observing deaddiction care 	 Case work – 1 Observation report on field visits Visit to deaddiction centre 	 Assess performance with rating scale Evaluation of case work and observation report Completion of activity record

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - I including Environmental Science & Epidemiology

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours) includes Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students develop broad perspectives of health, its determinants, about community health nursing and understanding about the health care delivery services, health care policies and regulations in India. It helps the students to develop knowledge and understanding of environmental science. It further helps them to apply the principles and concepts of BCC and health education for health promotion and maintenance of health within the community in wellness and illness continuum. It helps students to practice Community Health Nursing for the individuals, family and groups at rural, urban and tribal settings by applying principles of community health nursing and epidemiological approach. It also helps the students to develop knowledge and competencies required to screen, assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients appropriately in various health care settings. It prepares the students to provide primary healthcare to clients of all ages in the community, DH, PHC, CHC, SC/HWC and develop beginning skills in participating in all the National Health Programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- 1. Explore the evolution of public health in India and community health nursing
- 2. Explain the concepts and determinants of health
- 3. Identify the levels of prevention and health problems of India
- 4. Develop basic understanding about the health care planning and the present health care delivery system in India at various levels
- 5. Locate the significance of primary health care and comprehensive primary health care as part of current health care delivery system focus
- 6. Discuss health care policies and regulations in India
- 7. Demonstrate understanding about an overview of environmental science, environmental health and sanitation
- 8. Demonstrate skill in nutritional assessment for different age groups in the community and provide appropriate nutritional counseling
- 9. Provide health education to individuals and families applying the principles and techniques of behavior change appropriate to community settings
- 10. Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts
- 11. Describe the role and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel
- 12. Utilize the knowledge and skills in providing comprehensive primary health care across the life span at various settings
- 13. Make effective home visits applying principles and methods used for home visiting
- 14. Use epidemiological approach in community diagnosis
- 15. Utilize the knowledge of epidemiology, epidemiological approaches in caring for people with communicable and non-communicable diseases
- 16. Investigate an epidemic of communicable diseases
- 17. Assess, diagnose, manage and refer clients for various communicable and non-communicable diseases appropriately at the primary health care level
- 18. Identify and perform the roles and responsibilities of nurses in implementing various national health programs in the community for the prevention, control and management of communicable and non-communicable diseases particularly in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility/First Referral Unit (FRU)

COURSE OUTLINE

T-Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	4 (T)	Define public health, community health and community health nursing Explain the evolution of public health in India and scope of community health nursing Explain various concepts of health and disease, dimensions and determinants of health Explain the natural history of disease and levels of prevention Discuss the health	 Health and Community Health Nursing Definition of public health, community health and community health nursing Public health in India and its evolution and Scope of community health nursing 	 Lecture Discussion Explain using chart, graphs Community needs assessment (Field survey on identification of demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community) Explain using examples 	Short answerEssayObjective typeSurvey report

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
		problems of India	tertiary prevention – Review		
			Health problems (Profile) of India		
II	8 (T)	Describe health planning and its steps, and various health	Health Care Planning and Organization of Health Care at various levels	LectureDiscussion	Short answerEssay
		plans, and committees	Health planning steps	• Field visits to CHC, PHC, SC/ Health Wellness Centers (HWC)	 Evaluation of Field visit
			Health planning in India: various committees and commissions on health and family welfare and Five Year plans	, ,	reports & presentation
		Discuss health care delivery system in India at various levels	Participation of community and stakeholders in health planning		
			Health care delivery system in India: Infrastructure and Health sectors, Delivery of health services at sub-centre (SC), PHC, CHC, District level, state level and national level	 Directed reading 	
		Describe SDGs, primary health care and comprehensive primary health care (CPHC)	Sustainable development goals (SDGs), Primary Health Care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC): elements, principles	o Breeted reading	
			CPHC through SC/Health Wellness Center (HWC)		
		Evaloia 1 141	Role of MLHP/CHPNational Health Care		
		Explain health care policies and regulations in India	Policies and Regulations o National Health Policy		
		105ulauono in muia	(1983, 2002, 2017)		
			o National Health Mission (NHM): National Rural Health Mission (NRHM), National Urban Health Mission (NUHM), NHM		
			National Health Protection Mission (NHPM)		
			o Ayushman Bharat		
			o Universal Health Coverage		
III	15 (T)	Identify the role of an individual in the	Environmental Science, Environmental Health, and	• Lecture	Short answer

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
Unit		conservation of natural resources Describe ecosystem, its structure, types and functions Explain the classification, value and threats to biodiversity Enumerate the causes,	 Sanitation Natural resources: Renewable and non- renewable resources, natural resources and associated problems: Forest resources, water resources, mineral resources, food resources, energy resources and land resources Role of individuals in conservation of natural resources, and equitable use of resources for sustainable lifestyles Ecosystem: Concept, structure and functions of ecosystems, Types & Characteristics – Forest ecosystem, Grassland ecosystem, Desert ecosystem, Aquatic ecosystem, Energy flow in ecosystem Biodiversity: Classification, value of bio-diversity, threats to biodiversity, conservation of biodiversity Environmental pollution: Introduction, causes, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil 		Assessment Methods • Essay • Field visit reports
		biodiversity	Introduction, causes, effects and control measures of Air pollution, Water pollution, Soil pollution, Marine pollution, Noise pollution, Thermal pollution, nuclear hazards & their impact on	Visits to water supply &	
		Discuss about climate	health • Climate change, global warming: ex. heat wave, acid rain, ozone layer depletion, waste land reclamation & its impact on health		
		change, global warming, acid rain, and ozone layer depletion	Social issues and environment: sustainable development, urban problems related to energy, water and environmental ethics		
		Enumerate the role of an individual in creating awareness about the social issues related to environment	Acts related to environmental protection and preservation		
			Environmental Health &		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	172011043
	(Hrs)	List the Acts related to environmental protection and preservation Describe the concept of environmental health and sanitation Describe water conservation, rain water harvesting and water shed management Explain waste management	Sanitation Concept of environment health and sanitation Concept of safe water, sources of water, waterborne diseases, water purification processes, household purification of water Physical and chemical standards of drinking water quality and tests for assessing bacteriological quality of water Concepts of water conservation: rain water harvesting and water shed management Concept of Pollution prevention Air & noise pollution Role of nurse in prevention of pollution Solid waste management, human excreta disposal & management and sewage disposal and management		
IV	7 (T)	Describe the various nutrition assessment methods at the community level Plan and provide diet plans for all age groups including therapeutic diet Provide nutrition counseling and education to all age groups and describe	 Commonly used insecticides and pesticides Nutrition Assessment and Nutrition Education Review of Nutrition Concepts, types Meal planning: aims, steps & diet plan for different age groups Nutrition assessment of individuals, families and community by using appropriate methods Planning suitable diet for individuals and families according to local availability of foods, dietary habits and economic status General nutritional advice Nutrition education: purpose, principles & methods and Rehabilitation 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Market visit Nutritional assessment for different age groups Lecture Discussion 	 Performance assessment of nutrition assessment for different age groups Evaluation on nutritional assessment reports Short answer Essay

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
		the national nutrition programs and	Review: Nutritional deficiency disorders		
		Identify early the food	 National nutritional policy & programs in India 		
		borne diseases, and perform initial	Food Borne Diseases and Food Safety		
		management and referral appropriately	Food borne diseases		
			 Definition, & burden, Causes and classification 		
			• Signs & Symptoms		
			• Transmission of food borne pathogens & toxins		
			Early identification, initial management and referral		
			Food poisoning & food intoxication		
			Epidemiological features/clinical characteristics, Types of food poisoning	Field visits to milk purification plants, slaughterhouse	• Field visit reports
			• Food intoxication-features, preventive & control measures	Refer Nutrition module-BPCCHN Block 2-unit I & UNIT 5	
			 Public health response to food borne diseases 		
V	6 (T)	Describe behaviour change communication skills	Communication management and Health Education	LectureDiscussion	Short answerEssay
			Behaviour change communication skills	Role playDemonstration: BCC skills	
			o communication	Supervised field practice	
			o Human behaviour	Refer: BCC/SBCC module	
			 Health belief model: concepts & definition, ways to influence behaviour 	(MoHFW & USAID)	
			 Steps of behaviour change 		
			 Techniques of behaviour change: Guiding principles in planning BCC activity 		
			o Steps of BCC		
		Counsel and provide health education to individuals, families and community for promotion of healthy	 Social and Behaviour Change Communication strategies (SBCC): techniques to collect social history from clients 		Performance evaluation of
		life style practices	o Barriers to effective		health

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		using appropriate methods and media	communication, and methods to overcome them • Health promotion and Health education: methods/techniques, and audio-visual aids		education sessions to individuals and families
VI	7 (T)	Describe community health nursing approaches and concepts	Community health nursing approaches, concepts, roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel • Approaches: ○ Nursing process	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationRole plays	Short answerEssays
		Describe and identify the activities of community health nurse to promote and maintain family health through home visits	 Epidemiological approach Problem solving approach Evidence based approach Empowering people to care for themselves Review: Primary health care and Comprehensive Primary Health Care (CPHC) Home Visits: Concept, Principles, Process, & Techniques: Bag technique Qualities of Community Health Nurse Roles and responsibilities of community health nursing personnel in family health services Review: Principles & techniques of counseling 	Supervised field practice	Assessment of supervised field practice
VII	10 (T)	Explain the specific activities of community health nurse in assisting individuals and groups to promote and maintain their health	Assisting individuals and families to promote and maintain their health A. Assessment of individuals and families (Review from Child health nursing, Medical surgical nursing and OBG Nursing) • Assessment of children, women, adolescents, elderly etc.	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role plays 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of clinical performance in the field practice area

C	(Hrs)		Children: Monitoring	Activities	Methods
			growth and development, milestones		
			 Anthropometric measurements, BMI 		
			Social development		Assessment of
			• Temperature and Blood pressure monitoring		procedural skills in lab procedures
			Menstrual cycle		•
			Breast self-examination (BSE) and testicles self- examination (TSE)		
			 Warning Signs of various diseases 		
			• Tests: Urine for sugar and albumin, blood sugar, Hemoglobin		
			B. Provision of health services/primary health care:		
			• Routine check-up, Immunization, counseling, and diagnosis		
			 Management of common diseases at home and health centre level 		
		5	 Care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MoH&FW 		
		Provide primary care at home/ health centers (HWC) using standing orders/ protocols as	 Drugs dispensing and injections at health centre 		
			C. Continue medical care and follow up in community for various diseases/disabilities		
			D. Carry out therapeutic procedures as prescribed/required for client and family		
			E. Maintenance of health records and reports		
			Maintenance of client records		
		Develop skill in	• Maintenance of health records at the facility level		
		maintenance of	 Report writing and documentation of activities carried out during home visits, in the clinics/centers and field visits 	Document and maintain:Individual records	Evaluation of records and reports

Unit		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
			F. Sensitize and handle social issues affecting health and development of the family	Family recordsHealth center records	
			Women empowerment		
			Women and child abuse		
		Develop beginning	Abuse of elders		
		skills in handling social issues affecting	Female foeticide		
		the health and development of the	Commercial sex workers		
		family	Substance abuse		
		,	G. Utilize community resources for client and family		
			Trauma services		
		Identify and assist the	Old age homes		
		Identify and assist the families to utilize the	Orphanages		• Evaluation of
		community resources appropriately	Homes for physically challenged individuals	• Field visits	field visit reports
			Homes for destitute		
			Palliative care centres		
			Hospice care centres		
			Assisted living facility		
VIII	10 (T)	Describe the concepts, approaches and methods of epidemiology	Introduction to Epidemiology – Epidemiological Approaches and Processes	LectureDiscussionDemonstration	 Short answer Essay Report on visit
			Epidemiology: Concept and Definition	Role play	to communicable
			• Distribution and frequency of disease	Field visits: communicable disease hospital & Entomology office	disease hospital
			Aims & uses of epidemiology		• Report on visit to entomology office
			Epidemiological models of causation of disease		
			Concepts of disease transmission		
			Modes of transmission: Direct, Indirect and chain of infection		
			Time trends or fluctuations in disease occurrence		
			Epidemiological approaches: Descriptive, analytical and experimental		
			Principles of control measures/levels of	Investigation of an epidemic of	

Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
		prevention of disease Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease	communicable disease	• Report and presentation on
	Investigate an epidemic of communicable disease	Use of basic epidemiological tools to make community diagnosis for effective planning and intervention		investigating an epidemic of communicable disease
15 (T)	epidemiology of	1. Communicable Diseases – Vector borne diseases (Every disease will be dealt under		 Field visit reports Assessment of family case study OSCE assessment Short answer Essay
	(Hrs)	Investigate an epidemic of communicable disease 15 (T) Explain the epidemiology of specific communicable diseases Describe the various methods of prevention, control and management of communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, diagnosing, primary management and referral to a health	Investigate an epidemic of communicable disease Investigate an epidemic of communicable disease Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease Use of basic epidemiological tools to make community diagnosis for effective planning and intervention Communicable Diseases and National Health Programs I. Communicable Diseases and National Health Programs I. Communicable Diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines) Epidemiology of the following vector born diseases in screening, diagnosing, primary management and referral to a health facility Figure 1. Communicable Diseases and National Health Programs I. Communicable Diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following vector born diseases) Figure 2. Communicable diseases: Prevention & control measures Screening, and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up Malaria Filaria Kala-azar Japanese encephalitis Dengue Chickungunya Communicable diseases: Infectious diseases (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines) Epidemiological tools to make community diseases will be dealt under the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up Leprosy Tuberculosis Vaccine preventable diseases — Diphtheria, whooping cough,	Investigate an epidemic of communicable disease Investigation of an epidemic of communicable disease Use of basic epidemiology of specific communicable disease Use of basic epidemiology of specific communicable diseases Use of basic epidemiology of the following headlines) Describe the various methods of prevention control and management of communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening diagnosing, primary management and referral to a health facility Screening, and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up O Malaria Filaria O Kala-azar O Japanese encephalitis Dengue O Chickungunya Dengue Dengue O Chickungunya Dengue Dengu

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
			and measles		
			o Enteric fever		
			 Viral hepatitis 		
			o HIV/AIDS/RTI infections		
			 HIV/AIDS, and Sexually Transmitted Diseases/ Reproductive tract infections (STIs/RTIs) 		
			o Diarrhoea		
			 Respiratory tract infections 		
			o COVID-19		
			 Helminthic – soil & food transmitted and parasitic infections – Scabies and pediculosis 		
			3. Communicable diseases: Zoonotic diseases		
			• Epidemiology of Zoonotic diseases		
			 Prevention & control measures 		
			 Screening and diagnosing the following conditions, primary management, referral and follow up 		
			 Rabies: Identify, suspect, primary management and referral to a health facility 		
			Role of a nurses in control of communicable diseases		
		Identify the national	National Health Programs		
	he re cc di th in	health programs relevant to communicable diseases and explain the role of nurses in implementation of these programs	1. UIP: Universal Immunization Program (Diphtheria, Whooping cough, Tetanus, Poliomyelitis, Measles and Hepatitis B)		
			National Leprosy Eradication Program (NLEP)		
			3. Revised National Tuberculosis Control Program (RNTCP)		
			4. Integrated Disease Surveillance Program (IDSP): Enteric fever, Diarrhea, Respiratory		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)			Activities	Methods
			infections and Scabies		
			5. National Aids Control Organization (NACO)		
			6. National Vector Borne Disease Control Program		
			7. National Air Quality Monitoring Program		
			Any other newly added program		
X 1	15 (T)	Describe the national health program for the control of non-communicable diseases and the role of nurses in screening, identification, primary management and referral to a health facility	Non-Communicable Diseases and National Health Program (NCD) National response to NCDs (Every disease will be dealt under the following headlines Epidemiology of specific diseases Prevention and control measures Screening, diagnosing/ identification and primary management, referral and follow up care NCD-1 Diabetes Mellitus Hypertension Cardiovascular diseases Stroke & Obesity Blindness: Categories of visual impairment and national program for control of blindness Deafness: national program for prevention and control of deafness Injury and accidents: Risk factors for Road traffic injuries and operational guidelines for trauma care facility on highways NCD-2 Cancers Cervical Cancer Breast Cancer Oral cancer	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with non-communicable diseases 	 Field visit reports Assessment of family case study OSCE assessment Short answer Essay

Unit	Time	Lagraing Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning	Assessment
Umt		Learning Outcomes	Content		Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	
			Causes, Prevention, Screening, diagnosis – signs, Signs & symptoms, and early management & referral		
			o Palliative care		
			 Role of a nurse in non- communicable disease control program 	Participation in national health programs	
			National Health Programs		
			National program for prevention and control of cancer, Diabetes, Cardiovascular Diseases and Stroke (NPCDCS)		
			National program for control of blindness		
			 National program for prevention and control of deafness 		
			National tobacco control program		
			 Standard treatment protocols used in National Health Programs 		
XI	3 (T)	Enumerate the school	School Health Services	• Lecture	Short answer
		health activities and the role functions of a	Objectives	• Discussion	• Essay
		school health nurse	Health problems of school	Demonstration	• Evaluation of
			children	Role play	health counseling to
			Components of school health services	Suggested field visits	school children
			Maintenance of school health records	Field practice	• Screen, diagnose,
			Initiation and planning of school health services		manage and refer school children
			Role of a school health nurse		• OSCE assessment

Note: Lab hours less than 1 Credit is not specified separately.

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

CLINICAL: 2 Credits (160 hours)

CLINICAL POSTINGS: (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
Area/Unit	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
Urban		Build and maintain rapport	Interviewing skills using communication and	• Community needs assessment/ Survey	 Evaluation of survey report

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			interpersonal relationship	– Rural/urban – 1	
Rural	2 Weeks			Field visits:	
		Identify the socio- demographic characteristics, health determinants and resources of a rural and an urban community	Conducting community needs assessment/survey to identify health determinants of a community	 SC/HWC, PHC, CHC Water resources & purification site – water quality standards 	 Evaluation of field visit and observation reports
				Rain water harvesting	
				Sewage disposal	
		Observe the functioning		Observation of	
		and document significant observations	Observation skills	• milk diary	
				slaughterhouse – meat hygiene	
				Observation of nutrition programs	
				Visit to market	
		Perform nutritional assessment and plan diet plan for adult	Nutritional assessment skills	 Nutritional assessment of an individual (adult) – 1 Health teaching 	W 11 . 11
		Educate individuals/ family/community on		(Adult) – 1 • Use of audio-visual	Health talk evaluation
		- Nutrition	Skill in teaching individual/family on:	aids	
		- Hygiene	Nutrition, including food	o Flash cards	
		- Food hygiene	hygiene and safety	o Posters	
		- Healthy lifestyle	Healthy lifestyle	Flannel graphFlip charts	
		- Health promotion	Health promotion	 Health assessment 	
		Perform health assessment for clients of various age groups	Health assessment including nutritional assessment for	of woman - 1, infant/under five - 1, adolescent - 1, adult - 1	
			clients of different age groups	• Growth monitoring of under-five children – 1	Assessment of clinical
				Document and maintain:	performance
				Individual record	
				Family record	
		Maintain records and reports	Documentation skills	 Health center record Community health survey to investigate an epidemic – 1 	 Evaluations of
					reports &

Clinical Area/Unit	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Investigate epidemic of communicable disease Identify prevalent communicable and noncommunicable diseases Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common health problems in the community and refer high risk clients using standing orders/protocols	 Investigating an epidemic – Community health survey Screening, diagnosing, primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of high-risk clients to FRUs Conduct home visit 	 Participation in any two national health programs 	Clinical performance assessment OSCE Final clinical examination
		Participate in implementation of national health programs	Participation in implementation of national health programs	Participation in school health program – 1	 Evaluation of home visit
		Participate in school health program	Participation in school health program		

EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/NURSING EDUCATION

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Practical: 1 Credit (40 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help the students to develop knowledge, attitude and beginning competencies essential for applying basic principles of teaching and learning among individuals and groups both in educational and clinical settings. It also introduces basics of curriculum planning and organization. It further enables students to participate actively in team and collaborative learning.

- 1. Develop basic understanding of theoretical foundations and principles of teaching and learning
- 2. Identify the latest approaches to education and learning
- 3. Initiate self- assessment to identify one's own learning styles
- 4. Demonstrate understanding of various teaching styles that can be used, based on the learners' readiness and generational needs
- 5. Develop understanding of basics of curriculum planning, and organizing
- 6. Analyze and use different teaching methods effectively that are relevant to student population and settings
- Make appropriate decisions in selection of teaching learning activities integrating basic principles

- 8. Utilize active learning strategies that enhance critical thinking, team learning and collaboration
- 9. Engage in team learning and collaboration through inter professional education
- 10. Integrate the principles of teaching and learning in selection and use of educational media/technology
- 11. Apply the principles of assessment in selection and use of assessment and evaluation strategies
- 12. Construct simple assessment tools/tests integrating cognitive, psychomotor and affective domains of learning that can measure knowledge and competence of students
- 13. Develop basic understanding of student guidance through mentoring and academic advising
- 14. Identify difficult situations, crisis and disciplinary/grievance issues experienced by students and provide appropriate counseling
- 15. Engage in ethical practice in educational as well as clinical settings based on values, principles and ethical standards
- 16. Develop basic understanding of evidence-based teaching practices

T - Theory, P - Practical (Laboratory)

Unit	Jnit Time (Hrs.)		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods	
	Т	P					
I	6	3	Explain the definition, aims, types, approaches and scope of educational technology Compare and contrast the various educational philosophies Explain the teaching learning process, nature, characteristics	Introduction and Theoretical Foundations: Education and educational technology Definition, aims Approaches and scope of educational technology Latest approaches to education: Transformational education Relationship based education Competency based education Educational philosophy: Definition of philosophy, education and philosophy Comparison of educational philosophies Philosophy of nursing education Teaching learning process: Definitions	Lecture cum discussion	• Quiz	
			and principles	 Teaching learning as a process Nature and characteristics of teaching and learning Principles of teaching and learning Barriers to teaching and learning Learning theories Latest approaches to learning Experiential learning 			

Unit	Ti	me	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(H	rs.)			Acuvities	Wiethous
	T	P				
				 Reflective learning Scenario based learning Simulation based learning Blended learning 	Group exercise: • Create/discuss scenario-based exercise	Assessment of Assignment: • Learning theories – analysis of any one
II	6	6	Identify essential	Assessment and Planning	Lecture cum	Short answer
			qualities/attributes of a teacher	Assessment of teacher	discussion	Objective type
			Describe the teaching	Essential qualities of a teacher		3 71
			styles of faculty Explain the determinants of	Teaching styles – Formal authority, demonstrator, facilitator, delegator		
			learning and initiates self-assessment to	Assessment of learner	Self-assessment	
			identify own learning	Types of learners	exercise:	
			style	Determinants of learning – learning needs, readiness to learn, learning styles	• Identify your learning style using any learning style	
			Identify the factors that motivate the	Today's generation of learners and their skills and attributes	inventory (ex. Kolb's learning style inventory)	
			learner Define curriculum and	Emotional intelligence of the learner	Lecture cum discussion	
			classify types Identify the factors	 Motivational factors – personal factors, environmental factors and support system 		
			influencing curriculum development	Curriculum Planning		
			1	• Curriculum – definition, types		
			Develop skill in writing learning	Curriculum design – components, approaches		
			outcomes, and lesson plan	Curriculum development – factors influencing curriculum development, facilitators and barriers	Individual/group exercise:	
				Writing learning outcomes/ behavioral objectives	Writing learning outcomes Praparation of a	Assessment of Assignment:
				Basic principles of writing course plan, unit plan and lesson plan	Preparation of a lesson plan	• Individual/ Group
III	8	15	Explain the principles	Implementation	Lecture cum Discussion	Short answer
			and strategies of classroom management	Teaching in Classroom and Skill lab – Teaching Methods	Discussion	Objective type
				Classroom management-principles and strategies		
				Classroom communication		
				o Facilitators and Barriers to classroom communication		

Unit	Ti	me	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(H	rs.)			Activities	Wiethous
	T	P				
				Information communication technology (ICT) – ICT used in education		
			Describe different	Teaching methods – Features, advantages and disadvantages		
			methods/strategies of teaching and develop beginning skill in	Lecture, Group discussion, microteaching	Practice teaching/Micro	Assessment of microteaching
				• Skill lab – simulations, Demonstration & re-demonstration	teaching • Exercise (Peer	
				• Symposium, panel discussion, seminar, scientific workshop, exhibitions	teaching) • Patient teaching session	
				Role play, project		
				• Field trips		
				Self-directed learning (SDL)		
				Computer assisted learning		
				One-to-one instruction		
				Active learning strategies		
			Explain active	Team based learning		
			-	Problem based learning	 Construction of game – puzzle Teaching in groups 	
			team and collaborative	• Peer sharing		
			learning	Case study analysis		
				Journaling	- interdisciplinary	
				• Debate		
				• Gaming		
				Inter-professional education		
IV	3	3	Enumerate the factors influencing selection	Teaching in the Clinical Setting – Teaching Methods	Lecture cum discussion	• Short answer
			of clinical learning experiences	Clinical learning environment		
				Factors influencing selection of clinical learning experiences		
				Practice model		
				Characteristics of effective clinical teacher		
				Writing clinical learning outcomes/practice competencies		
			Develop skill in using different clinical teaching strategies	Clinical teaching strategies – patient assignment – clinical conference, clinical presentation/bedside clinic, Case study/care study, nursing rounds, concept mapping, project, debate, game, role play, PBL, questioning, written assignment, process recording	Writing clinical outcomes — assignments in pairs	 Assessment of written assignment

Unit	Ti	me	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(H	rs.)			Activities	Methods
	Т	P				
V	T 5	P 5	Explain the purpose, principles and steps in the use of media Categorize the different types of media and describe its advantages and disadvantages Develop skill in preparing and using media	Educational/Teaching Media Media use — Purpose, components, principles and steps Types of media Still visuals Non projected — drawings & diagrams, charts, graphs, posters, cartoons, board devices (chalk/white board, bulletin board, flannel board, flip charts, flash cards, still pictures/photographs, printed materials-handout, leaflet, brochure, flyer Projected — film stripes, microscope, power point slides, overhead projector Moving visuals Video learning resources — videotapes & DVD, blu-ray, USB flash drive Motion pictures/films Realia and models Real objects & Models Audio aids/audio media Audiotapes/Compact discs Radio & Tape recorder Public address system Digital audio Electronic media/computer learning resources Computers Computers Web-based videoconferencing E-learning, Smart classroom Telecommunication (Distance education) Cable TV, satellite broadcasting,	Lecture cum discussion Preparation of different teaching aids – (Integrate with practice teaching sessions)	Short answer Objective type Assessment of the teaching media prepared
VI	5	3	Describe the purpose, scope, principles in	videoconferencing Telephones – Telehealth/telenursing Mobile technology Assessment/Evaluation Methods/Strategies	Lecture cum discussion	Short answerObjective type
			selection of evaluation methods and barriers to evaluation Explain the guidelines to develop assessment	 Purposes, scope and principles in selection of assessment methods and types Barriers to evaluation Guidelines to develop assessment 		Objective type

Unit	Tin (Ha		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	tests Develop skill in construction of different tests Identify various clinical evaluation tools and demonstrate skill in selected tests	tests Assessment of knowledge: Essay type questions, Multiple choice questions (MCQ – single response & multiple response) Assessment of skills: Clinical evaluation Observation (checklist, rating scales, videotapes) Written communication – progress notes, nursing care plans, process recording, written assignments Verbal communication (oral examination) Simulation Objective Structured Clinical Examination (OSCE) Self-evaluation Clinical portfolio, clinical logs Assessment of Attitude: Attitude scales Assessment tests for higher learning: Interpretive questions, hot spot questions, drag and drop and ordered	Exercise on constructing assessment tool/s	Assessment of tool/s prepared
VII	3	3	Explain the scope, purpose and principles of guidance Differentiate between guidance and counseling Describe the principles, types, and counseling process Develop basic skill of counseling and guidance	response questions Guidance/academic advising, counseling and discipline Guidance Definition, objectives, scope, purpose and principles Roles of academic advisor/ faculty in guidance Counseling Difference between guidance and counseling Definition, objectives, scope, principles, types, process and steps of counseling Counseling skills/techniques — basics Roles of counselor Organization of counseling services	 Lecture cum discussion Role play on student counseling in different situations Assignment on identifying situations requiring counseling 	 Assessment of performance in role play scenario Evaluation of assignment

Unit	Time (Hrs.) T P		Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Recognize the importance of preventive counseling and develop skill to respond to disciplinary problems and grievance among students	 Issues for counseling innursing students Discipline and grievance in students Managing disciplinary/grievance problems – preventive guidance & counseling Role of students' grievance redressal cell/committee 		
VIII	4	2	Recognize the importance of value-based education Develop skill in ethical decision making and maintain ethical standards for students Introduce knowledge of EBT and its application in nursing education	Ethics and Evidence Based Teaching (EBT) in Nursing Education Ethics – Review Definition of terms Value based education in nursing Value development strategies Ethical decision making Ethical standards for students Student-faculty relationship Evidence based teaching – Introduction Evidence based education process and its application to nursing education	Value clarification exercise Case study analysis (student encountered scenarios) and suggest ethical decision-making steps Lecture cum discussion	 Short answer Evaluation of case study analysis Quiz – MCQ

INTRODUCTION TO FORENSIC NURSING AND INDIAN LAWS

PLACEMENT: V SEMESTER **THEORY:** 1 Credit (20 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students to know the importance of forensic science in total patient care and to recognize forensic nursing as a specialty discipline in professional nursing practice.

- 1. Identify forensic nursing as an emerging specialty in healthcare and nursing practice
- 2. Explore the history and scope of forensic nursing practice
- 3. Identify forensic team, role and responsibilities of forensic nurse in total care of victim of violence and in preservation of evidence
- 4. Develop basic understanding of the Indian judicial system and legal procedures

$\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
I	3 (T)	Describe the	Forensic Science	Lecture cum	• Quiz – MCQ
		nature of forensic science	• Definition	discussion	
		and discus issues	• History		
		concerning violence	Importance in medical science		
			Forensic Science Laboratory	Visit to Regional Forensic Science Laboratory	• Write visit report
			Violence		
			• Definition		
			Epidemiology		
			Source of data		
			Sexual abuse – child and women		
II	2 (T)		Forensic Nursing	Lecture cum	Short answer
		of forensic nursing and	• Definition	discussion	Objective type
		scope of practice for forensic	History and development		
	nurse	 Scope – setting of practice, areas of practice and subspecialties 			
			• Ethical issues		
			 Roles and responsibilities of nurse 		
			• INC & SNC Acts		
III	7 (T)	Identify	Forensic Team	• Lecture cum	Objective type
		members of forensic team and describe role	Members and their roles	Discussion	Short answer
		of forensic nurse	Comprehensive forensic nursing care of victim and family		
			Physical aspects	Hypothetical/real	
			Psychosocial aspects	case presentation	
			Cultural and spiritual aspects		
			Legal aspects		
			• Assist forensic team in care beyond scope of her practice		
			Admission and discharge/referral/death of victim of violence	Observation of post- mortem	
			Responsibilities of nurse as a witness		
			Evidence preservation – role of nurses		
			Observation	• Visit to department of forensic medicine	
			Recognition	of foreitsic medicine	Write report

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			Collection		
			Preservation		
			Documentation of Biological and other evidence related to criminal/traumatic event		
			Forwarding biological samples for forensic examination		
IV	3 (T)	Describe fundamental	Introduction of Indian Constitution	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		rights and human rights	Fundamental Rights		
		commission	Rights of victim	Written Assignment	• Assessment of
			• Rights of accused		written assignment
				Visit to prison	
			Human Rights Commission		Write visit report
V	5 (T)	Explain Indian judicial system and laws	Sources of laws and law-making powers	Lecture cum discussion	• Quiz
			Overview of Indian Judicial System		
			JMFC (Judicial Magistrate First Class)	Guided reading	Short answer
			District		
			• State		
			• Apex		
			Civil and Criminal Case Procedures	Lecture cum	
			IPC (Indian Penal Code)	discussion	
			• ICPC		
			• IE Act (Indian Evidence Act)		
		Discuss the importance of POSCO Act	Overview of POSCO Act		

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credit (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for developing an understanding of the modern approach to child-care, identification, prevention and nursing management of common health problems of neonates and children.

- 1. Apply the knowledge of pathophysiology and provide nursing care to children with Cardiovascular, GI, genitourinary, nervous system disorders, orthopedic disorders, eye, ear and skin disorders and communicable diseases
- 2. Provide care to children with common behavioural, social and psychiatric problems
- 3. Manage challenged children
- 4. Identify the social and welfare services for challenged children

T-Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
1	, ,	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing management of children with disorders of cardiovascular, gastrointestinal, genitourinary, and nervous system	Cardiovascular system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations Congenital heart diseases: Cyanotic and Acyanotic (ASD, VSD, PDA, TOF) Others: Rheumatic fever and Rheumatic heart disease, Congestive cardiac failure Hematological conditions: a) Congenital: Hemophilia, Thalassemia b) Others: Anemia, Leukemia, Idiopathic thrombocytopenic purpura, Hodgkins and non-hodgkins lymphoma Gastro-intestinal system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations. Congenital: Cleft lip, Cleft palate, Congenital hypertrophic pyloric stenosis, Hirschsprungs disease (Megacolon), Anorectal malformation, Malabsorption syndrome, Abdominal wall defects, Hernia Others: Gastroenteritis, Diarrhea, Vomiting, Protein energy malnutrition, Intestinal obstruction, Hepatic diseases, intestinal parasites Genitourinary urinary system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital: Wilms tumor, Extropy of bladder, Hypospadias, Epispadias, Obstructive uropathy Others: Nephrotic syndrome, Acute glomerulonephritis, renal failure Nervous system: Identification and Nursing management of congenital malformations a) Congenital: Spina bifida, Hydrocephalous. b) Others: Meningitis, Encephalitis, Convulsive disorders (convulsions and seizures), Cerebral palsy head	Lecture cum discussion Demonstration and practice session	Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with checklist
II	10 (T)	Describe the etiology, pathophysiology, clinical manifestation and nursing	injury Orthopedic disorders: Club foot	Lecture cum discussionDemonstration	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		management of	Hip dislocation and	Practice session	skills with
		children with Orthopedic disorders,	• Fracture	Clinical practice	checklist
		eye, ear and skin	Disorder of eye, ear and skin:		
		disorders	Refractory errors		
			Otitis media and		
		Explain the preventive measures and strategies	Atopic dermatitis		
		for children with	Communicable diseases in children, their identification/ diagnosis, nursing management in hospital, in home, control & prevention:		
			Tuberculosis		
			Diphtheria		
			• Tetanus		
			Pertussis		
			Poliomyelitis		
			Measles		
			Mumps, and		
			Chickenpox		
			• HIV/AIDS		
			Dengue fever		
			• COVID-19		
Ш	10 (T)	Describe the management of	Management of behavior and social problems in children	Lecture cum discussion	• Assessment of field reports
		children with behavioral & social	Child Guidance clinic	• Field visits to child	
		problems	Common behavior disorders in children and management	guidance clinics, school for mentally & physically,	
		Identify the social &	 Enuresis and Encopresis 	socially challenged	
		welfare services for	o Nervousness		
		challenged children	o Nail biting		
			o Thumb sucking		
			o Temper tantrum		
			o Stealing		
			AggressivenessJuvenile delinquency		
			School phobia		
			Learning disability		
			Psychiatric disorders in children and management		
			 Childhood schizophrenia 		
		 Childhood depression 			
		o Conversion reaction			
			o Posttraumatic stress disorder		
			o Autistic spectrum disorders		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Eating disorder in children and management		
			o Obesity		
			o Anorexia nervosa		
			o Bulimia		
			Management of challenged children.		
			o Mentally		
			o Physically		
			o Socially		
			o Child abuse,		
			 Substance abuse 		
			Welfare services for challenged children in India		

CHILD HEALTH NURSING - II - CLINICAL PRACTICUM (1 Credit - 80 hours)

Given under Child Health Nursing - I as I & II

MENTAL HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER
THEORY: 1 Credit (40 Hours)

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credits (160 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to provide the students with basic understanding and skills essential to meet psychiatric emergencies and perform the role of community mental health nurse.

- 1. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with substance use disorders, and personality and sexual disorders.
- Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with behavioural and emotional disorders occurring during childhood and adolescence.
- 3. Apply nursing process in providing care to patients with organic brain disorders.
- 4. Identify and respond to psychiatric emergencies.
- 5. Carry out crisis interventions during emergencies under supervision.
- 6. Perform admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017.
- 7. Explore the roles and responsibilities of community mental health nurse in delivering community mental health services.

$\boldsymbol{T-Theory}$

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with substance use disorders	Nursing Management of Patients with Substance Use Disorders Prevalence and incidence Commonly used psychotropic substance: classifications, forms, routes, action, intoxication and withdrawal Psychodynamics/etiology of substance use disorder (Terminologies: Substance Use, Abuse, Tolerance, Dependence, Withdrawal) Diagnostic criteria/formulations Nursing Assessment: History (substance history), Physical, mental assessment and drug and drug assay Treatment (detoxification, antabuse and narcotic antagonist therapy and harm reduction, Brief interventions, MET, refusal skills, maintenance therapy) and nursing management of patients with substance use disorders Special considerations for vulnerable population Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
II	6 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychodynamics, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders	Nursing Management of Patient with Personality and Sexual Disorders Prevalence and incidence Classification of disorders Etiology, psychopathology, characteristics, diagnosis Nursing Assessment: History, Physical and mental health assessment Treatment modalities and nursing management of patients with personality, and sexual disorders Geriatric considerations Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems
III	8 (T)	Describe the etiology, psychopathology, clinical manifestations, diagnostic criteria and management of childhood and adolescent disorders including mental deficiency	Nursing Management of Behavioural & Emotional Disorders occurring during Childhood and Adolescence (Intellectual disability, autism, attention deficit, hyperactive disorder, eating disorders, learning disorder) • Prevalence and incidence • Classifications • Etiology, psychodynamics, Characteristics, diagnostic criteria/formulations	 Lecture cum discussion Case discussion Case presentation Clinical practice 	 Essay Short answer Assessment of patient management problems

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental status examination and IQ assessment		
			Treatment modalities and nursing management of childhood disorders including intellectual disability		
			Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		
IV	5 (T)	Describe the etiology, psycho- pathology, clinical manifestations,	Nursing Management of Organic Brain Disorders (Delirium, Dementia, amnestic disorders)	Lecture cum discussionCase discussion	EssayShort answerAssessment of
		diagnostic criteria	Prevalence and incidence	Case presentation	patient
		and management of organic brain	Classification	Clinical practice	management problems
		disorders.	Etiology, psychopathology, clinical features, diagnosis and Differential diagnosis		prooreins
			Nursing Assessment: History, Physical, mental and neurological assessment		
			Treatment modalities and nursing management of organic brain disorders		
			Follow-up and home care and rehabilitation		
V	6 (T)	Identify psychiatric emergencies and carry out crisis	Psychiatric Emergencies and Crisis Intervention	Lecture cum discussion	Short answerObjective type
		intervention	• Types of psychiatric emergencies (attempted suicide, violence/ aggression,	Case discussion	
			stupor, delirium tremens and other psychiatric emergencies) and their managements	Case presentationClinical practice	
			Maladaptive behaviour of individual and groups, stress, crisis and disaster(s)		
			• Types of crisis		
			Crisis intervention: Principles, Techniques and Process		
			- Stress reduction interventions as per stress adaptation model		
			- Coping enhancement - Techniques of counseling		
VI	4 (T)	Explain legal		Lecture cum	Short answer
*1	1 (1)	Explain legal aspects applied in mental health settings and role of	 Legal Issues in Mental Health Nursing Overview of Indian Lunacy Act and The 	discussion	 Short answer Objective type
			Mental Health Act 1987	Case discussion	objective type
		the nurse	(Protection of Children from Sexual Offence) POSCO Act		
			Mental Health Care Act (MHCA) 2017		
			Rights of mentally ill clients		
			Forensic psychiatry and nursing		
			Acts related to narcotic and psychotropic substances and illegal drug trafficking		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Admission and discharge procedures as per MHCA 2017 Role and responsibilities of nurses in implementing MHCA 2017 		
VII	5 (T)	Describe the model of preventive psychiatry Describe Community Mental health services and role of the nurse	 Community Mental Health Nursing Development of Community Mental Health Services: National mental health policy viz. National Health Policy National Mental Health Program Institutionalization versus Deinstitutionalization Model of Preventive psychiatry Mental Health Services available at the primary, secondary, tertiary levels including rehabilitation and nurses' responsibilities Mental Health Agencies: Government and voluntary, National and International Mental health nursing issues for special populations: Children, Adolescence, Women Elderly, Victims of violence and abuse, Handicapped, HIV/AIDS etc. 	Lecture cum discussion Clinical/ field practice Field visits to mental health service agencies	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of the field visit reports

CLINICAL PRACTICUM – 2 Credits (80 hours)

Clinical Practicum for Mental Health Nursing - I & II are given under Mental Health Nursing - I Clinical Practicum NURSING MANAGEMENT AND LEADERSHIP

PLACEMENT: VI Semester

THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours) includes Lab/Skill Lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 1 Credits (80 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to enable students to acquire knowledge and competencies in areas of administration, and management of nursing services and education. Further prepares the students to develop leadership competencies and perform their role as effective leaders in an organization.

- 1. Analyze the health care trends influencing development of nursing services and education in India.
- 2. Describe the principles, functions and process of management applied to nursing.
- 3. Develop basic understanding and beginning competencies in planning and organizing nursing services in a hospital.
- 4. Apply the concept of human resource management and identify the job description for all categories of nursing personnel including in service education.
- 5. Discuss the principles and methods of staffing and scheduling in an individual hospital/nursing unit.
- 6. Develop skill in management of materials and supplies including inventory control.
- 7. Develop team working and inter professional collaboration competencies.
- 8. Identify effective leadership styles and develop leadership competencies.
- 9. Utilize the knowledge of principles and line of control and participate in quality management and evaluation activities.
- 10. Utilize the knowledge related to financial planning in nursing services and education during budgetary process.

- 11. Apply the knowledge of nursing informatics in maintenance of records and reports relevant to patient information, nursing care and progress.
- 12. Demonstrate understanding of the INC guidelines for establishment and accreditation of educational institutions in terms of faculty norms, physical infrastructure and clinical facilities.
- 13. Demonstrate beginning competencies in planning, organizing and staffing at college including implementation and evaluation of curriculum.
- 14. Identify the legal issues and laws relevant to nursing practice and education.
- 15 Apply the knowledge and utilize the various opportunities for professional advancement.

T - Theory

Unit	Time	_	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes			Methods
П		Explore the health care, development of nursing services and education in India and trends Explain the principles and	Health Care and Development of Nursing Services in India Current health care delivery system of India – review Planning and development of nursing services and education at global and national scenario Recent trends and issues of nursing service and management Management Basics Applied to Nursing	Lecture cum discussion Directed reading and written assignment Lecture and discussion	 Short answer Assessment of assignment MCQ Short answer
		functions of management applied to nursing	 Definitions, concepts and theories of management Importance, features and levels of management Management and administration Functions of management Principles of management Role of a nurse as a manager Introduction to Management Process 		Short answer
		Describe the introductory concepts of management as a process	 Planning Organizing Staffing Directing/Leading Controlling MANAGEMENT OF NURSING SERVICES		
III	4 (T)	Describe the essential elements of planning	 Planning Nursing Services Vision, Mission, philosophy, objectives Nursing service policies, procedures and manuals Functional and operational planning 	 Lecture and Discussion Visit to specific hospital/ patient care units Demonstration of disaster drill in the respective setting 	Formulate Mission & Vision Statement for the nursing department/ unit Assessment

Unit	Time	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment
	(Hrs)	Outcomes			Methods
			Strategic planning		of problem- solving
			Program planning – Gantt chart & milestone chart		exercises
			• Budgeting – concepts, principles, types,		Visit Report
			Budget proposal, cost benefit analysis		
			Planning hospital and patient care unit (Ward)		
			Planning for emergency and disaster		
IV	4 (T)	Discuss the	Organizing	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
	including	organizing including	Organizing as a process – assignment, delegation and coordination	Comparison of organizational structure of various	• Assessment of assignment
		hospital organization	Hospital – types, functions & organization	organizationsNursing care delivery systems - assignment	
			Organizational development		
			Organizational structure	Preparation of Organizational chart of hospital/ Nursing	
			Organizational charts	services	
			Organizational effectiveness		
			Hospital administration, Control & line of authority		
			Hospital statistics including hospital utilization indices		
			Nursing care delivery systems and trends		
			Role of nurse in maintenance of effective organizational climate		
V	6 (T)	Identify the significance of	Staffing (Human resource management)	Lecture and discussion	Formulate Job
		human resource		Role play	description at
		management (HRM) and	and functions	Games self-assessment, case discussion and practice session	different levels of care
		material management	Staffing & Scheduling	• Calculation of staffing	& compare with existing
		and discuss its elements	• Staffing – Philosophy, staffing activities	requirements for a specified ward	system
		elements	Recruiting, selecting, deployment	ward	Preparation of duty roster
			• Training, development, credentialing, retaining, promoting, transfer, terminating, superannuation		duty foster
			Staffing units – Projecting staffing requirements/calculation of requirements of staff resources Nurse patient ratio, Nurse Population ratio as per SIU norms/IPH Norms, and Patient classification system		
			Categories of nursing personnel including job description of all levels		
			Assignment and nursing care responsibilities		

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		Outcomes	Turnover and absenteeism		
			Staff welfare		
			Discipline and grievances		
			In-Service Education		
			Nature and scope of in-service	• Visit	
			education program	to inventory store of the institution	
		Explain the procedural	Principles of adult learning – review		
		steps of material	Planning and organizing in-service educational program		• Preparation of MMF/records
		management	Methods, techniques and evaluation		• Preparation of
			Preparation of report		log book & condemnation
		Develop	Material Resource Management		documents
		managerial skill in inventory	Procurement, purchasing process, inventory control & role of nurse		Visit Report
		control and actively participate in procurement	Auditing and maintenance in hospital and patient care unit		
		process			
VI	5 (T)	Describe the	Directing and Leading	Lecture and discussion	Assignment
		important methods of supervision and guidance	 Definition, principles, elements of directing Supervision and guidance 	Demonstration of record & report maintenance in specific wards/ departments	on Reports & Records maintained in nursing department/
			Participatory management		• Preparation of
			Inter-professional collaboration		protocols and manuals
			Management by objectives		manuais
			Team management		
			Assignments, rotations		
			Maintenance of discipline		
			Leadership in management		
VII	4 (T)	Discuss the	Leadership	Lecture cum discussion	Short answer
		significance and changing	Definition, concepts, and theories	Self-assessment	• Essay
		trends of nursing leadership Analyze the	 Leadership principles and competencies Leadership styles: Situational leadership, Transformational leadership 	 Report on types of leadership adopted at different levels of health care in the given setting Problem solving/ Conflict management exercise 	• Assessment of exercise/repor t
	different leadership styles and develop	 Methods of leadership development Mentorship/preceptorship in nursing Delegation, power & politics, 	Observation of managerial roles at different levels (middle level mangers-ward incharge, ANS)		
		leadership competencies	empowerment, mentoring and coaching		
			Decision making and problem solving		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Conflict management and negotiation		
			Implementing planned change		
VIII	4 (T)	Explain the	Controlling	Lecture cum discussion	Assessment
V 1111		process of	 Implementing standards, policies, 	Preparation of policies/	of prepared
		controlling and its activities	procedures, protocols and practices	protocols for nursing units/	protocols
			Nursing performance audit, patient satisfaction	department	
			Nursing rounds, Documentation – records and reports		
			Total quality management – Quality assurance, Quality and safety		
			Performance appraisal		
			Program evaluation review technique (PERT)		
			Bench marking, Activity plan (Gantt chart)		
			Critical path analysis		
IX	4 (T)	Explain the	Organizational Behavior and Human	Lecture and discussion	• Short answer
		concepts of organizational	Relations	• Role play/ exercise – Group	• OSCE
		behavior and group • Concepts and theories of organizational behavior dynamics & human relationship organizational behavior	dynamics & human relations		
		dynamics	Group dynamics		
			Review – Interpersonal relationship		
			Human relations		
			Public relations in the context of nursing		
			Relations with professional associations and employee unions		
			Collective bargaining		
			Review – Motivation and morale building		
			Communication in the workplace – assertive communication		
			Committees – importance in the organization, functioning		
X	2 (T)	Describe the	Financial Management	Lecture cum discussion	• Short answer
		financial management related to	Definition, objectives, elements, functions, principles & scope of Forgicial management.	Budget proposal reviewPreparation of budget proposal	EssayAssessment
		nursing services	 financial management Financial planning (budgeting for nursing department) 	for a specific department	of assignment
			Proposal, projecting requirement for staff, equipment and supplies for – Hospital & patient care units & emergency and disaster units		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	_	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Budget and Budgetary processFinancial audit		
XI	1 (T)	Review the concepts, principles and methods and use of nursing informatics	Nursing Informatics/Information Management – Review Patient records Nursing records Use of computers in hospital, college and community Telemedicine & Tele nursing Electronic Medical Records (EMR), EHR	 Review Practice session Visit to departments 	Short answer
XII	1 (T)	Review personal management in terms of management of emotions, stress and resilience	Personal Management – Review Emotional intelligence Resilience building Stress and time management – destressing Career planning MANAGEMENT OF NURSING	Review Discussion	
XIII	4 (T)	Describe the	MANAGEMENT OF NURSING EDUCATIONAL INSTITUTIONS Establishment of Nursing Educational	Lecture and discussion	Visit report
		process of establishing educational institutions and its accreditation guidelines	 Institutions Indian Nursing Council norms and guidelines – Faculty norms, physical facilities, clinical facilities, curriculum implementation, and evaluation/examination guidelines Coordination with regulatory bodies – INC and State Nursing Council Accreditation – Inspections Affiliation with university/State council/board of examinations 	Visit to one of the regulatory bodies	
XIV	4 (T)	Explain the planning and organizing functions of a nursing college	 Planning and Organizing Philosophy, objectives and mission of the college Organization structure of school/college Review – Curriculum planning Planning teaching and learning experiences, clinical facilities – master plan, time table and clinical rotation Budget planning – faculty, staff, equipment & supplies, AV aids, Lab equipment, library books, journals, computers and maintenance Infrastructure facilities – college, classrooms, hostel, library, labs, 	 Directed reading – INC Curriculum Preparation of organizational structure of the college Written assignment – writing philosophy of a teaching department Preparation of master plan, time table and clinical rotation 	 Short answer Essay Assessment of assignment

Unit	Time (Hrs)		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(1113)	Outcomes			Witting
			computer lab, transport facilities		
			 Records & reports for students, staff, faculty and administrative 		
			Committees and functioning		
			Clinical experiences		
XV	4 (T)	Develop	Staffing and Student Selection	Guided reading on faculty	Short answer
		understanding of staffing the college and	Faculty/staff selection, recruitment and placement, job description	normsFaculty welfare activities	Activity report
		selecting the	Performance appraisal	report	Assessment
		students	Faculty development	Writing job description of tutors	of job description
			• Faculty/staff welfare	tutors	description
			Student recruitment, admission, clinical placement		
XVI	4 (T)	Analyze the	Directing and Controlling	• Review principles of evaluation	• Short
		leadership and management activities in an	Review – Curriculum implementation and evaluation	Assignment – Identify disciplinary problems among	answerAssessment
		educational organization	 Leadership and motivation, supervision – review 	studentsWriting student record	of assignment and record
			Guidance and counseling		
			Quality management – educational audit		
			 Program evaluation, evaluation of performance 		
			Maintaining discipline		
			 Institutional records and reports – administrative, faculty, staff and students 		
XVII	4 (T)	legal issues and	PROFESSIONAL CONSIDERATIONS		
		laws relevant to nursing	Review – Legal and Ethical Issues		
		practice	Nursing as a profession – Characteristics of a professional nurse		
			Nursing practice – philosophy, aim and objectives		
			 Regulatory bodies – INC and SNC constitution and functions 		
			Review – Professional ethics		
			 Code of ethics and professional conduct – INC & ICN 		
			Practice standards for nursing – INC		
			• International Council for Nurses (ICN)		
			Legal aspects in nursing:		
			• Consumer protection act, patient rights		
			Legal terms related to practice, legal		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	U	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
XVIII	2 (T)		system – types of law, tort law & liabilities Laws related to nursing practice – negligence, malpractice, breach, penalties Invasion of privacy, defamation of character Nursing regulatory mechanisms – registration, licensure, renewal, accreditation, nurse practice act, regulation for nurse practitioner/specialist nursing practice Professional Advancement Continuing Nursing Education Career opportunities Membership with professional organizations – national and international Participation in research activities Publications – journals, newspaper	 Prepare journal list available in India Write an article – research/clinical 	• Assessment of assignments

Note: Less than 1 credit lab hours are not specified

CLINICAL PRACTICUM

Clinical: 2 Credits (80 hours) 2 weeks \times 40 hours per week = 80 hours

Practice Competencies:

Hospital

1. Prepare organizational chart of hospital/Nursing services/nursing department

- 2. Calculate staffing requirements for a particular nursing unit/ward
- 3. Formulate Job description at different levels of care
- 4. Prepare duty roster for staff/students at different levels
- 5. Participate in procuring/purchase of equipment & supplies
- 6. Prepare log book/MMF for specific equipment/materials
- 7. Maintain and store inventory and keep daily records
- 8. Prepare and maintain various records & reports of the settings incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports
- 9. Prepare and implement protocols & manuals
- 10. Participate in supervision, evaluation and conducting in service education for the staff

College & Hostel

- 1. Prepare organizational chart of college
- 2. Formulate job description for tutors
- 3. Prepare Master plan, time table and clinical rotation
- 4. Prepare student anecdotes
- 5. Participate in planning, conducting and evaluation of clinical teaching

- 6. Participate in evaluation of students' clinical experience
- 7. Participate in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE end of posting

CLINICAL POSTING: Management experience in hospital & college.

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I including SBA module

PLACEMENT: VI SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical: 3 Credits (240 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of midwifery. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to woman during antenatal, intranatal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings. It further helps to develop skills in managing normal neonates and participate in family welfare programs.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the program, the students will be able to

- 1. Demonstrate professional accountability for the delivery of nursing care as per INC standards/ICM competencies that are consistent with moral, altruistic, legal, ethical, regulatory and humanistic principles in midwifery practice.
- 2. Communicate effectively with individuals, families and professional colleagues fostering mutual respect and shared decision making to enhance health outcomes.
- 3. Recognize the trends and issues in midwifery and obstetrical nursing.
- 4. Review and describe the anatomy and physiology of human reproductive system and conception.
- 5. Describe and apply physiology in the management of normal pregnancy, birth and puerperium.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in providing respectful and evidence based maternity care for women during the antenatal, intranatal and postnatal period.
- 7. Uphold the fundamental human rights of individuals when providing midwifery care.
- 8. Promote physiologic labour and birth, and conduct normal childbirth.
- 9. Provide evidence based essential newborn care.
- 10. Apply nursing process approach in caring for women and their families.
- 11. Describe the methods of contraception and role of nurse/midwife in family welfare services.
- 12. Recognize the importance of and actively participate in family welfare programs.
- 13. Provide youth friendly health services and care for women affected by gender based violence.

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, SL/L - Skill Lab/Lab, C - Clinical

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities		Assessment Methods
	(1113)					
I	8 (T)	Explain the history	Introduction to midwifery	 Discussion 	•	Short answer
		and current scenario of midwifery in India	History of midwifery in India	• Demonstration	•	Objective type
			• Current scenario:	 Role play 	•	Essay
			o Trends of maternity care in India	Directed reading	•	Quiz
			 Midwifery in India – Transformative education for relationship based and 	and assignment: ICM competencies		
			transformative midwifery practice in India	 Scenario based learning 		
		Review vital health	Vital health indicators – Maternal mortality ratio, Infant Mortality Rate,			

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)				
		indicators	Neonatal Mortality Rate, perinatal mortality rate, fertility rates		
			 Maternal death audit 		
		Describe the various	 National health programs related to RMNCH+A (Reproductive Maternal Newborn and Child Health + Adolescent Health) 		
		national health programs related to	Current trends in midwifery and OBG nursing:		
		RMNCH+A	 Respectful maternity and newborn care (RMNC) 		
		Identify the trends	o Midwifery-led care units (MLCU)		
		and issues in midwifery	 Women centered care, physiologic birthing and demedicalization of birth 		
			 Birthing centers, water birth, lotus birth 		
			 Essential competencies for midwifery practice (ICM) 		
			 Universal rights of child-bearing women 		
			 Sexual and reproductive health and rights 		
			 Women's expectations & choices about care 		
			Legal provisions in midwifery practice in India:		
			INC/MOH&FW regulations		
			ICM code of ethics		
			Ethical issues in maternal and neonatal care		
		Discuss the legal and	Adoption laws, MTP act, Pre- Natal Diagnostic Test (PNDT) Act, Surrogate mothers		
		ethical issues relevant to midwifery practice	Roles and responsibilities of a midwife/Nurse practitioner midwife in different settings (hospital/ community)		
			Scope of practice for midwives		
II	6 (T)	Review the		Lecture	• Quiz
	3 (L)	anatomy and	reproductive system and conception (Maternal, Fetal & Newborn	• Discussion	• Short answer
		physiology of human reproductive system	physiology)	Self-directed learning	• Essay
			Review:	Models	
			Female organs of reproduction	Wideos & films	
			 Female pelvis – bones, joints, ligaments, planes, diameters, landmarks, inclination, pelvic variations 	- videos de illilis	
			• Foetal skull – bones, sutures,		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 fontanelles, diameters, moulding Fetopelvic relationship Physiology of menstrual cycle, menstrual hygiene 		
			 Fertilization, conception and implantation Embryological development Placental development and function, placental barrier Fetal growth and development Fetal circulation & nutrition 		
III	12 (T) 10 (L) 40 (C)	Provide preconception care to eligible couples Describe the physiology, assessment and management of normal pregnancy Demonstrate knowledge, attitude and skills of midwifery	 Physiological changes during pregnancy Assess and confirm pregnancy: Diagnosis of pregnancy – Signs, differential diagnosis and confirmatory tests Review of maternal nutrition & malnutrition Building partnership with women following RMC protocol Fathers' engagement in maternity care Ante-natal care: 1st Trimesters Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation Identification and management of 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Self-Learning Health talk Role play Counseling session Case discussion/presentation Simulation Supervised clinical practice 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list Case study evaluation OSCE
		knowledge, attitude	Antenatal assessment: History taking, physical examination, breast examination, laboratory investigation	Refer SBA module & Safe motherhood	

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)			Activities	Wiethous
		trimesters	Antenatal care : as per GoI guidelines	booklet	
			 Antenatal counseling (lifestyle changes, nutrition, shared decision making, risky behavior, sexual life during pregnancy, immunization etc.) 	• Lab tests – performance and interpretation	
			 Danger signs during pregnancy 	Demonstration	
			 Respectful care and compassionate communication 	• Roleplay	
			• Recording and reporting: as per the GoI guidelines		
			• Role of Doula/ASHAs		
			II Trimester		
			 Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope 		
			 Assessment of fetal well-being: DFMC, biophysical profile, Non stress test, cardio-tocography, USG, Vibro acoustic stimulation, biochemical tests. 		
			Antenatal care		
			Women centered care	Demonstration of	
			Respectful care and compassionate communication	antenatal assessment	
			 Health education on IFA, calcium and vitamin D supplementation, glucose tolerance test, etc. 		
			 Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 2nd trimester 		
			Rh negative and prophylactic anti D		
			Referral and collaboration, empowerment		
			Ongoing risk assessment		
			Maternal Mental Health		
			III Trimester		
			• Antenatal assessment: abdominal palpation, fetal assessment, auscultate fetal heart rate – Doppler and pinnard's stethoscope		
			 Education and management of physiological changes and discomforts of 3rd trimester 		
			• Third trimester tests and screening		
			Fetal engagement in late pregnancy		
			Childbirth preparation classes		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Birth preparedness and complication readiness including micro birth planning Danger signs of pregnancy —		
			recognition of ruptured membranes Education on alternative birthing positions – women's preferred choices, birth companion Ongoing risk assessment Cultural needs Women centered care Respectful and compassionate communication Health education on exclusive breastfeeding Role of Doula/ASHA's	 Scenario based learning Lecture Simulation Role play Refer GoI Guidelines Health talk Counseling session Demonstration of birthing positions Workshop on alternative birthing 	
IV	12 (T) 12 (L) 80 (C)	Apply the physiology of labour in promoting normal childbirth Describe the management and care during labour	Physiology, management and care during labour Normal labour and birth Onset of birth/labour Per vaginal examination (if necessary) Stages of labour Organization of labour room – Triage, preparation for birth Positive birth environment Respectful care and communication Drugs used in labour as per GoI guidelines	alternative birthing positions Lecture Discussion Demonstration Bedside clinics Case discussion/ presentation Simulated practice Supervised Clinical practice — Per vaginal examination, Conduction of normal childbirth	 Essay type Short answer Objective type Case study evaluation Assessment of skills with check list OSCE
		Discuss how to maintain a safe environment for labour Work effectively for pain management during labour	 Fist Stage Physiology of normal labour Monitoring progress of labour using Partograph/labour care guide Assessing and monitoring fetal well being Evidence based care during 1st stage of labour Pain management in labour (non-pharmacological) Psychological support – Managing fear Activity and ambulation during first stage of labour 	 Refer SBA module LaQshya guidelines Dakshata guidelines 	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(HIS)				
			Nutrition during labour		
			Promote positive childbirth experience for women		
			Birth companion		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Second stage		
			Physiology (Mechanism of labour)	• Refer ENBC,	
			Signs of imminent labour	NSSK module	
		Discuss how the	Intrapartum monitoring	• Demonstration	
		midwife provides care and support for the women during birth to enhance physiological birthing and promote	Birth position of choice	• Group work	
			Vaginal examination	 Scenario based learning 	
			Psychological support	learning	
		normal birth	Non-directive coaching		
		Assess and provide care of the newborn	Evidence based management of physiological birth/Conduction of normal childbirth		
		immediately	Essential newborn care (ENBC)		
		following birth	Immediate assessment and care of the newborn		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Third Stage		
			Physiology – placental separation and expulsion, hemostasis	• Simulation	
			Physiological management of third stage of labour	Role playDemonstration	
			Active management of third stage of labour (recommended)	• Videos	
			Examination of placenta, membranes and vessels		
			Assess perineal, vaginal tear/ injuries and suture if required		
			Insertion of postpartum IUCD		
			Immediate perineal care		
			Initiation of breast feeding		
			Skin to skin contact		
			Newborn resuscitation		
			Fourth Stage		
		Discuss the impact of	Observation, Critical Analysis and Management of mother and newborn		
		Discuss the impact of labour and birth as a transitional event in the woman's life	Maternal assessment, observation fundal height, uterine consistency, urine output, blood loss		
			Documentation and Record of birth		

Unit	Time	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs)				
			Breastfeeding and latching		
		Ensure initiation of breast feeding and	Managing uterine cramp		
		adequate latching	Alternative/complementary therapies		
			Role of Doula/ASHA's		
			Various childbirth practices		
			Safe environment for mother and newborn to promote bonding		
			Maintaining records and reports		
V	7 (T) 6 (L)	Describe the physiology,	Postpartum care/Ongoing care of women	Lecture Discussion	Essay type Short angiver
	40 (C)	management and care of normal puerperium	Normal puerperium – Physiology,	Discussion	Short answer Objective
	10 (0)	or normar paor portain	duration	Demonstration	Objective type
			Post-natal assessment and care – facility and home-based care	Health talkSimulated	Assessment of skills with
			Perineal hygiene and care	practice	checklist
			Bladder and bowel function	 Supervised clinical practice 	• OSCE
			Minor disorders of puerperium and its management	Refer SBA module	
			Physiology of lactation and lactation management		
			 Postnatal counseling and psychological support 		
			Normal postnatal baby blues and recognition of post-natal depression		
			Transition to parenthood		
			Care for the woman up to 6 weeks after childbirth		
			Cultural competence (Taboos related to postnatal diet and practices)		
			Diet during lactation-review		
			Post-partum family planning		
			Follow-up of postnatal mothers		
			Drugs used in the postnatal period		
			Records and reports		
VI	7 (T)	Discuss the need for	Assessment and ongoing care of	• Lecture	Essay type
	7 (L)	and provision of compassionate, family	normal neonates	Discussion	Short answer
	40 (C)	centered midwifery care of the newborn	Family centered care	Demonstration	Objective
		care of the newborn	Respectful newborn care and communication	• Simulated	type
		Describe the	Normal Neonate – Physiological	practice session	 Assessment of skills with
		assessment and care	adaptation	 Supervised clinical practice 	checklist
		of normal neonate	Newborn assessment – Screening for congenital anomalies	Refer safe deliver app module –	• OSCE
			• Care of newborn up to 6 weeks after	newborn	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			the childbirth (Routine care of newborn) • Skin to skin contact and thermoregulation	management • Partial completion of SBA module	
			Infection prevention		
			Immunization		
			Minor disorders of newborn and its management		
VII		Explain various	Family welfare services	• Lecture	• Essay type
	2 (L)	methods of family planning and role of	• Impact of early/frequent childbearing		• Short answers
	40 (C)	nurse/midwife in providing family planning services	Comprehensive range of family planning methods	practiceField visits	• Objective type
		paraming services	 Temporary methods – Hormonal, non-hormonal and barrier methods 	Scenario based learning	 Field visit reports
			o Permanent methods – Male sterilization and female sterilization	DiscussionGoI guidelines –	• Vignettes
			Action, effectiveness, advantages, disadvantages, myths, misconception and medical eligibility criteria (MEC) for use of various family planning methods	injectable contraceptives, oral contraceptives, IUCD, male and female sterilization	
			Emergency contraceptives		
			Recent trends and research in contraception		
			Family planning counseling using Balanced Counseling Strategy (BCS)		
			Legal and rights aspects of FP		
			Human rights aspects of FP adolescents		
			Youth friendly services – SRHR services, policies affecting SRHR and attitude of nurses and midwives in provision of services (Review)		
			Importance of follow up and recommended timing		
			Gender related issues in SRH		
		Describe youth friendly services and role of nurses/ midwives	Gender based violence – Physical, sexual and abuse, Laws affecting GBV and role of nurse/midwife		
			Special courts for abused people		
			Gender sensitive health services including family planning		
		Recognize the role of nurses/midwives in gender based violence			

PRACTICUM

PLACEMENT: VI & VII SEMESTER

VI SEMESTER: MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - I

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 3 Credits (240 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Counsel women and their families on pre-conception care
- 2. Demonstrate lab tests ex. urine pregnancy test
- 3. Perform antenatal assessment of pregnant women
- 4. Assess and care for normal antenatal mothers
- 5. Assist and perform specific investigations for antenatal mothers
- 6. Counsel mothers and their families on antenatal care and preparation for parenthood
- 7. Conduct childbirth education classes
- 8. Organize labour room
- 9. Prepare and provide respectful maternity care for mothers in labour
- 10. Perform per-vaginal examination for a woman in labour if indicated
- 11. Conduct normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 12. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 13. Assist women in the transition to motherhood
- 14. Perform postnatal and newborn assessment
- 15. Provide care for postnatal mothers and their newborn
- 16. Counsel mothers on postnatal and newborn care
- 17. Perform PPIUCD insertion and removal
- 18. Counsel women on family planning and participate in family welfare services
- 19. Provide youth friendly health services
- 20. Identify, assess, care and refer women affected with gender based violence

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Urine pregnancy test
- 2. Calculation of EDD, Obstetrical score, gestational weeks
- 3. Antenatal assessment
- 4. Counseling antenatal mothers
- Micro birth planning
- 6. PV examination
- 7. Monitoring during first stage of labour Plotting and interpretation of partograph
- 8. Preparation for delivery setting up labour room, articles, equipment
- 9. Mechanism of labour normal
- 10. Conduction of normal childbirth with essential newborn care
- 11. Active management of third stage of labour
- 12. Placental examination
- 13. Newborn resuscitation
- 14. Monitoring during fourth stage of labour
- 15. Postnatal assessment

- 16. Newborn assessment
- 17. Kangaroo mother care
- 18. Family planning counseling
- 19. PPIUCD insertion and removal

CLINICAL POSTINGS (6 weeks \times 40 hours per week = 240 hours)

Clinical Area	Duration (weeks)	Clinical Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		_	-		
Labour	3 weeks	Monitor labour using partograph Provide care to women during labour Conduct normal childbirth, provide care to mother and immediate care of newborn	 Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Per vaginal examination when indicated Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour 	 Partograph recording PV examination Assisting/ Conduction of normal childbirth Case study Case presentation Episiotomy and suturing if indicated Newborn resuscitation 	 Assignment case study Case presentation OSCE
Post- partum clinic and Postnatal Ward including FP unit	2 weeks	Perform postnatal assessment Provide care to normal postnatal mothers and newborn	 Postnatal assessment Care of postnatal mothers – normal Care of normal newborn Lactation management 	Postnatal assessmentNewborn assessmentCase study	AssignmentCase studyCase presentation

Clinical Area			Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
	Provide postnatal counseling	Health teaching on postnatal and	• PPIUCD insertion &	
	Provide family welfare services	,	removal	

Note: Partial Completion of SBA module during VI semester

VII SEMESTER

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNECOLOGY (OBG) NURSING - II

PRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL: Skill Lab – 1 Credit (40 hours); Clinical – 4 Credits (320 hours)

PRACTICE COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Identify, stabilize and refer antenatal women with complications
- 2. Provide care to antenatal women with complications
- 3. Provide post abortion care& counselling
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Demonstrate skills in resuscitating the newborn
- 6. Assist and manage complications during labour
- 7. Identify postnatal and neonatal complications, stabilize and refer them
- 8. Provide care for high risk antenatal, intranatal and postnatal women and their families using nursing process approach
- 9. Provide care for high risk newborn
- 10. Assist in advanced clinical procedures in midwifery and obstetric nursing
- 11. Provide care for women during their non childbearing period.
- 12. Assess and care for women with gynecological disorders
- 13. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures
- 14. Counsel and care for couples with infertility

SKILL LAB: Procedures/Skills for demonstration and return demonstration:

- 1. Antenatal assessment and identification of complications
- 2. Post abortion care & counseling
- 3. Counseling antenatal women for complication readiness
- 4. Mechanism of labour abnormal
- 5. Assisting in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- Management of complications during pregnancy/labour/post partum (case studies/simulated scenarios)
- 7. Administration of Inj. Magnesium sulphate
- 8. Starting and maintaining an oxytocin drip for PPH
- 9. Management of PPH Bimanual compression of uterus
- 10. Management of PPH Balloon tamponade
- 11. Instruments used in obstetrics and gynecology
- 12. Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid
- 13. Cervical biopsy
- 14. Breast examination
- 15. Counseling of infertile couples

CLINICAL POSTINGS (8 weeks \times 40 hours per week = 320 hours)

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Antenatal OPD/ infertility clinics/ Reproductive medicine and antenatal ward	2 weeks	Perform/assist in selected advanced antenatal diagnostic procedures Provide antenatal care for women with complications of pregnancy Counsel antenatal mothers	 Kick chart, DFMC Assist in NST/CTG/USG Assisting in advanced diagnostic procedures Care of antenatal women with complications in pregnancy Antenatal counselling Preparation for childbirth, Birth preparedness and complication readiness 	 Antenatal palpation Health talk Case study 	 Simulation Case presentation OSCE
		Provide post abortion care and postnatal counselling Provide counselling and support to infertile couples	 Post abortion care Post abortion counselling Counselling infertile couples 		
Labour room	2 weeks	Conduction of normal chidlbirth Conduct/assist in abnormal deliveries Monitor labour using partograph Identify and manage complications during labour	 Assessment of woman in labour Partograph Pervaginal examination if indicated Obstetric examination Care during first stage of labour Pain management techniques Upright and alternative positions in labour Preparation for labour – articles, physical, psychological Conduction of normal childbirth Essential newborn care Newborn resuscitation Active management of third stage of labour Monitoring and care during fourth stage of labour Identification, stabilization, referal and assisting in management of prolonged labour, cervical dystocia, CPD, contracted pelvis 	 Partograph recording Pain management during labour Conduction of normal childbirth Assisting in abnormal deliveries Managing complication during labour Case study Case presentation 	 Assignment Case study Case presentation Simulation OSCE

Clinical Areas	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
			abnormal deliveries – posterior position, breech deliveries, twin deliveries, vacuum extraction, forceps delivery, shoulder dystocia		
			Assist in cervical encerclage procedures, D&C, D&E		
			Identify, assist and manage trauma to the birth canal, retained placenta, post partum hemorrhage, uterine atony		
			Management of obstetric shock		
Postnatal Ward	1 week	Perform postnatal assessment and identify postnatal complications	 Postnatal history collection and physical examination Identify postnatal complications 	Health talkPostnatal assessmentNewborn	Role playAssignmentCase studyCase
		Provide postnatal care	Care of postnatal mothers — abnormal deliveries, caesarean section Care of pormal paydorn	 Case studies Case presentation	presentationSimulationVignettes
			 Care of normal newborn Lactation management Postnatal counselling	PPIUCD insertion and removal	• OSCE
		Provide family welfare services	Health teaching on postnatal and newborn careFamily welfare counselling		
Neonatal Intensive Care Unit	1week	Perform assessment of newborn and identify complications/congenital anomalies Perform neonatal resuscitation	 Neonatal assessment – identification of complication, congenital anomalies. Observation of newborn Neonatal resuscitation 	 Case study Case presentation Assignments 	 Case presentation Care study Care plan
		Care of high risk newborn	 Phototherapy and management of jaundice in newborn Assist in Exchange transfusion Neonatal feeding – spoon and katori, paladai, NG tube 	• Simulated practice	Simulation, VignettesOSCE
		Provide care for newborns in ventilator, incubator etc	 Care of baby in incubator, ventilator, warmer Infection control in the nursery Neonatal medications 		
		Assist/perform special neonatal procedures	Starting IV line for newborn, drug calculation		
Obstetric/ Gynae operation theatre & Gynecology	2weeks	Assist in gynecological and obstetric surgeries	 Observe/Assist in caesarean section Management of retained placenta 	 Assisting in obstetric and gynecological surgery Tray set-up for 	 Assignment Tray set-up for obstetric and gynecological surgeries

Clinical	Duration	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical	Assessment
Areas	(Weeks)		Clinical Skills	Requirements	Methods
ward		Care for women with gynecological disorders	 Gynecological surgeries Hysterectomy Uterine rupture Care of women with gynecological conditions Health education 	caesarean section • Care plan	Case presentationSimulationVignettes

Note: Completion of safe delivery App module during VII Semester

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING - II

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER

THEORY: 5 Credits (100 hours) – includes lab hours also

PRACTICUM: Clinical: 2 Credit (160 hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed to help students gain broad perspective of specialized roles and responsibilities of community health nurses and to practice in various specialized health care settings. It helps students to develop knowledge and competencies required for assessment, diagnosis, treatment, and nursing management of individuals and families within the community in wellness and illness continuum.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to

- Demonstrate beginning practice competencies/skills relevant to provide comprehensive primary health care/community-based care to clients with common diseases and disorders including emergency and first aid care at home/clinics/centres as per predetermined protocols/drug standing orders approved by MOH&FW
- 2. Provide maternal, newborn and child care, and reproductive health including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings
- 3. Describe the methods of collection and interpretation of demographic data
- 4. Explain population control and its impact on the society and describe the approaches towards limiting family size
- 5. Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in occupational health programs
- Identify health problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health services
- 7. Participate in screening for mental health problems in the community and providing appropriate referral services
- 8. Discuss the methods of data collection for HMIS, analysis and interpretation of data
- 9. Discuss about effective management of health information in community diagnosis and intervention
- 10. Describe the management system of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas
- 11. Describe the leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management and maintenance of records & reports
- 12. Describe the roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MHCPs) in Health Wellness Centers (HWCs
- 13. Identify the roles and responsibilities of health team members and explain their job description
- 14. Demonstrate initiative in preparing themselves and the community for disaster preparedness and management
- 15. Demonstrate skills in proper bio-medical waste management as per protocols
- 16. Explain the roles and functions of various national and international health agencies

COURSE OUTLINE

T-Theory

Unit	Time (Hrs) Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	10 (T) Explain nurses' role in identification, primary management and referral of clients with common disorders/ conditions and emergencies including first aid	Management of common conditions and emergencies including first aid Standing orders: Definition, uses Screening, diagnosing/ identification, primary care and referral of Gastrointestinal System Abdominal pain Nausea and vomiting Diarrhea Constipation Jaundice Gi bleeding Abdominal distension Dysphagia and dyspepsia Aphthous ulcers Respiratory System Acute upper respiratory infections – Rhinitis, Sinusitis, Pharyngitis, Laryngitis, Tonsillitis Acute lower respiratory infections – Bronchitis, pneumonia and bronchial asthma Heart & Blood Common heart diseases – Heart attack/coronary artery disease, heart failure, arrhythmia Blood anemia, blood cancers, bleeding disorders Eye & ENT conditions Eye - local infections, redness of eye, conjunctivitis, stye, trachoma and refractive errors ENT – Epistaxis, ASOM, sore throat, deafness Urinary System Urinary tract infections – cystitis, pyelonephritis, prostatitis, UTIs in children First aid in common emergency conditions – Review High fever, low blood sugar, minor injuries, fractures, fainting, bleeding, shock, stroke, bites, burns, choking, seizures, RTAs, poisoning, drowning and foreign bodies	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice Assessment of clients with common conditions and provide referral	 Short answer Essay Field visit reports OSCE assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
II		Provide reproductive, maternal, newborn and childcare, including adolescent care in the urban and rural health care settings	Reproductive, maternal, newborn, child and adolescent Health (Review from OBG Nursing and application in community setting) Present situation of reproductive, maternal and child health in India Antenatal care Objectives, antenatal visits and examination, nutrition during pregnancy, counseling Calcium and iron supplementation in pregnancy Antenatal care at health centre level Birth preparedness High risk approach – Screening/early identification and primary management of complications – Antepartum hemorrhage, pre-eclampsia, eclampsia, Anemia, Gestational diabetes mellitus, Hypothyroidism, Syphilis Referral, follow up and maintenance of records and reports Intra natal care Normal labour – process, onset, stages of labour Monitoring and active management of different stages of labour Care of women after labour Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up – preterm labour, fetal distress, prolonged and obstructed labour, vaginal & perennial tears, ruptured uterus Care of newborn immediately after birth Maintenance of records and reports Use of Safe child birth check list SBA module – Review Organization of labour room Postpartum care Objectives, Postnatal visits, care of mother and baby, breast feeding, diet during lactation, and health counseling Early identification, primary management, referral and follow up of complications, Danger signs-postpartum hemorrhage, shock, puerperal sepsis, breast conditions, post-partum depression Postpartum visit by health care provider	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits and field practice Assessment of antenatal, postnatal, newborn, infant, preschool child, school child, and adolescent health	• Short answer • Essay • OSCE assessment

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	<u> </u>		Newborn and child care		
			• Review: Essential newborn care		
			Management of common neonatal problems		
			 Management of common child health problems: Pneumonia, Diarrhoea, Sepsis, screening for congenital anomalies and referral 		
			• Review: IMNCI Module		
			Under five clinics		
			Adolescent Health		
			Common health problems and risk factors in adolescent girls and boys		
			Common Gynecological conditions – dysmenoorhea, Premenstrual Syndrome (PMS), Vaginal discharge, Mastitis, Breast lump, pelvic pain, pelvic organ prolapse		
			Teenage pregnancy, awareness about legal age of marriage, nutritional status of adolescents National Menstrual Hygiene scheme		
		Promote adolescent	Youth friendly services:		
		health and youth	o SRH Service needs		
		friendly services	 Role and attitude of nurses: Privacy, confidentiality, non judgemental attitude, client autonomy, respectful care and communication 	Screen, manage and refer adolescentsCounsel adolescents	
			 Counseling for parents and teenagers (BCS balanced counseling strategy) 		
			National Programs		
			RMNCH+A Approach – Aims, Health systems strengthening, RMNCH+A strategies, Interventions across life stages, program management, monitoring and evaluation systems		
			 Universal Immunization Program (UIP) as per Government of India guidelines – Review 		
			Rashtriya Bal Swasthya Karyakaram (RSBK) -children		
			 Rashtriya Kishor Swasthya Karyakram (RKSK) – adolscents 		
			Any other new programs		

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
Ш	4 (T)	Discuss the concepts and scope of demography	 Demography, Surveillance and Interpretation of Data Demography and vital statistics – demographic cycle, world population trends, vital statistics Sex ratio and child sex ratio, trends of sex ratio in India, the causes and social implications Sources of vital statistics – Census, registration of vital events, sample registration system Morbidity and mortality indicators – Definition, calculation and interpretation Surveillance, Integrated disease surveillance project (IDSP), Organization of IDSP, flow of information and mother and child tracking system (MCTS) in India Collection, analysis, interpretation, use of data Review: Common sampling techniques – random and nonrandom techniques 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	Short answerEssay
IV	6 (T)	Discuss population explosion and its impact on social and economic development of India Describe the various methods of population control	 Disaggregation of data Population and its Control Population Explosion and its impact on Social, Economic development of individual, society and country. Population Control – Women Empowerment; Social, Economic and Educational Development Limiting Family Size – Promotion of small family norm, Temporary Spacing Methods (natural, biological, chemical, mechanical methods etc.), Terminal Methods (Tubectomy, Vasectomy) Emergency Contraception Counseling in reproductive, sexual health including problems of adolescents Medical Termination of pregnancy and MTP Act National Population Stabilization Fund/JSK (Jansankhya Sthirata Kosh) Family planning 2020 National Family Welfare Program Role of a nurse in Family Welfare Program 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Short answer Essay OSCE assessment Counseling on family planning
V	5 (T)	Describe occupational health hazards, occupational diseases and the role of nurses in	Occupational Health Occupational health hazards Occupational diseases ESI Act	LectureDiscussionDemonstrationRole play	EssayShort answerClinical performance

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		occupational health programs	National/ State Occupational Health Programs	Suggested field visits	evaluation
			Role of a nurse in occupational health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems	Field practice	
VI	6 (T)	Identify health	Geriatric Health Care	Lecture	• Visit report on
		problems of older adults and provide primary care, counseling and supportive health	Health problems of older adults	• Discussion	elderly home
			Management of common geriatric ailments: counseling, supportive treatment of older adults	Demonstration	EssayShort answer
	services	services	Organization of geriatric health services		
			National program for health care of elderly (NPHCE)		
			State level programs/Schemes for older adults		
			Role of a community health nurse in geriatric health services – Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of older adults with health problems		
VII	6 (T)	Describe screening	Mental Health Disorders	• Lecture	• Essay
		for mental health problems in the	• Screening, management, prevention and	• Discussion	Short answer
		community, take	referral for mental health disorders	Demonstration	 Counseling
		preventive measures and	• Review:	Role play	report
		provide appropriate referral services	 Depression, anxiety, acute psychosis, Schizophrenia 	Health counseling on promotion of	
			o Dementia	mental health	
			o Suicide	• Suggested field visits	
			 Alcohol and substance abuse Drug deaddiction program 	• Field practice	
			National Mental Health Program	Tiera praetice	
			National Mental Health Policy		
			National Mental Health Act		
			Role of a community health nurse in screening, initiation of treatment and follow up of mentally ill clients		
VIII	4 (T)	Discuss about	Health Management Information System	Lecture	Group project
		effective management of	(HMIS)	 Discussion 	report
		health information	• Introduction to health management system: data elements, recording and reporting	Demonstration	• Essay
			formats, data quality issues	Role play	Short answer
		intervention	• Review:	Suggested field	
			Basic Demography and vital statistics	visits	
			o Sources of vital statistics	Field practice	
			Common sampling techniques, frequency distribution	Group project on community diagnosis – data	

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Collection, analysis, interpretation of data Analysis of data for community needs assessment and preparation of health action plan 	management	
IX	12 (T)	Describe the system management of delivery of community health services in rural and urban areas	Management of delivery of community health services: Planning, budgeting and material management of CHC, PHC, SC/HWC Manpower planning as per IPHS standards Rural: Organization, staffing and material management of rural health services provided by Government at village, SC/HWC, PHC, CHC, hospitals – district, state and central Urban: Organization, staffing, and functions of urban health services provided by Government at slums, dispensaries, special clinics, municipal and corporate hospitals Defense services Institutional services Other systems of medicine and health: Indian system of medicine, AYUSH clinics, Alternative health care system referral systems, Indigenous health services	 Lecture Discussion Visits to various health care delivery systems Supervised field practice 	 Essay Short answer Filed visit reports
X	15 (T)	leadership role in guiding, supervising, and monitoring the health services and the personnel at the PHCs, SCs and community level including financial management Describe the roles	 Leadership, Supervision and Monitoring Understanding work responsibilities/job description of DPHN, Health Visitor, PHN, MPHW (Female), Multipurpose health Worker (Male), AWWs and ASHA Roles and responsibilities of Mid-Level Health Care Providers (MLHPs) Village Health Sanitation and Nutrition Committees (VHSNC): objectives, composition and roles & responsibilities Health team management Review: Leadership & supervision – concepts, principles & methods Leadership in health: leadership approaches in healthcare setting, taking control of health of community and organizing health camps, village clinics Training, Supportive supervision and monitoring – concepts, principles and process e.g. performance of frontline health workers Financial Management and Accounting & Computing at Health Centers (SC) Activities for which funds are received 	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Role play Suggested field visits Field practice 	 Report on interaction with MPHWs, HVs , ASHA, AWWs Participation in training programs Essay Short answer

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			o Accounting and book keeping requirements — accounting principles & policies, book of accounts to be maintained, basic accounting entries, accounting process, payments & expenditure, fixed asset, SOE reporting format, utilization certificate (UC) reporting		
			o Preparing a budget		
			o Audit		
			Records & Reports:		
			Concepts of records and reports – importance, legal implications, purposes, use of records, principles of record writing, filing of records		
			Types of records – community related records, registers, guidelines for maintaining		
			• Report writing – purposes, documentation of activities, types of reports		
			Medical Records Department – functions, filing and retention of medical records		
			Electronic Medical Records (EMR) — capabilities and components of EMR, electronic health record (EHR), levels of automation, attributes, benefits and disadvantages of HER		
			Nurses' responsibility in record keeping and reporting		
XI	6 (T)	Demonstrate	Disaster Management	• Lecture	
		initiative in preparing	Disaster types and magnitude	Discussion	
		themselves and the community for	Disaster preparedness	Demonstration	
		disaster	Emergency preparedness	Role play	
		preparedness and management	Common problems during disasters and methods to overcome	Suggested field visits, and field	
			Basic disaster supplies kit	practice	
			Disaster response including emergency relief measures and Life saving techniques	 Mock drills Refer Disaster	
			Use disaster management module	module (NDMA) National Disaster/INC – Reaching out in emergencies	
XII	3 (T)	Describe the importance of biomedical waste management, its	Bio-Medical Waste Management Waste collection, segregation, transportation and management in the	Lecture cum DiscussionField visit to waste	• Field visit report
		process and	community	management site	
		management	 Waste management in health center/clinics Bio-medical waste management guidelines 		
			- 2016, 2018 (Review)		
XIII	3 (T)	Explain the roles and functions of	Health Agencies	Lecture	• Essay

Unit	Time (Hrs)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching / Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
		various national and international health agencies	 International: WHO, UNFPA, UNDP, World Bank, FAO, UNICEF, European Commission, Red Cross, USAID, UNESCO, ILO, CAR, CIDA, JHPIEGO, any other National: Indian Red Cross, Indian Council for Child Welfare, Family Planning Association of India, Tuberculosis Association of India, Central Social Welfare Board, All India Women's Conference, Blind Association of India, any other Voluntary Health Association of India (VHA) 	DiscussionField visits	Short answer

COMMUNITY HEALTH NURSING II

Clinical practicum – 2 credits (160 hours)

CLINICAL POSTINGS (4 weeks × 40 hours per week)

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/ Clinical Skills	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
Urban	2 Weeks	Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with common conditions/ emergencies Assess and provide antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and new- born care Promote adolescent health	 Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with common conditions/ emergencies Assessment (physical & nutritional) of antenatal, intrapartum, postnatal and newborn Conduction of normal delivery at health center Newborn care Counsel adolescents Family planning counselling Distribution of temporary contraceptives – condoms, OCP's, emergency contraceptives 	 Screening, diagnosing, Primary management and care based on standing orders/protocols approved by MOH&FW Minor ailments – 2 Emergencies – 1 Dental problems – 1 Eye problems – 1 Ear, nose, and throat problems – 1 High risk pregnant woman – 1 High risk neonate – 1 Assessment of antenatal – 1, intrapartum – 1, postnatal – 1 and newborn – 1 Conduction of normal delivery at health center and documentation – 2 Immediate newborn care and documentation – 1 Adolescent counseling – 1 Family planning counselling – 1 	 Clinical performance assessment OSCE during posting Final clinical examination (University) Clinical performance assessment OSCE

Clinical Area	Duration (Weeks)	Learning Outcomes	Procedural Competencies/	Clinical Requirements	Assessment Methods
		Provide family welfare services	• Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems	1 • Family case study – 1 (Rural/Urban)	Family Case study evaluation
		Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients with occupational health problem	Health assessment of elderly	• Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with occupational health problems – 1	
		Screen, assess and manage elderly with health problems and refer appropriately	Mental health screening	Health assessment (Physical & nutritional) of elderly – 1	Clinical performance evaluation
		Screen, diagnose, manage and refer clients who are mentally unhealthy	Participation in Community diagnosis – data management	Mental health screening survey - 1	• OSCE
		Participate in community diagnosis – data management	 Writing health center activity report Organizing and 	Group project: Community diagnosis – data management	
		Participate in health centre activities	conducting clinics/camp • Participation in disaster mock drills	Write report on health center activities – 1	
		Organize and conduct clinics/health camps in the community		Organizing and conducting Antenatal/under-five clinic/Health camp – 1	 Project evaluation
		Prepare for disaster preparedness and management		Participation in disaster mock drills	
		Recognize the importance and observe the biomedical waste management process		Field visit to bio-medical waste management site	
				Visit to AYUSH clinic	

NURSING RESEARCH AND STATISTICS

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER **THEORY:** 2 Credits (40 hours)

PRACTICUM: Lab/Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 hours) Clinical Project: 40 hours

DESCRIPTION: The Course is designed to enable students to develop an understanding of basic concepts of research, research process and statistics. It is further, structured to conduct/participate in need-based research studies in various settings and utilize the research findings to provide quality nursing care. The hours for practical will be utilized for conducting individual/group research project.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, students will be competent to

- 1. Identify research priority areas
- 2. Formulate research questions/problem statement/hypotheses
- 3. Review related literature on selected research problem and prepare annotated bibliography
- 4. Prepare sample data collection tool
- 5. Analyze and interpret the given data
- 6. Practice computing, descriptive statistics and correlation
- 7. Draw figures and types of graphs on given select data
- 8. Develop a research proposal
- 9. Plan and conduct a group/individual research project

COURSE OUTLINE

T - Theory, P - Practicum

Unit	Ti	ime (Hrs.) Learning Outcomes		Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	T	P	o accomes		TICH VILLES	Wiewious
I	6		Describe the concept of research, terms, need and areas of research in nursing Explain the steps of research process State the purposes and steps of Evidence Based Practice	 Research and Research Process Introduction and need for nursing research Definition of Research & nursing research Steps of scientific method Characteristics of good research Steps of Research process – overview Evidence Based Practice – Concept, Meaning, Purposes, Steps of EBP Process and Barriers 	 Lecture cum Discussion Narrate steps of research process followed from examples of published studies Identify research priorities on a given area/ specialty List examples of Evidence Based Practice 	Short answerObjective type
П	2	8	Identify and state the research problem and objectives	Research Problem/Question Identification of problem area Problem statement Criteria of a good research problem Writing objectives and hypotheses	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on writing statement of problem and objectives 	 Short answer Objective type Formulation of research questions/ objectives/ hypothesis

Unit	Ti	me (Hrs.)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	Т	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
Ш	2	6	Review the related literature	Review of Literature Location Sources On line search; CINHAL, COCHRANE etc. Purposes Method of review	 Lecture cum Discussion Exercise on reviewing one research report/ article for a selected research problem Prepare annotated Bibliography 	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of review of literature on given topic presented
IV	4	1	Describe the Research approaches and designs	Research Approaches and Designs Historical, survey and experimental Qualitative and Quantitative designs	 Lecture cum Discussion Identify types of research approaches used from examples of published and unpublished research Studies with rationale 	Short answerObjective type
V	6	6	Explain the Sampling process Describe the methods of data collection	 Sampling and data Collection Definition of Population, Sample Sampling criteria, factors influencing sampling process, types of sampling techniques Data – why, what, from whom, when and where to collect Data collection methodsand instruments Methods of data collection Questioning, interviewing Observations, record analysis and measurement Types of instruments, Validity & Reliability of the Instrument Research ethics Pilot study Data collection procedure 	Lecture cum Discussion Reading assignment on examples of data collection tools Preparation of sample data collection tool Conduct group research project	 Short answer Objective type Developing questionnaire/ Interview Schedule/ Checklist
VI	4	6	Analyze, Interpret and summarize the research data	Analysis of data Compilation, Tabulation, classification, summarization, presentation, interpretation of data	 Lecture cum Discussion Preparation of sample tables 	Short answerObjective typeAnalyze and interpret given data
VII	12	8	Explain the use of statistics, scales of measurement	 Introduction to Statistics Definition, use of statistics, scales of measurement. 	Lecture cum DiscussionPractice on	 Short answer Objective type Computation of

Unit	Tiı	me (Hrs.)	Learning	Content	Teaching/ Learning	Assessment
	T	P	Outcomes		Activities	Methods
			and graphical presentation of data Describe the measures of central tendency and variability and methods of Correlation	 Frequency distribution and graphical presentation of data Mean, Median, Mode, Standard deviation Normal Probability and tests of significance Co-efficient of correlation Statistical packages and its application 	graphical presentations • Practice on computation of measures of central tendency, variability & correlation	descriptive statistics
VIII	4	40 Hrs (Clinical Project)	Communicate and utilize the research findings	Communication and utilization of Research Communication of research findings Verbal report Writing research report Writing scientific article/paper Critical review of published research including publication ethics Utilization of research findings Conducting group research project	 Lecture cum Discussion Read/ Presentations of a sample published/ unpublished research report Plan, conduct and Write individual/group research project 	 Short answer Objective type Oral Presentation Development of research proposal Assessment of research Project

MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRIC AND GYNECOLOGY NURSING - II including Safe Delivery App Module

PLACEMENT: VII SEMESTER
THEORY: 3 Credits (60 hours)

PRACTICUM: Skill Lab: 1 Credit (40 Hours) Clinical: 4 Credits (320 Hours)

DESCRIPTION: This course is designed for students to develop knowledge and competencies on the concepts and principles of obstetric and gynecology nursing. It helps them to acquire knowledge and skills in rendering respectful maternity care to high risk woman during antenatal, natal and postnatal periods in hospitals and community settings and helpto develop skills in initial management and referral of high risk neonates. It would also help students to gain knowledge, attitude and skills in caring for women with gynecological disorders.

COMPETENCIES: On completion of the course, the students will be able to:

- 1. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and respectful maternity care of women with high risk pregnancy.
- 2. Demonstrate competency in identifying deviation from normal pregnancy.
- 3. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with high risk labour.
- 4. Assist in the conduction of abnormal vaginal deliveries and caesarean section.
- 5. Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.
- 6. Demonstrate competency in the initial management of complications during the postnatal period.
- 7. Demonstrate competency in providing care for high risk newborn.
- 8. Apply nursing process in caring for high risk women and their families.
- 9. Describe the assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders.

- 10. Demonstrate skills in performing and assisting in specific gynecological procedures.
- 11. Describe the drugs used in obstetrics and gynecology.
- 12. Counsel and care for couples with infertility.
- 13. Describe artificial reproductive technology.

COURSE OUTLINE

$T-Theory,\,SL/L-Skill\,Lab,\,C-Clinical$

Unit	Time Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
I	12 (T) 10 (L) 80 (C) Support women with problems during pregnancy Support women with complicated pregnancy and facilitate safe and positive birthing outcome	Recognition and Management of problems during Pregnancy Assessment of high-risk pregnancy Hyper-emesis gravidarum, Bleeding in early pregnancy – abortion, ectopic pregnancy, vesicular mole Unintended or mistimed pregnancy Post abortion care & counseling Bleeding in late pregnancy placenta previa, abruption placenta, trauma Medical conditions complicating pregnancy – Anemia, PIH/Preeclampsia, Eclampsia, GDM, cardiac disease, pulmonary disease, thyrotoxicosis, STDs, HIV, Rh incompatibility Infections in pregnancy – urinary tract infection, bacterial, viral, protozoal, fungal, malaria in pregnancy Surgical conditions complicating pregnancy – appendicitis, acute abdomen COVID-19 & pregnancy and children Hydramnios Multiple pregnancy Abnormalities of placenta and cord Intra uterine growth restriction Intra uterine fetal death Gynaecological conditions complicating pregnancy Mental health issues during pregnancy Adolescent pregnancy Elderly primi, grand multiparity Management and care of conditions as per the GoI protocol Policy for the referral services	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Video & films Scan reports Case discussion Case presentation Drug presentation Health talk Simulation Role play Supervised Clinical practice WHO midwifery toolkit GoI guideline – screening for hypothyroidism, screening for syphilis, deworming during pregnancy, diagnosis and management of GDM 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			Drugs used in management of high-risk pregnancies		
			Maintenance of records and reports		
II	20 (T) 15 (L) 80 (C)	Identify, provide initial management and refer women with problems during labour within the scope of midwifery practice.	Recognition and management of abnormal labour Preterm labour – Prevention and management of preterm labour; (Use of antenatal corticosteroids in preterm labour) Premature rupture of membranes Malposition's and abnormal presentations (posterior position, breech, brow, face, shoulder) Contracted Pelvis, Cephalo Pelvic Disproportion (CPD) Disorders of uterine action – Prolonged labour, Precipitate labour, Dysfunctional labour Complications of third stage – Retained placenta, Injuries to birth canal, Postpartum hemorrhage (bimanual compression of the uterus, aortic compression, uterine balloon tamponade) Obstetric emergencies – Foetal distress,	 Lecture Discussion Demonstration Case discussion/presentation Simulation Role play Drug presentation Supervised clinical practice WHO midwifery toolkit GoI guidelines – use of uterotonics during labour, antenatal corticosteroids GoI guidance note on prevention and management of PPH 	 Essay Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE
			Ruptured uterus, Cord prolapse, Shoulder dystocia, Uterine inversion, Vasa previa, Obstetrical shock, Amniotic fluid embolism • Episiotomy and suturing • Obstetric procedures – Forceps delivery, Vacuum delivery, Version • Induction of labour – Medical & surgical • Caesarean section – indications and preparation • Nursing management of women undergoing • Obstetric operations and procedures • Drugs used in management of abnormal labour • Anesthesia and analgesia in obstetrics		
Ш	9 (T) 5 (L) 40 (C)	Describe the assessment, initial management, referral and nursing care of women with abnormal postnatal conditions.	Recognition and Management of postnatal problems • Physical examination, identification of deviation from normal • Puerperal complications and its management • Puerperal pyrexia • Puerperal sepsis	 Lecture Demonstration Case discussion/ presentation Drug presentation Supervised clinical practice 	 Quiz Simulation Short answer OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	(Hrs.)	Outcomes	 Urinary complications Secondary Postpartum hemorrhage Vulval hematoma Breast engorgement including mastitis/breast abscess, feeding problem Thrombophlebitis DVT Uterine sub involution Vesico vaginal fistula (VVF), Recto vaginal fistula (RVF) Postpartum depression/psychosis Drugs used in abnormal puerperium Policy about referral 	Activities	Methods
IV	7 (T) 5 (L) 40 (C)	Describe high risk neonates and their nursing management	Assessment and management of Highrisk newborn (Review) Models of newborn care in India – NBCC; SNCUs Screening of high-risk newborn Protocols, levels of neonatal care, infection control Prematurity, Post-maturity Low birth weight Kangaroo Mother Care Birth asphyxia/Hypoxic encephalopathy Neonatal sepsis Hypothermia Respiratory distress Jaundice Neonatal infections High fever Convulsions Neonatal tetanus Congenital anomalies Baby of HIV positive mothers Birth injuries SIDS (Sudden Infant Death Syndrome) prevention, Compassionate care Calculation of fluid requirements, EBM/formula feeds/tube feeding Home based newborn care program -	Lecture Discussion Demonstration Simulation Case discussion/presentation Drug presentation Supervised Clinical practice Integrated Management of Neonatal Childhood Illnesses (IMNCI)	 Short answer Objective type Assessment of skills with check list OSCE

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
	()		community facility integration in		
			community facility integration in newborn care		
			Decision making about management and referral		
			Bereavement counseling		
			Drugs used for high risk newborns		
			Maintenance of records and reports		
V	12 (T)	Describe the assessment and	Assessment and management of women with gynecological disorders	• Lecture	• Essay
	5 (L) 80 (C)	management of women with	Gynecological assessment – History and	DiscussionDemonstration	Short answerObjective type
	00 (0)	gynecological	Physical assessment	Case discussion/	Assessment of
		disorders.	Breast Self-Examination	presentation	skills with
			Congenital abnormalities of female reproductive system	Drug presentation	check list OSCE
			• Etiology, pathophysiology, clinical	 Videos, films 	OSCE
			manifestations, diagnosis, treatment modalities and management of women	Simulated practice	
			with	Supervised Clinical	
			Menstrual abnormalities	practice	
			Abnormal uterine bleed	Visit to infertility clinic and ART	
			o Pelvic inflammatory disease	centers	
			o Infections of the reproductive tract		
			o Uterine displacement		
			o Endometriosis		
			 Uterine and cervical fibroids and polyps 		
			 Tumors – uterine, cervical, ovarian, vaginal, vulval 		
			○ Cysts – ovarian, vulval		
			o Cystocele, urethrocele, rectocele		
			o Genitor-urinary fistulas		
			 Breast disorders – infections, deformities, cysts, tumors 		
			o HPV vaccination		
			o Disorders of Puberty and menopause		
			 Hormonal replacement therapy 		
			Assessment and management of couples with infertility		
			o Infertility – definition, causes		
			Counseling the infertile couple		
			o Investigations – male and female		
			Artificial reproductive technology		
			 Surrogacy, sperm and ovum donation, cryopreservation 		

Unit	Time (Hrs.)	Learning Outcomes	Content	Teaching/ Learning Activities	Assessment Methods
			 Adoption – counseling, procedures Injuries and Trauma; Sexual violence Drugs used in treatment of gynaecological disorders 		

Note: Complete safe delivery app during VII Semester.

PRACTICUM

SKILL LAB & CLINICAL ARE GIVEN UNDER OBG NURSING – I

LIST OF APPENDICES

- 1. Internal Assessment: Distribution of marks
- 2. Internal Assessment guidelines
- 3. University Theory paper Question pattern and Practical examination

APPENDIX 1

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT: Distribution of marks

I SEMESTER

S.No.	Name of the Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Internal Marks
	Theory			
1	Communicative English	10	15	25
2	Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology	10	15	25
3	Applied Sociology & Applied Psychology	10	15	25
4	Nursing Foundations I	10	15	25
	Practical			
5	Nursing Foundations I	10	15	25

II SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Marks
	Theory			
1	Applied Biochemistry and Applied Nutrition & Dietetics	10	15	25
2	Nursing Foundations II including First Aid I & II	10	15	25 I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
3	Health/Nursing Informatics & Technology	10	15	25
	Practical			
4	Nursing Foundations II I & II	10	15	25 I & II = 25+25 = 50

III SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams – Theory/Practical	Total Marks
	Theory			
1	Applied Microbiology and Infection Control including Safety	10	15	25
2	Pharmacology I and Pathology I	10	15	25
3	Adult Health Nursing I with integrated pathophysiology including BCLS module	10	15	25
	Practical			
4	Adult Health Nursing I	20	30	50

IV SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams/ Practical	Total Marks
	Theory			
1	Pharmacology II & Pathology II I & II	10	15	25 I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
2	Adult Health Nursing II with integrated pathophysiology including Geriatric Nursing	10	15	25
3	Professionalism, Professional values & Ethics including bioethics	10	15	25
	Practical			
4	Adult Health Nursing II	20	30	50

V SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Theory/ Practical Exams	Total Marks
	Theory			
1	Child Health Nursing I	10	15	25
2	Mental Health Nursing I	10	15	25
3	Community Health Nursing I	10	15	25
4	Educational Technology/ Nursing education	10	15	25
5	Introduction to Forensic Nursing and Indian Laws	10	15	25
	Practical			
6	Child Health Nursing I	10	15	25
7	Mental Health Nursing I	10	15	25
8	Community Health Nursing I	20	30	50

VI SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Continuous Assessment	Sessional Exams/ Practical	Total Marks
	Theory			
1	Child Health Nursing II	10	15	25
	I & II			I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
2	Mental Health Nursing II	10	15	25
	I & II			I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
3	Nursing Management and Leadership	10	15	25
4	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology I	10	15	25
	Practical			
5	Child Health Nursing II	10	15	25
	I & II			I & II = 25+25 = 50
6	Mental Health Nursing II	10	15	25
	I & II			I & II = 25+25 = 50
7	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing I	10	15	25

VII SEMESTER

S.No.	Course	Continuous assessment	Sessional Exams/ Practical	Total Marks
	Theory			
1	Community Health Nursing II	10	15	25
2	Nursing Research & Statistics	10	15	25
3	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II	10	15	25
	I & II			I & II = 25+25 = 50/2
	Practical			
4	Community Health Nursing II	20	30	50
5	Midwifery/Obstetrics and Gynecology (OBG) Nursing II	10	15	25
	I & II			I & II = 25+25 = 50

VIII SEMESTER (Internship)

S.No.	Course	Continuous performance evaluation	OSCE	Total Marks
1	Competency assessment –	Each specialty – 10	Each specialty – 10	100
	5 specialties × 20 marks	$5\times10 = 50$ marks	$5 \times 10 = 50 \text{ marks}$	

APPENDIX 2

INTERNAL ASSESSMENT GUIDELINES

THEORY

I. CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT: 10 marks

- 1. Attendance 2 marks (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0)
- 2. Written assignments (Two) -10 marks
- 3. Seminar/microteaching/individual presentation (Two) 12 marks
- **4.** Group project/work/report **6 marks**

Total = 30/3 = 10

If there is mandatory module in that semester, marks obtained by student out of 10 can be added to 30 totaling 40 marks

Total = 40/4 = 10 marks

II. SESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS: 15 marks

Two sessional exams per course

Exam pattern:

 $MCQ - 4 \times 1 = 4$

 $Essay - 1 \times 10 = 10$

 $Short - 2 \times 5 = 10$

Very Short $-3 \times 2 = 6$

 $30 \text{ marks} \times 2 = 60/4 = 15$

PRACTICAL

I. CONTINUOUS ASSESSMENT: 10 marks

- 1. Attendance 2 marks (95-100%: 2 marks, 90-94: 1.5 marks, 85-89: 1 mark, 80-84: 0.5 mark, <80: 0)
- 2. Clinical assignments 10 marks

(Clinical presentation -3, drug presentation & report -2, case study report -5)

- 3. Continuous evaluation of clinical performance 10 marks
- 4. End of posting OSCE 5 marks
- 5. Completion of procedures and clinical requirements -3 marks

Total = 30/3 = 10

II. SESSIONAL EXAMINATIONS: 15 marks

Exam pattern:

OSCE - 10 marks (2-3 hours)

DOP – 20 marks (4-5 hours)

{DOP - Directly observed practical in the clinical setting}

Total = 30/2 = 15

Note: For Adult Health Nursing I, Adult Health Nursing II, Community Health Nursing I & Community Health Nursing II, the marks can be calculated as per weightage. Double the weightage as 20 marks for continuous assessment and 30 for sessional exams.

COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT: (VIII SEMESTER)

Internal assessment

Clinical performance evaluation -10×5 specialty = 50 marks

 $OSCE = 10 \times 5 \text{ specialty} = 50 \text{ marks}$

 $Total = 5 specialty \times 20 marks = 100$

APPENDIX 3

I. UNIVERSITY THEORY QUESTION PAPER PATTERN (For 75 marks)

- 1. Section A 37 marks and Section B 38 marks
 - a. Applied Anatomy & Applied Physiology: Applied Anatomy Section A and Applied Physiology Section B,
 - Applied Sociology & Applied Psychology: Applied Sociology Section A and Applied Psychology Section B
 - c. **Applied Microbiology & Infection Control including Safety:** Applied Microbiology Section A and Infection Control including Safety Section B

Section A (37 marks)

 $MCQ - 6 \times 1 = 6$

 $Essay - 1 \times 10 = 10$

 $Short - 3 \times 5 = 15$

Very Short $-3 \times 2 = 6$

Section B (38 marks)

 $MCQ - 7 \times 1 = 7$

 $Essay - 1 \times 10 = 10$

 $Short - 3 \times 5 = 15$

Very Short $-3 \times 2 = 6$

2. Section A - 25 marks and Section B - 50 marks

Applied Biochemistry & Nutrition & Dietetics: Applied Biochemistry – Section A and Applied Nutrition & Dietetics – Section B

Section A (25 marks)

 $MCQ - 4 \times 1 = 4$

 $Short - 3 \times 5 = 15$

Very Short $-3 \times 2 = 6$

Section B (50 marks)

 $MCQ - 8 \times 1 = 8$

Essay/situation type $-1 \times 10 = 10$

 $Short - 4 \times 5 = 20$

 $Very Short - 6 \times 2 = 12$

3. Section A – 38 marks, Section B – 25 marks and Section C – 12 marks

Pharmacology, Pathology and Genetics: Pharmacology – Section A, Pathology – Section B and Genetics – Section C

Section A (38 marks)

$$MCQ - 7 \times 1 = 7$$

$$Essay - 1 \times 10 = 10$$

$$Short - 3 \times 5 = 15$$

Very Short $-3 \times 2 = 6$

Section B (25 marks)

$$MCQ - 4 \times 1 = 4$$

$$Short - 3 \times 5 = 15$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

Section C (12 marks)

$$MCQ - 3 \times 1 = 3$$

$$Short - 1 \times 5 = 5$$

Very Short
$$-2 \times 2 = 4$$

4. Section A - 55 marks and Section B - 20 marks

Research and Statistics: Research – Section A and Statistics – Section B

Section A (55 marks)

$$MCQ - 9 \times 1 = 9$$

Essay/situation type $-2 \times 15 = 30$

$$Short - 2 \times 5 = 10$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

Section B (20 marks)

$$MCQ - 4 \times 1 = 4$$

$$Short - 2 \times 5 = 10$$

Very Short
$$-3 \times 2 = 6$$

5. Marks 75 (For all other university exams with 75 marks)

$$MCQ - 12 \times 1 = 12$$

Essay/situation type
$$-2 \times 15 = 30$$

Short
$$-5 \times 5 = 25$$

Very Short
$$-4 \times 2 = 8$$

6. College Exam (End of Semester) -50 marks (50/2 = 25 marks)

$$MCQ - 8 \times 1 = 8$$

Essay/situation type
$$-1 \times 10 = 10$$

Short
$$-4 \times 5 = 20$$

Very Short
$$-6 \times 2 = 12$$

II. UNIVERSITY PRACTICAL EXAMINATION - 50 marks

III. COMPETENCY ASSESSMENT – University Exam (VIII SEMESTER)

Integrated OSCE including all 5 specialties (Stations based on every specialty) = 5 specialty $5 \times 20 = 100$ marks

Total of 5 Examiners: external -2 and internal -3 (One from each specialty)

Internal examiners may be chosen from college faculty with required qualification or from hospital with required qualification.

Clinical Logbook for B.Sc. Nursing Program (Procedural Competencies/Skills)

I & II SEMESTER

S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DA	TE	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
		muependentiy	procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Tutor/Faculty
		I SEM	ESTER			
I	Communication and Documenta	tion				
1	Maintaining Communication and interpersonal relationship with patient and families					
2	Verbal Report					
3	Recording/Documentation of patient care (Written Report)					
II	Monitoring Vital Signs					
	Temperatur e					
4	Oral					
5	Axillary					
6	Rectal					
7	Tympanic					
	Pulse					
8	Radial					
9	Apical					
10	Respiration					
11	Blood Pressure					
III	Hot & Cold Application					
12	Cold Compress					
13	Hot Compress					
14	Ice Cap					
15	Tepid sponge					
IV	Health Assessment (Basic – First	year level)	L			
16	Health History					
17	Physical Assessment – General & system wise					
18	Documentation of findings					
V	Infection Control in Clinical Settings					

S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills		Assists/ Observes	DA	TE	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
		independently	procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	1 utor/F acuity
19	Hand hygiene (Hand washing & Hand rub)					
20	Use of personal and protective equipment					
VI	Comfort					
21	Open Bed					
22	Occupied Bed					
23	Post-operative Bed					
24	Supine Position					
25	Fowler's Position					
26	Lateral Position					
27	Prone Position					
28	Semi Prone Position					
29	Trendelenburg Position					
30	Lithotomy Position					
31	Changing Position of helpless patient (Moving/Turning/Logrolling)					
32	Cardiac table/Over-bed table					
33	Back Rest					
34	Bed Cradle					
35	Pain Assessment (Initial & Reassessment)					
VII	Safety			•		
36	Side rail					
37	Restraint (Physical)					
38	Fall risk assessment & post fall assessment					
VIII	Admission & Discharge					
39	Admission					
40	Discharge					
41	Transfer (within hospital)					
IX	Mobility					•
42	Ambulation					
43	Transferring patient from & to					

S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes procedures A/O	DA	TE	Signature of the
				Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	- Tutor/Faculty
	bed & wheelchair					
44	Transferring patient from & to bed & stretcher					
45	Range of Motion Exercises (ROM)					
X	Patient Education				l	1
46	Individual Patient Teaching					
		II SEM	ESTER			
XI	Hygiene					
47	Sponge bath/Bed bath					
48	Pressure Injury Assessment					
49	Skin care and care of pressure points					
50	Oral hygiene					
51	Hair wash					
52	Pediculosis treatment					
53	Perineal Care/Meatal care					
54	Urinary Catheter care					
XII	Nursing Process-Basic level				l	1
55	Assessment and formulating nursing diagnosis					
56	Planning the nursing Care					
57	Implementation of Care					
58	Evaluation of Care (Reassessment & Modification)					
XIII	Nutrition & Fluid Balance					
59	24 Hours Dietary Recall					
60	Planning Well balanced diet					
61	Making fluid plan					
62	Preparation of nasogastric tube feed					
63	Nasogastric tube feeding					
64	Maintaining intake & output chart					
65	Intra Venous Infusion Plan					
XIV	Elimination		I	ı	ı	1

S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs	Assists/ Observes	DA	ТЕ	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
		independently	procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	1 utor/Facuity
66	Providing Bedpan					
67	Providing Urinal					
68	Enema					
69	Bowel Wash					
XV	Diagnostic Tests-Specimen collec	tion			l	
70	Urine Specimen for Routine Analysis					
71	Urine Specimen for Culture					
72	Timed urine specimen collection					
73	Feces specimen for routine					
74	Sputum Culture					
	Urine Testing					
75	Ketone					
76	Albumin					
77	Reaction					
78	Specific Gravity					
XVI	Oxygenation Needs/Promoting R	espiration				
79	Deep Breathing & Coughing Exercises					
80	Steam inhalation					
81	Oxygen administration using face mask					
82	Oxygen administration using nasal prongs					
XVII	Medication Administration		<u> </u>	l	l	•
83	Oral Medications					
84	Intramuscular					
85	Subcutaneous					
86	Rectal Suppositories					
XVIII	Death and Dying					
87	Death care/Last Office					
XIX	First Aid and Emergencies					
	Bandages & Binders					
88	Circular					

S.No.	Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DA	TE	Signature of the Tutor/Faculty
			procedures A/O	Skill Lab/ Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	
89	Spiral					
90	Reverse Spiral					
91	Recurrent					
92	Spica					
93	Figure of eight					
94	Eye					
95	Ear					
96	Caplin					
97	Jaw					
98	Arm Sling					
99	Abdominal Binder					
100	Basic CPR (first aid module)					

III & IV SEMESTER

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI	E	Signature of the Tutor/
		Procedures	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty	
		III SE	MESTER			
I	MEDICAL					
	Intravenous therapy					
1	IV cannulation					
2	IV maintenance & monitoring					
3	Administration of IV medication					
4	Care of patient with Central Line					
	Preparation, assisting, and after c	are of patients un	dergoing diagi	nostic procedures		
5	Thoracentesis					
6	Abdominal paracentesis					
	Respiratory therapies and monitor	ring				
7	Administration of oxygen using venturi mask					
8	Nebulization					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DAT	E	Signature of the Tutor/
	Competencies	mucpenuenay	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
9	Chest physiotherapy					
10	Postural drainage					
11	Oropharyngeal suctioning					
12	Care of patient with chest drainage					
	Planning therapeutic diet					
13	High protein diet					
14	Diabetic diet					
15	Performing and monitoring GRBS					
16	Insulin administration					
II	SURGICAL					
17	Pre-Operative care					
18	Immediate Post-operative care					
19	Post-operative exercise					
20	Pain assessment and management					
	Assisting diagnostic procedures as	nd after care of p	atients undergo	ping		
21	Colonoscopy					
22	ERCP					
23	Endoscopy					
24	Liver Biopsy					
25	Nasogastric aspiration					
26	Gastrostomy/Jejunostomy feeds					
27	Ileostomy/Colostomy care					
28	Surgical dressing					
29	Suture removal					
30	Surgical soak					
31	Sitz bath					
32	Care of drain					
III	CARDIOLOGY	•				•
33	Cardiac monitoring					
34	Recording and interpreting ECG					
35	Arterial blood gas analysis –					
	1	1	1	1		Ĺ

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DAT		Signature of the Tutor/
			Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
	interpretation					
36	Administration of cardiac drugs					
37	Preparation and after care of patients undergoing cardiac Catheterization					
38	Performing BCLS					
	Collection of blood sample for					
39	Blood grouping/cross matching					
40	Blood sugar					
41	Serum electrolytes					
42	Assisting with blood transfusion					
43	Assisting for bone marrow aspiration					
44	Application of antiembolism stockings (TED hose)					
45	Application/maintenance of sequential Compression Device					
IV	DERMATOLOGY					
46	Application of topical medication					
47	Intradermal injection-Skin allergy testing					
48	Medicated bath					
V	COMMUNICABLE					
49	Intradermal injection-BCG and Tuberculin skin Test or Mantoux test					
50	Barrier nursing & Reverse barrier nursing					
51	Standard precautions-Hand hygiene, use of PPE, needle stick and sharp injury prevention, Cleaning and disinfection, Respiratory hygiene, waste disposal and safe injection practices					
VI	MUSCULOSKELETAL					
52	Preparation of patient with Myelogram/CT/MRI					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DAT	E	Signature of the Tutor/
	Competencies	independental	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
53	Assisting with application & removal of POP/Cast					
54	Preparation, assisting and after care of patient with Skin traction/skeletal traction					
55	Care of orthotics					
56	Muscle strengthening exercises					
57	Crutch walking					
58	Rehabilitation					
VII	OR		L	<u>l</u>		
59	Position and draping					
60	Preparation of operation table					
61	Set up of trolley with instrument					
62	Assisting in major and minor operation					
63	Disinfection and sterilization of equipment					
64	Scrubbing procedures – Gowning, masking and gloving					
65	Intra operative monitoring					
		IV SE	MESTER	1		
I	ENT					
1	History taking and examination of ear, nose & throat					
2	Application of bandages to Ear & Nose					
3	Tracheostomy care					
	Preparation of patient, assisting a	nd monitoring of	patients under	going diagnostic p	rocedures	<u> </u>
4	Auditory screening tests					
5	Audiometric tests					
6	Preparing and assisting in special procedures like Anterior/posterior nasal packing, Ear Packing and Syringing					
7	Preparation and after care of patients undergoing ENT surgical procedures					
8	Instillation of ear/nasal					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI	E	Signature of the Tutor/
	Competencies	independently	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
	medication					
II	EYE					
9	History taking and					
	examination of eyes and interpretation					
	Assisting procedures					
10	Visual acuity					
11	Fundoscopy, retinoscopy, ophthalmoscopy, tonometry					
12	Refraction tests					
13	Pre and postoperative care of patient undergoing eye surgery					
14	Instillation of eye drops/medication					
15	Eye irrigation					
16	Application of eye bandage					
17	Assisting with foreign body removal					
III	NEPHROLOGY & UROLOGY					
18	Assessment of kidney and urinary system					
	History taking and physical examination					
	Testicular self-examination					
	Digital rectal exam					
	Preparation and assisting with did	ignostic and there	apeutic procedi	ires		
19	Cystoscopy, Cystometrogram					
20	Contrast studies – IVP					
21	Peritoneal dialysis					
22	Hemodialysis					
23	Lithotripsy					
24	Renal/Prostate Biopsy					
25	Specific tests – Semen analysis, gonorrhea test					
26	Catheterization care					
27	Bladder irrigation					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI	E	Signature of the Tutor/
	Competences	mucpenuenay	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
28	Intake and output recording and monitoring					
29	Ambulation and exercise					
IV	BURNS & RECONSTRUCTIVI	E SURGERY	I			
30	Assessment of burns wound – area/degree/percentage of wound using appropriate scales					
31	First aid of burns					
32	Fluid & electrolyte replacement therapy					
33	Skin care					
34	Care of Burn wounds o Bathing o Dressing					
35	Pre-operative and post-operative care of patient with burns					
36	Caring of skin graft and post cosmetic surgery					
37	Rehabilitation					
V	NEUROLOGY					
38	History taking, neurological Examination – Use of Glasgow coma scale					
39	Continuous monitoring the patients					
40	Preparation and assisting for various invasive and non- invasive diagnostic procedures					
41	Care of patient undergoing neurosurgery including rehabilitation					
VI	IMMUNOLOGY					
42	History taking and Physical examination					
43	Immunological status assessment and interpretation of specific test (e.g. HIV)					
44	Care of patient with low immunity					
VII	ONCOLOGY	•				

	Competencies/Skills	independently	Observes	~	DATE		
			Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Tutor/ Faculty	
	History taking & physical examination of cancer patients						
46	Screening for common cancers – TNM classification						
1	Preparation, assisting and after ca	re patients unde	rgoing diagnos	tic procedures			
47 1	Biopsies/FNAC						
48	Bone-marrow aspiration						
1	Preparation of patients and assisti	ng with various n	nodalities of tre	eatment			
49	Chemotherapy						
50 I	Radiotherapy						
	Hormonal therapy/ Immunotherapy						
52	Gene therapy/any other						
	Care of patients treated with nuclear medicine						
54 I	Rehabilitation						
VIII	EMERGENCY						
55 I	Practicing _triage'						
	Primary and secondary survey in emergency						
t	Examination, investigations & their interpretations, in emergency & disaster situations						
	Emergency care of medical and traumatic injury patients						
1	Documentation, and assisting in legal procedures in emergency unit						
60	Managing crowd						
i	Counseling the patient and family in dealing with grieving & bereavement						
IX	CRITICAL CARE						
	Assessment of critically ill patients						
63	Assisting with arterial puncture						
	Assisting with ET tube intubation & extubation						

ABG analysis and interpretation respiratory acidosis, respiratory acidosis, respiratory acidosis, respiratory acidosis, metabolic acidosis, metabo	S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI	E	Signature of the Tutor/
respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic alkalosis 66 Setting up of ventilator modes and settings and care of patient on ventilator 67 Setting up of trolley with instruments 68 Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system 69 Bag and mask ventilation 70 Assisting with starting and maintenance of Instruments 71 Setting up of infusion pump, and defibrillator defibrillator 72 Administration of drugs via infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal, epidural 73 Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker 74 ICU care bundle 75 Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric 76 History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER - CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment — Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 1 Infant 3 Toddler		Competences	independently	Procedures	Lab/Simulation		
and settings and care of patient on ventilator 67 Setting up of trolley with instruments 68 Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system 69 Bag and mask ventilation 70 Assisting with starting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive 71 Setting up of infusion pump, and defibrillator 72 Administration of drugs via infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal, epidural 73 Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker 74 ICU care bundle 75 Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric 76 History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER - CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment — Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	65	 respiratory acidosis, respiratory alkalosis, metabolic acidosis, 					
instruments Monitoring and maintenance of Chest drainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting with starting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive Setting up of infusion pump, and defibrillator Administration of drugs via infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal, epidural Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient Geriatric counseling Comprehensive Health assessment dault) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment — Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of I Neonate Infant Toddler Preschooler	66	and settings and care of patient					
Chest drainage system Bag and mask ventilation Assisting with starting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive Setting up of infusion pump, and defibrillator Administration of drugs via infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal, epidural Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker ICU care bundle Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient Geriatric patient Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER - CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment – Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of Infant Toddler Preschooler	67						
Assisting with starting and maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive Setting up of infusion pump, and defibrillator Administration of drugs via infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal, epidural Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient Geriatric counseling Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER - CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment — Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of I Neonate Infant Toddler	68						
maintenance of Central and peripheral lines invasive 71 Setting up of infusion pump, and defibrillator 72 Administration of drugs via infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal, epidural 73 Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker 74 ICU care bundle 75 Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric 76 History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER - CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment — Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	69	Bag and mask ventilation					
defibrillator 72 Administration of drugs via infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal, epidural 73 Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker 74 ICU care bundle 75 Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric 76 History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment – Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	70	maintenance of Central and					
infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal, epidural 73 Monitoring and maintenance of pacemaker 74 ICU care bundle 75 Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric 76 History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment – Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	71						
pacemaker 74 ICU care bundle 75 Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric 76 History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment – Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	72	infusion, intracardiac, intrathecal,					
75 Management of the dying patient in the ICU X Geriatric 76 History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment — Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	73						
in the ICU X Geriatric 76 History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment – Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	74	ICU care bundle					
76 History taking and Assessment of Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment – Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	75						
Geriatric patient 77 Geriatric counseling 78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment – Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	X	Geriatric					
78 Comprehensive Health assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER - CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment - Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	76						
assessment (adult) after module completion V & VI SEMESTER - CHILD HEALTH NURSING I & II I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment - Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of Neonate Infant Toddler Preschooler	77	Geriatric counseling					
I PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SURGICAL Health assessment – Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of Neonate Infant Toddler Preschooler	78	assessment (adult) after module					
Health assessment – Taking history & Physical examination and nutritional assessment of 1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler		V & VI SEN	MESTER – CHI	LD HEALTH	NURSING I & I	I	
1 Neonate 2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	I	PEDIATRIC MEDICAL & SUF	RGICAL				
2 Infant 3 Toddler 4 Preschooler		Health assessment – Taking histor	y & Physical exa	mination and n	utritional assessm	ent of	
3 Toddler 4 Preschooler	1	Neonate					
4 Preschooler	2	Infant					
	3	Toddler					
5 Schooler	4	Preschooler					
	5	Schooler					

S.No.	Specific Procedural	Performs	Assists/	DAT	E	Signature of the Tutor/
	Competencies/Skills	independently	Observes Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
6	Adolescent					
	Administration of medication/fluid	ls – Calculation, _I	preparation and	d administration o	of medication	
7	Oral					
8	I/M					
9	I/V					
10	Intradermal					
11	Subcutaneous					
12	Calculation of fluid requirements					
13	Preparation of different strengths of I/V fluids					
14	Administration of IV fluids					
15	Application of restraints					
	Administration of O_2 inhalation by	different method	ls			l
16	Nasal Catheter/Nasal Prong					
17	Mask					
18	Oxygen hood					
19	Baby bath/sponge bath					
20	Feeding children by Katori & spoon/paladai, cup					
	Collection of specimens for comm	on investigations				
21	Urine					
22	Stool					
23	Blood					
24	Assisting with common diagnostic procedures					
	(Lumbar puncture, bone marrow aspiration)					
	Health education to mothers/parer	nts – Topics				
25	Prevention and management of Malnutrition					
26	Prevention and management of diarrhea (Oral rehydration therapy)					
27	Feeding & Complementary feeding					

Procedures A/O Lab/Simulation Clinical Area Faculty	S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DAT		Signature of the Tutor/
29 Play therapy 30 Conduct individual and group play therapy sessions 31 Prevention of accidents 32 Bowel wash 33 Administration of suppositories		·				Clinical Area	Faculty
Conduct individual and group play therapy sessions 31 Prevention of accidents 32 Bowel wash 33 Administration of suppositories Care for ostomies: 34 Colostomy Irrigation 35 Ureterostomy 36 Gastrostomy 37 Enterostomy 38 Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding 39 Naso-gastric 40 Gastrostomy 41 Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds 42 Dressing 43 Suture removal II PEDIATRIC OPD/IMMUNIZATION ROOM Growth and Developmental assessment of children 44 Infant 45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	28	Immunization schedule					
Prevention of accidents	29	Play therapy					
32 Bowel wash 33 Administration of suppositories Care for ostomies: 34 Colostomy Irrigation 35 Ureterostomy 36 Gastrostomy 37 Enterostomy 38 Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding 39 Naso-gastric 40 Gastrostomy 41 Jejunostomy 42 Dressing 43 Suture removal 11 PEDIATRIC OPD/IMMUNIZATION ROOM Growth and Developmental assessment of children 44 Infant 45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	30						
33 Administration of suppositories	31	Prevention of accidents					
Care for ostomies: 34 Colostomy Irrigation 35 Ureterostomy 36 Gastrostomy 37 Enterostomy 38 Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding 39 Naso-gastric 40 Gastrostomy 41 Jejunostomy 42 Dressing 43 Suture removal 43 Suture removal 44 Infant 45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	32	Bowel wash					
34 Colostomy Irrigation	33	Administration of suppositories					
35 Ureterostomy 36 Gastrostomy 37 Enterostomy 38 Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding 39 Naso-gastric 40 Gastrostomy 41 Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds 42 Dressing 43 Suture removal II PEDIATRIC OPD/IMMUNIZATION ROOM Growth and Developmental assessment of children 44 Infant 45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education		Care for ostomies:		l			l
36 Gastrostomy 37 Enterostomy 38 Urinary catheterization & drainage Feeding 39 Naso-gastric 40 Gastrostomy 41 Jejunostomy Care of surgical wounds 42 Dressing 43 Suture removal II PEDIATRIC OPD/IMMUNIZATION ROOM Growth and Developmental assessment of children 44 Infant 45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	34	Colostomy Irrigation					
37	35	Ureterostomy					
38 Urinary catheterization & drainage	36	Gastrostomy					
drainage	37	Enterostomy					
39 Naso-gastric	38						
40 Gastrostomy		Feeding					
41 Jejunostomy	39	Naso-gastric					
Care of surgical wounds	40	Gastrostomy					
42 Dressing 43 Suture removal II PEDIATRIC OPD/IMMUNIZATION ROOM Growth and Developmental assessment of children 44 Infant 45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	41	Jejunostomy					
43 Suture removal		Care of surgical wounds	I	<u> </u>			<u> </u>
II PEDIATRIC OPD/IMMUNIZATION ROOM Growth and Developmental assessment of children 44 Infant 45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	42	Dressing					
Growth and Developmental assessment of children 44 Infant 45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	43	Suture removal					
44 Infant 45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	II	PEDIATRIC OPD/IMMUNIZA	TION ROOM	l			l
45 Toddler 46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education		Growth and Developmental assess	sment of children				
46 Preschooler 47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	44	Infant					
47 Schooler 48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	45	Toddler					
48 Adolescent 49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	46	Preschooler					
49 Administration of vaccination 50 Health/Nutritional education	47	Schooler					
50 Health/Nutritional education	48	Adolescent					
	49	Administration of vaccination					
III NICCU/PICU	50	Health/Nutritional education					
	III	NICCU/PICU					
51 Assessment of newborn	51	Assessment of newborn					
52 Care of preterm/LBW newborn	52	Care of preterm/LBW newborn					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI	E	Signature of the Tutor/
	Competences	independently	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
53	Kangaroo care					
54	Neonatal resuscitation					
55	Assisting in neonatal diagnostic procedures					
56	Feeding of high risk newborn – EBM (spoon/paladai)					
57	Insertion/removal/feeding – Naso/oro-gastric tube					
58	Administration of medication – oral/parenteral					
59	Neonatal drug calculation					
60	Assisting in exchange transfusion					
61	Organizing different levels of neonatal care					
62	Care of a child on ventilator/					
	CPAP					
63	Endotracheal Suction					
64	Chest Physiotherapy					
65	Administration of fluids with infusion pumps					
66	Total Parenteral Nutrition					
67	Recording & reporting					
68	Cardiopulmonary Resuscitation – PLS					
	V & VI SEM	ESTER – MEN	TAL HEALTI	H NURSING I &	II	
	PSCHIATRY OPD					
1	History taking					
2	Mental status examination (MSE)					
3	Psychometric assessment (Observe/practice)					
4	Neurological examination					
5	Observing & assisting in therapies					
	Individual and group psycho educ	ation	I	1		1
6	Mental hygiene practice education					
7	Family psycho-education					
						1

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI		Signature of the Tutor/
			Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
	CHILD GUIDANCE CLINIC					
8	History Taking & mental status examination					
9	Psychometric assessment (Observe/practice)					
10	Observing and assisting in various therapies					
11	Parental teaching for child with mental deficiency					
	IN-PATIENT WARD					
12	History taking					
13	Mental status examination (MSE)					
14	Neurological examination					
15	Assisting in psychometric assessment					
16	Recording therapeutic communication					
17	Administration of medications					
18	Assisting in Electro-convulsive Therapy (ECT)					
19	Participation in all therapies					
20	Preparation of patients for Activities of Daily living (ADL)					
21	Conducting admission and discharge counseling					
22	Counseling and teaching patients and families					
	COMMUNITY PSYCHIATRY	& DEADDICTI	ON CENTRE			<u> </u>
23	Conducting home visit and case work					
24	Identification of individuals with mental health problems					
25	Assisting in organizations of Mental Health camp					
26	Conducting awareness meetings for mental health & mental illness					
27	Counseling and Teaching family members, patients and community					
28	Observation of deaddiction care					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI	E	Signature of the Tutor/
	Competencies/5kms	muependentiy	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
	V SEMES INCLUDING EN			TH NURSING I & EPIDEMIOL	OGY	
1	Interviewing skills (using communication and interpersonal skills)					
2	Conducting community needs assessment/survey					
3	Observation skills					
4	Nutritional assessment skills					
5	Teaching individuals and families on nutrition-food hygiene and safety, healthy lifestyle and health promotion					
6	BCC (Behaviour change communication) skills					
7	Health assessment including nutritional assessment-different age groups					
	Children under five					
	Adolescent					
	Woman					
8	Investigating an epidemic – Community health survey					
9	Performing lab tests – Hemoglobin, blood sugar, blood smear for malaria, etc.					
10	Screening, diagnosis and primary management of common health problems in the community and referral of high-risk clients (Communicable & NCD)					
11	Documentation skills					
12	Home visit					
13	Participation in national health programs					
14	Participation in school health programs					
	V SEMESTER – EDU	JCATIONAL T	ECHNOLOGY	Y/NURSING EDU	UCATION	
1	Writing learning outcomes					
2	Preparation of lesson plan					
3	Practice Teaching/ Microteaching					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DAT	E	Signature of the Tutor/
			Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
4	Preparation of teaching aids/ media					
	Preparation of assessment tools					
5	Construction of MCQ tests					
6	Preparation of observation checklist					
	VI SEMESTEI	R – NURSING M	IANAGEMEN	NT & LEADERS	HIP	
	Hospital and Nursing Service De	epartment				
1	Preparation of organogram					
	(hospital/nursing department)					
2	Calculation of staffing requirements for a nursing unit/ward					
3	Formulation of Job description of nursing officer (staff nurse)					
4	Preparation of Patient assignment plan					
5	Preparation of duty roster for staff/students at different levels					
6	Preparation of logbook/MMF for specific equipment/ materials					
7	Participation in Inventory control and daily record keeping					
8	Preparation and maintenance of records & reports such as incident reports/adverse reports/audit reports					
9	Participation in performance appraisal/evaluation of nursing staff					
10	Participate in conducting in- service education for the staff					
	College & Hostel			•		•
11	Preparation of organogram of college					
12	Formulation of job description for tutor					
13	Participation in performance appraisal of tutor					
14	Preparation of Master plan, time- table and clinical rotation					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills			Signature of the Tutor/		
	Competences/Skins	independently	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
15	Preparation of student anecdotes					
16	Participation in clinical evaluation of students					
17	Participation in planning and conducting practical examination OSCE – end of posting					
V	I & VII SEMESTER – MIDWIF	ERY/OBSTETI	RICS AND GY	NECOLOGY (C	DBG) NURS	ING I & II
I	ANTENATAL CARE					
	Health assessment of antenatal v	voman				
1	History Taking including obstetrical score, Calculation of EDD, gestational age					
2	Physical examination: head to foot					
3	Obstetrical examination including Leopards maneuvers & auscultation of Fetal heart sound (fetoscope/stethoscope/ Doppler)					
	Diagnostic tests					
4	Urine pregnancy test/card test					
5	Estimation of hemoglobin using Sahle's hemoglobinometer					
6	Advice/assist in HIV/HBsAg/ VDRL testing					
7	Preparation of peripheral smear for malaria					
8	Urine testing for albumin and sugar					
9	Preparation of mother for USG					
10	Kick chart/DFMC (Daily Fetal and Maternal Chart)					
11	Preparation and recording of CTG/NST					
12	Antenatal counseling for each trimester including birth preparedness and complication readiness					
13	Childbirth preparation classes for couples/family					
14	Administration of Td/TT					
15	Prescription of iron & folic acid and calcium tablets					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI	E	Signature of the
	Competences	independency	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
II	INTRANATAL CARE					
16	Identification and assessment of woman in labour					
17	Admission of woman in labour					
18	Performing/assisting CTG					
19	Vaginal examination during labour including Clinical pelvimetry					
20	Plotting and interpretation of partograph					
21	Preparation for birthing/delivery – physical and psychological					
22	Setting up of the birthing room/delivery unit and newborn corner/care area					
22						
23	Pain management during labour- non-pharmacological					
24	Supporting normal births/conduct normal childbirth in upright positions/evidence based					
25	Essential newborn care					
26	Basic newborn resuscitation					
27	Management of third stage of labour – Physiologic management/active management (AMTSL)					
28	Examination of placenta					
29	Care during fourth stage of labour					
30	Initiation of breast feeding and lactation management					
31	Infection prevention during labour and newborn care					
III	POSTNATAL CARE	•	•			•
32	Postnatal assessment and care					
33	Perineal/episiotomy care					
34	Breast care					
35	Postnatal counseling-diet, exercise & breast feeding					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI	E	Signature of the Tutor/
	Competences	independently	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
36	Preparation for discharge					
IV	NEWBORN CARE					
37	Assessment of newborn					
38	Weighing of newborn					
39	Administration of Vitamin K					
40	Neonatal immunization – Administration of BCG, Hepatitis B vaccine					
41	Identification of minor disorders of newborn and their management					
V	CARE OF WOMEN WITH AN	TENATAL, INT	RANATAL &	POSTNATAL (COMPLICA	TIONS
42	High risk assessment – identification of antenatal complications such as preeclampsia, anemia, GDM, Antepartum hemorrhage etc.					
43	Post abortion care & counseling					
44	Glucose challenge test/Glucose Tolerance test					
45	Identification of fetal distress and its management					
46	Administration of MgSo4					
47	Administration of antenatal corticosteroids for preterm labour					
48	Assisting with Medical induction of labour					
49	Assist in Surgical induction – stripping and artificial rupture of membranes					
50	Episiotomy (only if required) and repair					
51	Preparation for emergency/ elective caesarean section					
52	Assisting in caesarean section					
53	Preparation of mother and assist in vacuum delivery					
54	Identification and assisting in management of malpresentation and malposition during labour					
55	Preparation and assisting in low					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DAT	E	Signature of the Tutor/
	Competences	macpenaena	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
	forceps operation					
56	Preparation and assisting in emergency obstetric surgeries					
57	Prescription/administration of fluids and electrolytes through intravenous route					
	Assisting in procedures					
58	Assisting in Manual removal of the placenta					
59	Assisting in Bimanual compression of uterus/Balloon tamponade for atonic uterus					
60	Assisting in Aortic compression for PPH					
61	Identification and first aid management of PPH & obstetric shock					
62	Assisting in management of obstetric shock					
63	Identification and assisting in management of puerperal sepsis and administration of antibiotics					
64	Management of breast engorgement and infections					
65	Management of thrombophlebitis					
	HIGH RISK NEWBORN (Some	aspects of high r	risk newborn ca	re are included in	Child Health	Nursing)
66	Identification of high-risk newborn					
67	Care of neonate under radiant warmer					
68	Care of neonate on phototherapy					
69	Referral and transportation of high risk newborn					
70	Parental counselling – sick neonate and neonatal loss					
	FAMILY WELFARE					•
71	Postpartum Family planning counseling					
72	Postpartum family planning – Insertion and removal of PPIUCD/PAIUCD					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DAT	E	Signature of the Tutor/
			Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
73	Counselling of the woman for Postpartum sterilization					
74	Preparation and assisting in tubectomy					
	OTHER PROCEDURES					
75	Preparation and assisting for D&C/D&E operations					
76	Observation/Assisting in Manual Vacuum Aspiration					
77	Assessment of women with gynaecological disorders					
78	Assisting/performing Pap smear					
79	Performing Visual inspection of cervix with acetic acid					
80	Assisting/observation of cervical punch biopsy/ Cystoscopy/Cryosurgery					
81	Assisting in gynecological surgeries					
82	Postoperative care of woman with gynecological surgeries					
83	Counsel on Breast self- examination					
84	Counseling couples with infertility					
85	Completion of safe delivery app with certification					
	VII SEMES	STER – COMM	UNITY HEAL	TH NURSING I	I	
1	Screening, diagnosing, management and referral of clients with common conditions/emergencies					
2	Antenatal and postnatal care at home and health centre					
3	Conduction of normal childbirth & newborn care at health centre					
4	Tracking every pregnancy and filling up MCP card					
5	Maintenance of records/ registers/reports					
6	Adolescent counseling & participation in youth friendly					

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DAT	E	Signature of the
	Competences	macpenaenty	Procedures A/O	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty
	services					
7	Counseling for safe abortion services					
8	Family planning counseling					
9	Distribution of temporary contraceptives – condoms, OCP's, emergency contraceptives, Injectable MPA					
10	Insertion of interval IUCD					
11	Removal of IUCD					
12	Participation in conducting vasectomy/tubectomy camp					
13	Screening, diagnosis, primary management and referral of clients with occupational health problems					
14	Health assessment of elderly					
15	Mental Health screening					
16	Participation in community diagnosis – data management					
17	Writing health centre activity report					
18	Participation in organizing and conducting clinic/health camp					
19	Participation in disaster mock drills					
20	Co-ordinating with ASHAs and other community health workers					
	VII SEMES	TER – NURSIN	G RESEARCI	H & STATISTIC	S	
	Research Process Exercise					
1	Statement of the problem					
2	Formulation of Objectives & Hypotheses					
3	Literature review of research report/article					
4	Annotated bibliography					
5	Preparation of sample research tool					
	Analysis & Interpretation of data	– Descriptive stai	tistics	1		ı

S.No.	Specific Procedural Competencies/Skills	Performs independently	Assists/ Observes	DATI	E	Signature of the Tutor/		
		2 7	Procedures	Skill Lab/Simulation Lab	Clinical Area	Faculty		
6	Organization of data							
7	Tabulation of data							
8	Graphic representation of data							
9	Tabular presentation of data							
10	Research Project (Group/Individual) Title:							
	VIII SEMESTER (INTERNSHIP)							

Note: Maximum of 30% of all skills/procedures can be performed by students in skill lab/simulation lab for all clinical nursing Courses except Community Health Nursing and Mental Health Nursing in which the percentage allowed is only 10%

Students: Students are expected to perform the listed skills/competencies many times until they reach level 3 competency, after which the preceptor signs against each competency.

Preceptors/faculty: Must ensure that the signature is given for each competency only after they reach level 3.

- Level 3 competency denotes that the NP student is able to perform that competency without supervision
- Level 2 Competency denotes that the student is able to perform each competency with supervision
- Level 1 competency denotes that the student is not able to perform that competency/skill even with supervision

Signature of the Faculty Coordinator

Signature of the HOD/Principal

CLINICAL REQUIREMENTS

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty					
	I & II SEMESTER							
	NURSING FOUNDATION I & II							
1	History Taking – 2							
	1.							
	2.							
2	Physical Examination – 2							
	1.							
	2.							
3	Fall risk assessment – 2							

^{*} – When the student is found competent to perform the skill, it will be signed by the faculty/tutor.

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
	1.		
	2.		
4	Pressure Sore Assessment – 2		
	1.		
	2.		
5	Nursing Process – 2		
	1.		
	2.		
6	Completion of first aid module		
7	Completion of Health assessment module		
	III SEMESTER – ADULT HEALTH NU	RSING I	
	Medical		
1	Care Study – 1		
2	Health education – 1		
3	Clinical presentation/care note – 1		
	Surgical		
4	Care study – 1		
5	Health education – 1		
6	Clinical Presentation/Care note – 1		
	Cardiac		
7	Cardiac assessment – 1		
8	Drug presentation – 1		
0			
	Communicable		
9	Clinical presentation/Care note – 1		
	Musculoskeletal		
10	Clinical presentation/Care note – 1		
	OR		
11	Assist as circulatory nurse – 5		
	i.		
	ii.		
	iii.		
	iv.		
10	V		
12	Assist as scrub nurse in minor surgeries – 5		
	i. ii.		
	ii.		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty		
	iii.				
	iv.				
	v.				
13	Positioning & draping – 5				
	i.				
	ii. 				
	iii. iv.				
	v.				
14	Assist as scrub nurse in major surgeries – 5				
14	i.				
	ii.				
	iii.				
	iv.				
	v.				
15	Completion of BCLS module				
	IV SEMESTER – ADULT HEALTH NURSING II				
	ENT				
1	ENT assessment of an adult – 2				
	i.				
	ii.				
2	Observation and activity report of OPD				
3	Clinical presentation – 1				
4	Drug Book				
	EYE				
5	Eye assessment				
	i. Adult – 1				
	ii. Geriatric – 1				
6	Patient-teaching – 1				
7	Clinical Presentation— 1				
	NEPHROLOGY & UROLOGY				
8	Assessment of adult – 1				
	Assessment of Geriatric – 1				
9	Drug presentation – 1				
10	Care study/Clinical presentation – 1				
	BURNS AND RECONSTRUCTIVE SURGERY				

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
11	Burn wound assessment – 1		
12	Clinical presentation – 1		
13	Observation report of Burns unit		
14	Observe cosmetic/reconstructive procedures		
	NEUROLOGY		
15	Neuro-assessment –2		
	i		
	ii.		
16	Unconscious patient – 1		
17	Care study/case presentation – 1		
18	Drug presentation – 1		
	IMMUNOLOGY		
19	Assessment of immune status		
20	Teaching of isolation to patient and family care givers		
21	Nutritional management		
22	Care Note – 1		
	ONCOLOGY		
23	Observation report of cancer unit		
24	Assessment of each system cancer patients – 2		
25	Care study/clinical presentation – 1		
	Pre and post-operative care of patient with various modes of cancer treatment such as chemotherapy, radiation therapy, surgery, BMT, etc. –3(at least) i.		
	ii. 		
	ii.		
27	Teaching on BSE to family members		
	EMERGENCY		
28	Primary assessment of adult– 1		
29	Immediate care (IV access establishment, assisting in intubation, suction, etc.)		
30	Use of emergency trolley		
	CRITICAL CARE		
31	Assessment of critically ill		
	i. Adult		
	ii. Geriatric		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
32	Care note/Clinical presentation – 1		
	GERIATRIC		
33	Geriatric assessment – 1		
34	Care note/clinical presentation – 1		
35	Fall risk assessment 1		
36	Functional status assessment – 1		
37	Completion of Fundamentals of Prescribing module		
38	Completion of Palliative care module		
	V & VI SEMESTER – CHILD HEALTH NU	RSING I & II	I
	Pediatric medical		
1	Nursing care plan – 1		
2	Case presentation – 1		
3	Health talk – 1		
	Surgical		
4	Nursing care plan – 1		
5	Case study/presentation – 1		
	OPD/Immunization Room		
6	Growth and Developmental study:		
	i. Infant – 1		
	ii. Toddler – 1		
	iii. Preschooler – 1		
	NICCU/PICU		
7	Newborn assessment – 1		
8	Nursing Care Plan – 1		
9	Kangaroo mother care – 2		
10	Nursing care plan of high risk newborn – 1		
11	Completion of ENBC module		
12	Completion of FNBC module		
13	Completion of IMNCI module		
14	Completion of PLS module		
	V & VI SEMESTER – MENTAL HEALTH N	URSING I & II	
	Psychiatry OPD		
1	History taking and Mental status examination – 2		
	i.		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
	ii.		
2	Health education – 1		
3	Observation report of OPD		
	Child guidance clinic		
4	Case work – 1		
	Inpatient Ward		
5	Case study – 1		
6	Care plan – 2		
7	Clinical presentation1		
8	Process recording 2		
9	Maintain drug book		
	Community psychiatry & Deaddiction centre		
10	Case work – 1		
11	Observation report on field visits		
12	Visit to deaddiction centre		
1	INCLUDING ENVIRONMENTAL SCIENCE of Community needs assessment/survey (Rural/Urban) – 1	& EPIDEMIOLOGY	
2	Visits to – SC/HWC		
	- PHC		
	– CHC		
3	Observation of nutritional programs		
	Anganwadi		
4	Observation visits		
	i. Water purification site and Water quality tests		
	ii. Milk diary		
	iii. Slaughter-house		
	iv. Market		
	v. Sewage disposal site		
	vi. Rain water harvesting		
	vii. Slaughter-house		
5	Nutritional assessment – Adult 1		
6	Individual health teaching – Adult 1		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
7	Use of AV aids – flash cards/posters/flannel graphs/flip charts (Any Two)		
	i.		
	ii.		
8	Health assessment of		
0	i. Woman – 1		
	ii. Infant/under five child – 1		
	iii. Adolescent – 1		
	iv. Adult – 1		
9	Growth monitoring of children under five – 1		
10	Documentation		
	i. Individual records – 1		
	ii. Family records – 1		
11	Investigation of an epidemic – 1		
12	Screening and primary management of		
	i. Communicable diseases – 1		
	ii. NCD – 1		
13	Home visits – 2		
14	Participation in national health programs – 2		
15	Participation in school health program – 1		
	V SEMESTER – EDUCATIONAL TECHNOLOGY/N	URSING EDUCATION)N
1	Microteaching – 2		
	i. Theory – 1		
	ii. Practical/lab – 1		
2	Field Visit to nursing educational institution – regional/national organization		
	VI SEMESTER – NURSING MANAGEMENT &	& LEADERSHIP	
1	Field visit to Hospital – regional/national organization		
	VI & VII SEMESTER – MIDWIFERY/OBSTETRICS AND GYNE	COLOGY (OBG) NU	JRSING I & II
1	Antenatal assessment and care – 20		
2	Postnatal assessment and care – 15		
3	Assessment of labour using partograph – 10		
4	Per vaginal examination – 10		
5	Observing normal childbirths/deliveries— 10		
6	Assisting in conduction of normal childbirth – 10		<u> </u>
7	Conduction of normal deliveries – 10		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
8	Assisting in abnormal/instrumental deliveries – 5		
9	Performing placental examination – 5		
10	Episiotomy and suturing (only if indicated)– 3		
11	Assist/observe Insertion of PPIUCD-2		
12	Newborn assessment – 10		
13	Newborn resuscitation – 5		
15	Kangaroo mother care – 2		
	Nursing Care Plan/Clinical presentation with Drug Study		l
16	Antenatal care Normal (care plan) – 1 High risk (case study/Clinical presentation) – 1		
17	Intrapartum care High risk (Clinical presentation) – 1		
18	Postnatal care Normal (care plan) – 1 High risk (Clinical presentation) – 1		
19	Newborn care Normal (care plan) – 1		
20	Gynecological condition Care plan – 1		
21	Health talk – individual/group – 2		
22	Counseling mothers and family members		
23	Visit to • Peripheral health facility/Laqshya certified labour room • Infertility centre (Virtual/videos)		
24	Completion of SBA module		
25	Completion of safe delivery app		
	VII SEMESTER – COMMUNITY HEALTH	NURSING II	
1	Screening and primary management of of i. Minor ailments – 2 ii. Emergencies – 1 iii. Dental problems – 1 iv. Eye – 1 v. ENT – 1		
2	Primary management and care based on protocols approved by MOH&FW (Home/health centre)		

S.No.	Clinical Requirement	Date	Signature of the Faculty
3	Screening and primary management of i. High risk pregnancy ii. High risk neonate		
4	Assessment of i. Antenatal – 1 ii. Intrapartum – 1 iii. Postnatal – 1 iv. Newborn – 1		
5	Conduction of normal childbirth and documentation – 2		
6	Immediate newborn care and documentation – 1		
7	Family planning counseling – 1		
8	Group health education (Rural/urban) – 1		
9	Adolescent counseling- 1		
10	Family case study (Rural/urban) – 1		
11	Screening, diagnosis, primary management and referral of clients with occupational health problems – 2 i. ii.		
12	Health assessment (physical & nutritional) of elderly – 1		
13	Mental health screening survey – 1		
14	Group project – Community diagnosis (data management)		
15	Writing report on health centre activity – 1		
16	Participation in organizing and conducting under five/antenatal clinic/health camp -2 i. ii.		
17	Participation in disaster mock drills		
18	Field visits - Biomedical waste management site - AYUSH centre - Industry - Geriatric home		
19	Report on interaction with MPHW/HV/ASHA/AWWs (Any 2) 1. 2.		
	VII SEMESTER – NURSING RESEA	ARCH	
1	Research Project – Group/Individual Title:		

[भाग III—खण्ड ४] भारत का राजपत्र : असाधारण 451

CLINICAL EXPERIENCE DETAILS

Name of ICU	Clinical Condition	Number of days care given	Signature of Faculty/Preceptor

Signature of the Faculty Coordinator

Signature of the HOD/Principal

Dr. T. DILEEP KUMAR, President [ADVT.-III/4/Exty./140/2021-22]